

PetroPlot, a plotting and data management tool set for Microsoft Excel

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PetroPlot runs on both PC and Mac, with Excel 97 (Office 97) or higher.

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Comments & suggestions are welcome. ([contact us](#))

PetroPlot Tutorial

(The development of the PetroPlot tutorial package is inspired by Professor [Dennis Geist](#), professor Bill White, and Professor David Christie)

- [PetroPlot files](#) (Explains PetroPlot files and their functionality)
- [PetroPlot startup](#) (How to install PetroPlot and how to get the menu bar)
- [The "Muiti-XY Plots" function](#)
- [The "ChangeXY" function](#)
- [The "Add Data Label \(XY Chart\)" function](#)
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- [The "Clear Values" function](#)
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PetroPlot FAQ

Excel questions

- Q: How to move a chart from embeded object inside a worksheet into a sepearate chart sheet?
A: Click Excel menu: Chart --> Location
- Q: Most people, including myself, would like multiple panels in a single figure when preparing publications. Can you make XY plots with fixed PLOT area (vs. fixed CHART area)?
A: We have tried a variety of ways, but couldn't get a fixed Plot area. We'll continue to investigate the possibility. If you know any infomation about it, please [contact us](#).
- Q: When making log scale XY plots, the default minimum and maximum values on axes are fixed to 10's and 10th – i.e., 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000 etc. ? Is it possible that maximum and minimum on an axis can be of any values, say, 0.2, 0.6, 20, 40, 200 etc?
A: We couldn't get flexible scales on a real log scale axis.
However, we manage to label a linear-axis using log scale. Please try our ["Label Log Scale"](#) function

PetroPlot Specifics

- Q: I made an XY chart, why did PetroPlot tell me it's not an XY Scatter?
A: Mostly likely you added some lines to connect the points. [Read more...](#)
- Q: PetroPlot used to have "Remove Data Label" function, why is that gone? How do I remove labels?
A: To remove labels for a series in a chart, simply select the labels, and hit the "Delete" button on you keyboard.
Since it's an easy operation, we deleted the "Remove Data Label" function.
- Q: I have always found it useful to leave the first 2 lines of each spreadsheet for titles and information about the contents. I encourage the authors to consider a modification to this effect.
A: Though the examples we provided put header on the first line, and data start from the second line, PetroPlot doesn't reserve the second line for data. You can certainly put more info lines on the top of a worksheet. PetroPlot does reserve the **first line** to be column header

Q: Even more useful would be giving the user the option of specifying which line contains the column headings.
A: We consider this as a good suggestion, and will implement it in the next generation of

PetroPlot software.

- Q: The biggest change that I would like to see concerns the “Change XY” routine. At present, this routine works for only one plot at a time. It would be really useful to combine the rapid multi-plot functionality of “Multi XY Plots” with the ability to use a template to specify the symbols used.
A: Excellent idea. We'll consider it for PetroPlot2.0.

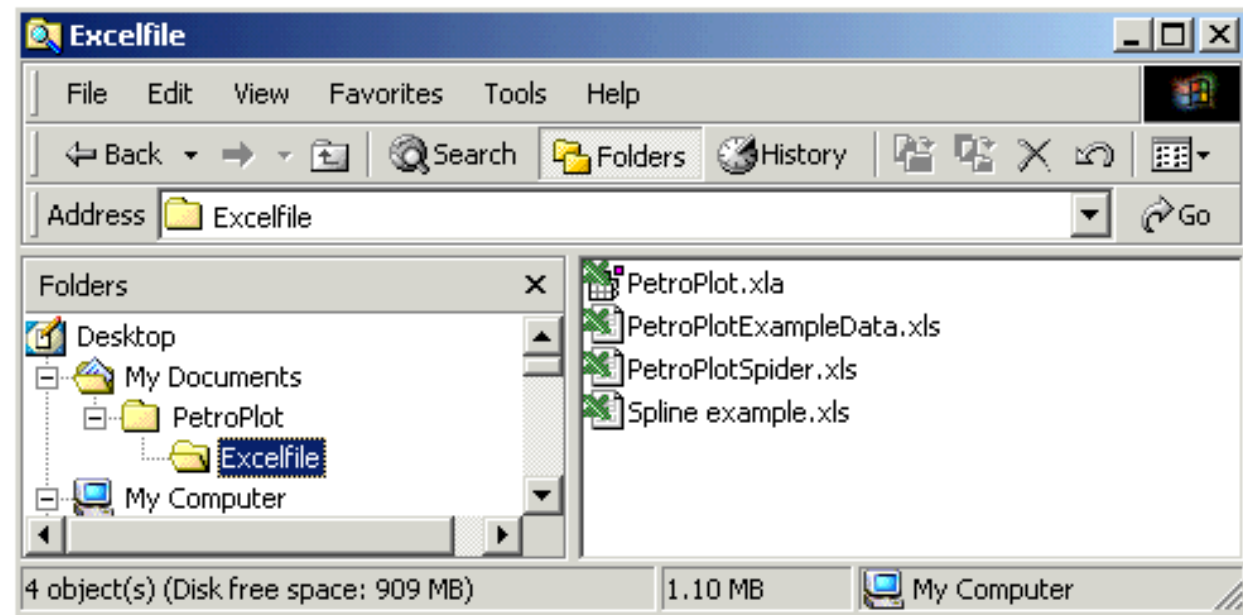
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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot tutorial homepage**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Directories and files

The folder **Excelfile** contains four files: [PetroPlot.xla](#), [PetroPlotSpider.xls](#), [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#), [spline example.xls](#).



PetroPlot.xla

As the core Excel add-in library file, "PetroPlot.xla" is required for all PetroPlot functions. Similar to other Excel add-in libraries, this file runs in the background in Excel. The source codes can be viewed in Visual Basic Editor. ([How?](#))

PetroPlotSpider.xls (Note: the name of this file should not be modified.)

This file contains normalization standard values for spider diagrams. Required for the PetroPlot Spider Diagram function.

It is provided with three worksheets: REE, AllTrace and MyValues.

The REE and AllTrace worksheets contain chondrite, primitive mantle and average MORB values from Sun & McDonough (1989) and McDonough & Sun (1995).

| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotSpider.xls | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------|-------|--------|----|----------|----|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help | | | | | | | |
| C7 = 5.04 | | | | | | | |
| | A | B | C | Z | AA | AB | AC |
| 1 | Normalization standard | Cs | Rb | Lu | -1 | K2O | K |
| 2 | Cl chondrite (McDonough & Sun 95) | 0.19 | 2.3 | 0.0246 | | 0.066253 | |
| 3 | Pyrolite (McDonough & Sun 95) | 0.021 | 0.6 | 0.0675 | | 0.02891 | |
| 4 | Cl chondrite (Sun & McDonough 89) | 0.188 | 2.32 | 0.0254 | | 0.065651 | |
| 5 | P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89) | 0.0079 | 0.635 | 0.074 | | 0.030115 | |
| 6 | NMORB (Sun & McDonough 89) | 0.007 | 0.56 | 0.455 | | 0.072276 | |
| 7 | EMORB (Sun & McDonough 89) | 0.063 | 5.04 | 0.354 | | 0.252966 | 2 |
| 8 | -1 | | | | | | |
| 9 | [1] Mcdonough, W.F. & Sun, S.-S., 1995, The composition | | | | | | |
| 10 | [2] Sun, S.-S. & McDonough, W.F., 1989. Chemical and is | | | | | | |
| 11 | Footnote for P mantle (Sun & McDor In Table1, Sun & Mc | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | |
| Ready | | | | | | | |

The MyValues worksheet is a demo showing how a customized worksheet could be added to the PetroPlotSpider.xls file.

The screenshot shows an Excel window titled "Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotSpider.xls". The menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Insert, Format, Tools, Data, Window, and Help. The toolbar contains various icons for file operations and calculations. The active cell is A1, which contains the text "Normalization standard". The formula bar shows "= Normalization standard". The spreadsheet has columns labeled A through G and rows numbered 1 through 13. The data is as follows:

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
|----|------------------------|----|----|---|----|------------------|---|
| 1 | Normalization standard | Li | Be | B | -1 | My explanation B | |
| 2 | My Standard 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| 3 | My Standard 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | | | |
| 4 | -1 | | | | | | |
| 5 | My explanation A | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | |

The status bar at the bottom shows "Ready" and "NUM". The worksheet tabs at the bottom are labeled "REE", "AllTrace", and "MyValues".

All worksheets in *PetroPlotSpider.xls* obey 3 rules :

- (1) Each row represents a normalization standard; each column contains values for one element.
- (2) Standard names must be in Column A, and element names must be in Row 1.
- (3) "-1" is required as termination value in both Column A and Row 1. Extra information beyond the "-1" signs will not be used for spider diagram plotting.

Users may add an arbitrary number of worksheets. Inside each worksheet (including the provided AllTrace and REE), arbitrary numbers of standards or elements can also be added. The order of elements can be changed, and the data values can be modified. In another words, the spider diagram normalization values can be fully customized.

PetroPlotExampleData.xls

An Excel file with petrology data for the demonstration purpose ONLY.

Data source is Niu and Batiza (1997).

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|----|-------------|------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | material | latitude | longitude | elevation | SiO2 |
| 2 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-014 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.18 |
| 3 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-017 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.87 |
| 4 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-001 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 49.12 |
| 5 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-003 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.27 |
| 6 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-004 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.72 |
| 7 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-004-007 | glass | 5.6 | -103.018 | -2320 | 50.65 |
| 8 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-007-013 | glass | 8.145 | -103.178 | -2087 | 50.45 |
| 9 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-008-008 | glass | 8.353 | -103.023 | -3800 | 50.81 |
| 10 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-009-001 | glass | 8.392 | -103.525 | -3100 | 50.01 |
| 11 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-010-003 | glass | 8.348 | -104.105 | -2731 | 50.29 |
| 12 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-012-001 | glass | 8.363 | -105.638 | -2865 | 48.34 |
| 13 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-001 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 |
| 14 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-002 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 |
| 15 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-015-001 | glass | 8.768 | -104.528 | -1682 | 48.97 |

The format of an ordinary file should follow the format of this example file.

For instance, in a data sheet, each row represents a sample/analysis; each column represents a category (location, element, element ratio, etc) and the first row is always reserved for headers (i.e. element names etc).

However, unlike the PetroPlotSpider.xls, it is not required to put sample names in Column A. Data can begin on any row below row 1.

spline example.xls

An Excel file for the demonstration of the spline functions.

| Microsoft Excel - Spline example.xls | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-------|---|---|---|------------------------|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help | | | | | | |
| A1 = x (sorted ascending) | | | | | | |
| | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| 1 | x (sorted ascending) | y | Spline (table of first derivative values) | | | |
| 2 | latitude | depth | | | | x values to interpolat |
| 3 | 33.17 | 2710 | 0 | | | |
| 4 | 33.256 | 2294 | 3277.50744 | | | |
| 5 | 33.34118333 | 2097 | 164647.146 | | | |
| 6 | 33.342 | 2099 | -35102.0651 | | | |
| 7 | 33.47596667 | 2497 | 93003.2618 | | | |
| 8 | 33.61078333 | 4377 | 152435.93 | | | |
| 9 | 33.65 | 3907 | -5639786.78 | | | |
| 10 | 33.72 | 3028 | 17464353.5 | | | |
| 11 | 33.7225 | 3860 | -26161327.8 | | | |
| 12 | 33.76536667 | 3562 | 6800922.14 | | | |
| 13 | 33.81433333 | 3388 | -2190544.77 | | | |
| 14 | 33.84 | 3356 | 303776.687 | | | |
| 15 | 33.88433333 | 3167 | -99319.8887 | | | |
| 16 | 33.91033333 | 3070 | 142226.79 | | | |
| 17 | 33.9435 | 3043 | 98060.5102 | | | |
| 18 | 33.97333333 | 3073 | -206308.53 | | | |
| 19 | 34.02516667 | 3050 | 425897.538 | | | |
| 20 | 34.06716667 | 3397 | -404745.345 | | | |
| 21 | 34.16506667 | 3084 | 271764.89 | | | |
| 22 | 34.21283333 | 3197 | -129227.436 | | | |
| 23 | 34.27 | 3168 | -54201.2008 | | | |
| 24 | 34.35 | 2998 | 156880.371 | | | |
| 25 | 34.37666667 | 2954 | -985564.362 | | | |
| 26 | 34.385 | 2855 | 411123.453 | | | |
| 27 | 34.44833333 | 2795 | 234965.224 | | | |
| 28 | 34.45166667 | 2822 | 824694.42 | | | |
| Sheet1 Sheet2 Sheet3 | | | | | | |
| Ready | | | | | | |

Paul Asimow:

Spline is an array function (so you select entire range, type function, then command+ Return for Mac; Ctrl+Shift+Enter for PC)

Arguments are:

XX, array of x values, must all be distinct and sorted (either ascending or descending)

YY, array of y values

n, length of arrays XX and YY

Return array: table of estimates of first derivative at each XX value; note functions presently assumes "natural" spline with 0 first

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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Directories and files**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Installation

System Requirements

Any system that runs Microsoft Excel 97 (Office 97) or higher.

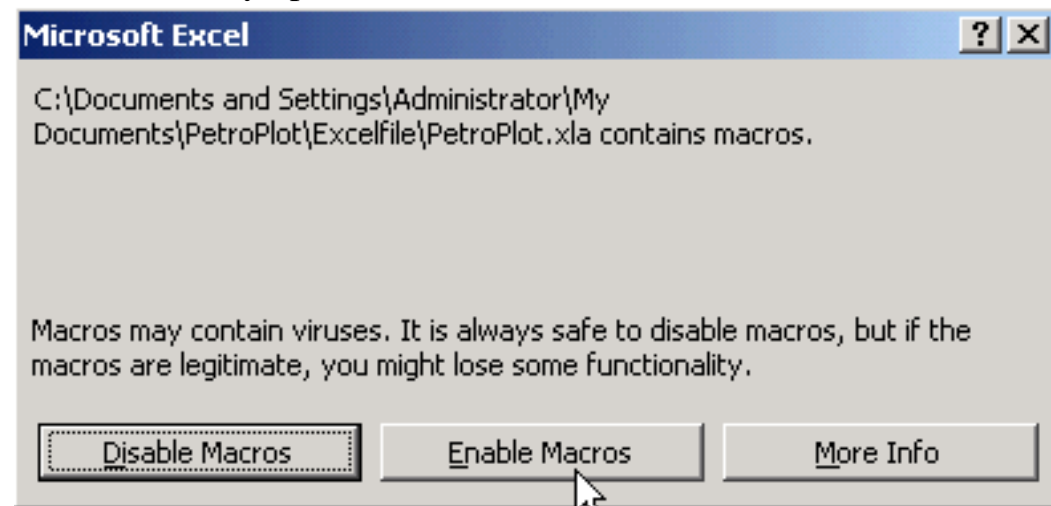
Open PetroPlot library:

There are two ways to open the PetroPlot.xla library:

- 1) Manually open the file;
- 2) Install it once, then it will automatically open each time Excel starts.

1) *Manually open*

You can directly open the "PetroPlot.xla" in Excel, and remember to "Enable Macros".

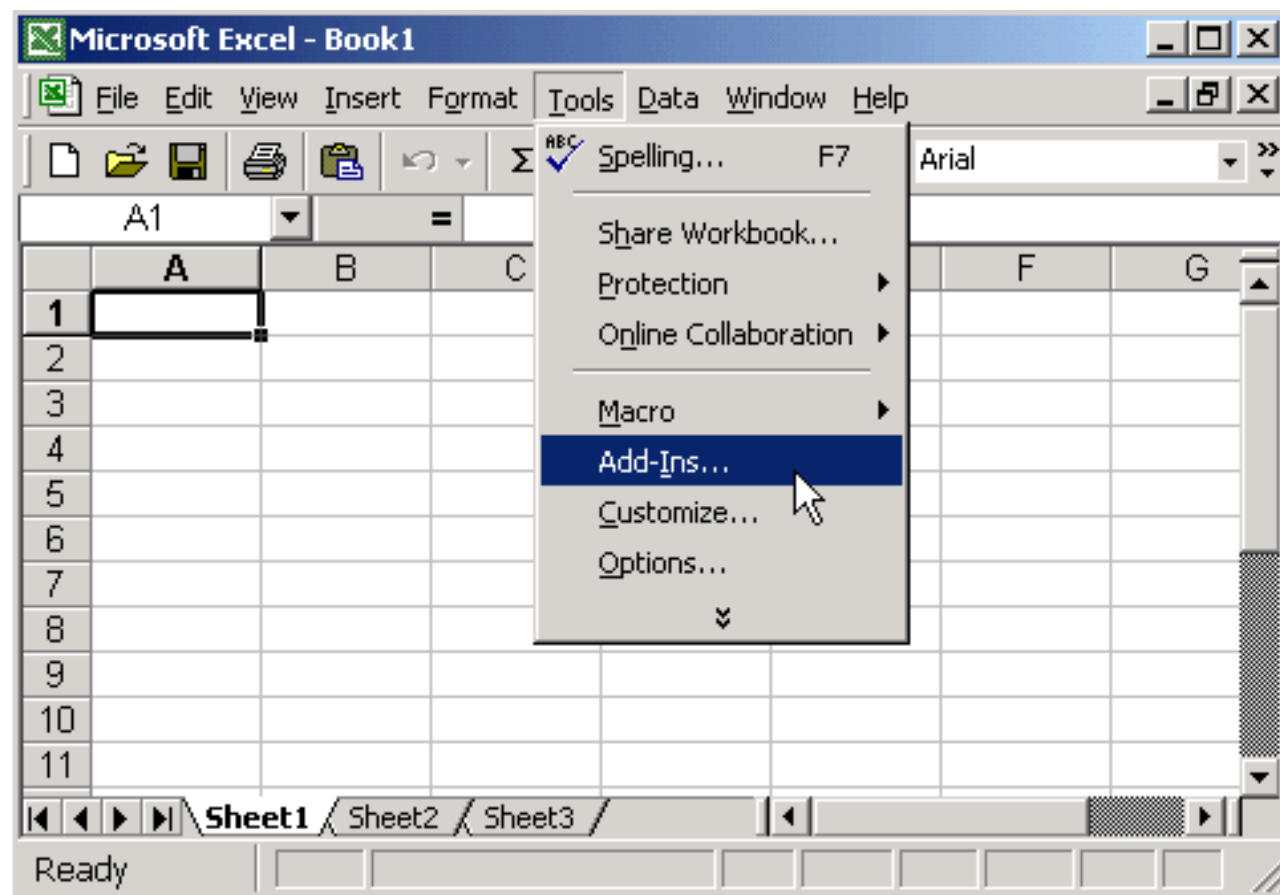


2) *Install "Add-ins"*

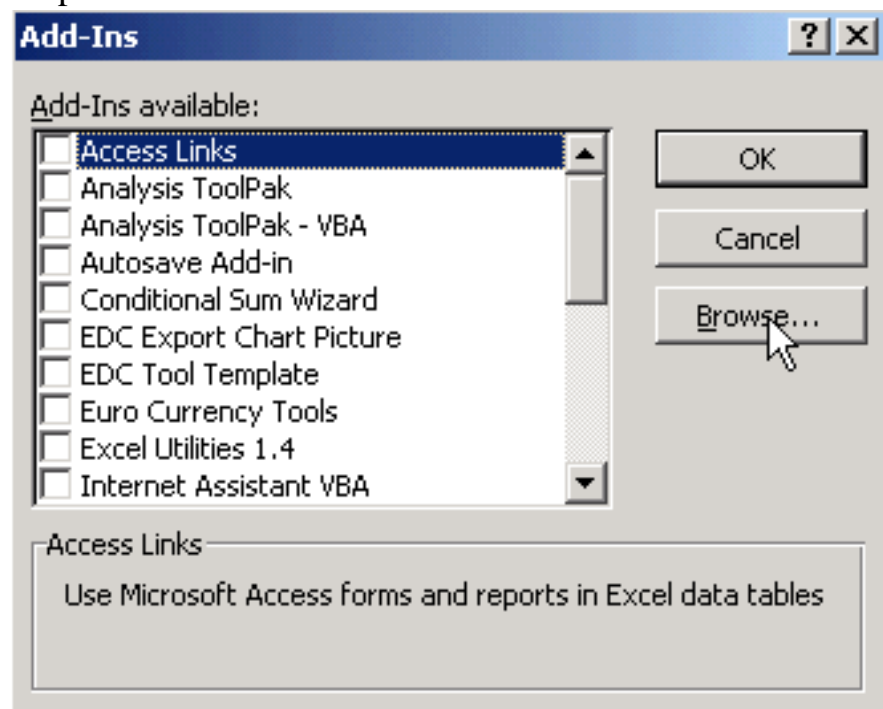
To avoid manually opening this file each time you want to use it, you can install it through "Add-ins"

(Known problem for Mac: On some old MAC OS, the installation of PetroPlot Add-In may cause Excel to take a long time to start. If that happens, it is suggested you manually open the PetroPlot.xla instead of installing the Add-In.)

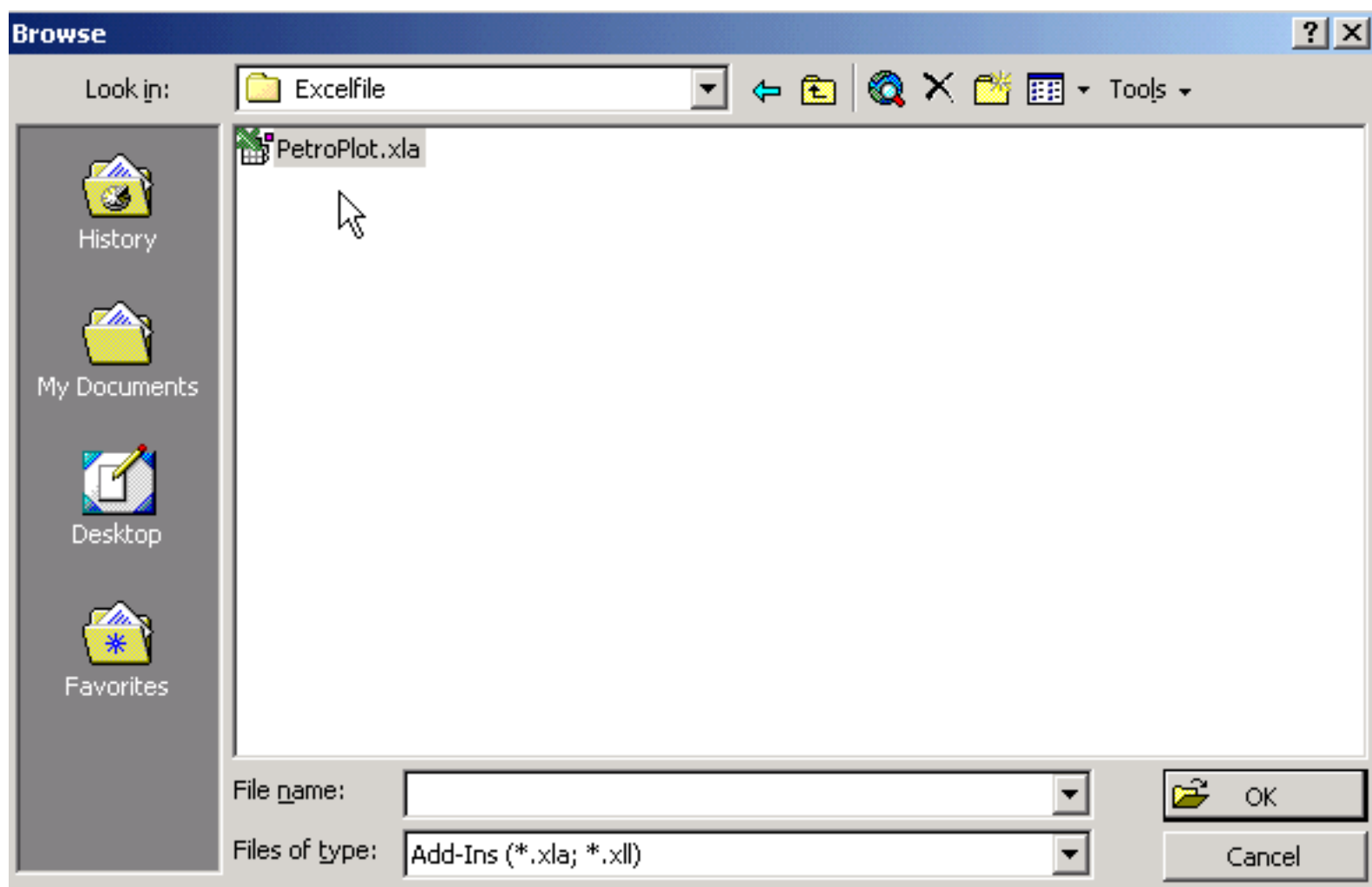
Step 1. In Microsoft Excel, open "Tools" menu bar, click "Add-Ins" button



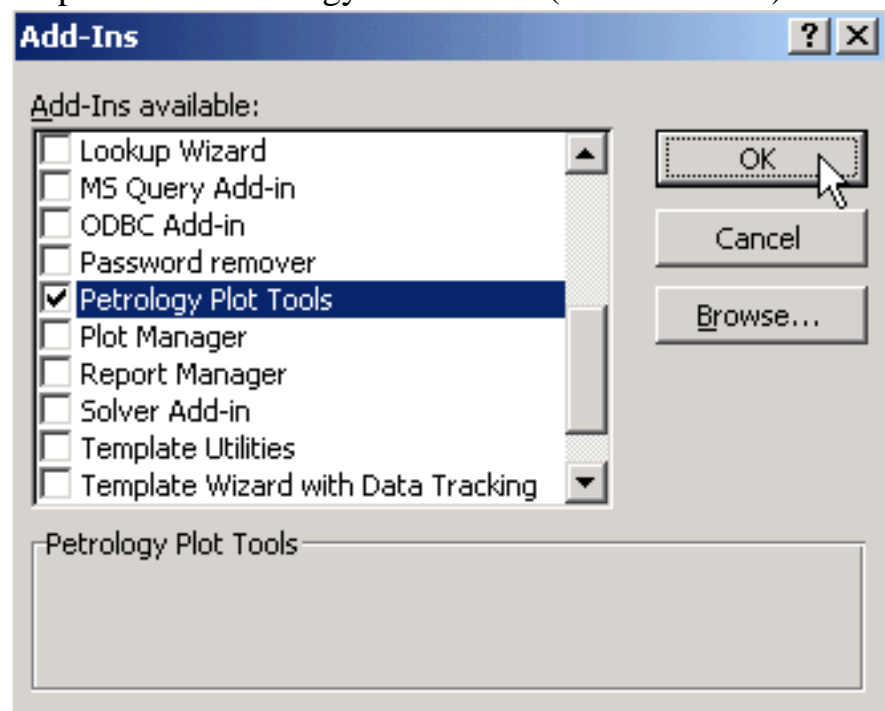
Step 2. click the “Browse” button to locate the PetroPlot.xla file.



Select the PetroPlot.xla



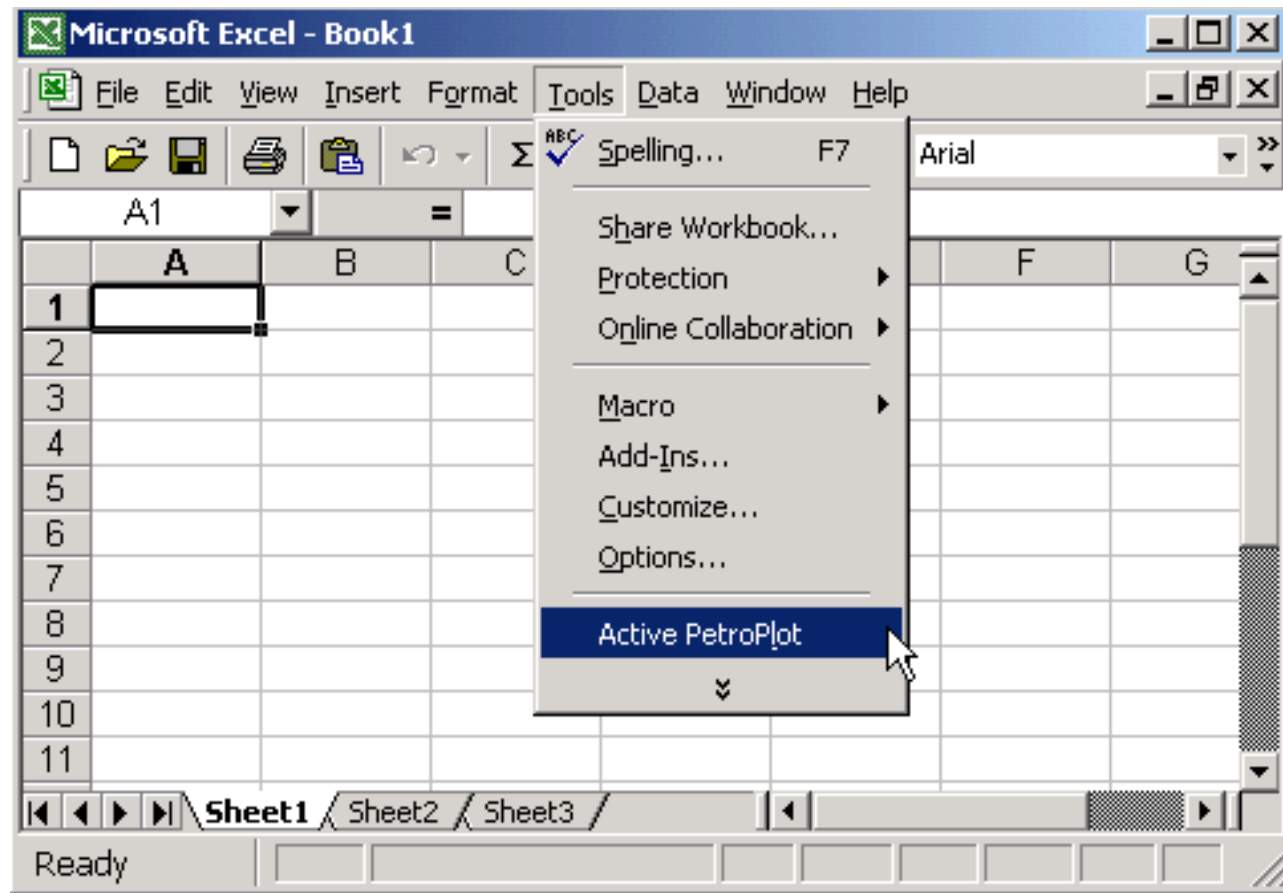
Step 3. Find "Petrology Plot Tools" (or "PetroPlot") and select it. Click the "OK" button.



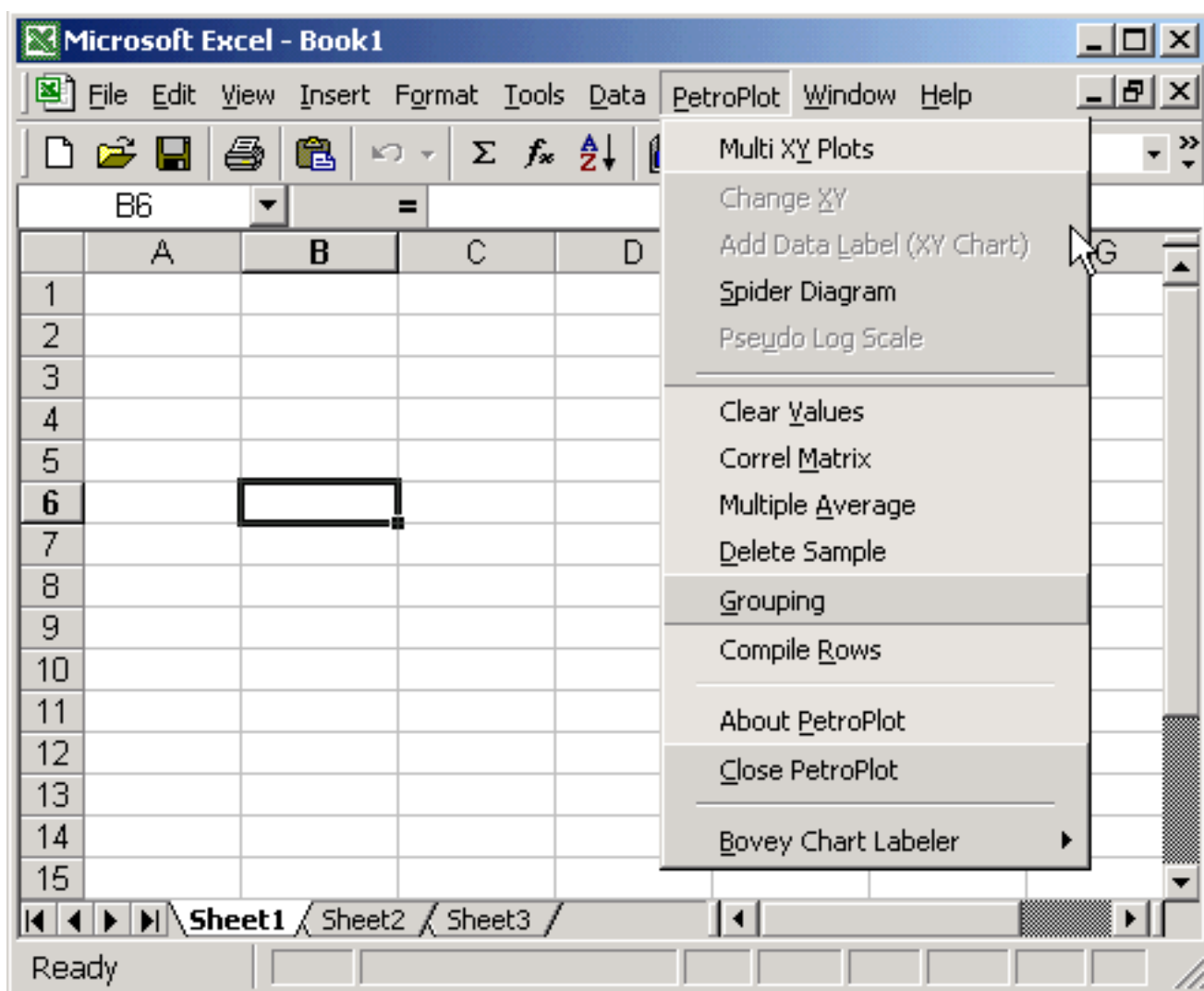
Active PetroPlot library:

Now under "Tools" menu bar, there should be a button called "Active PetroPlot"

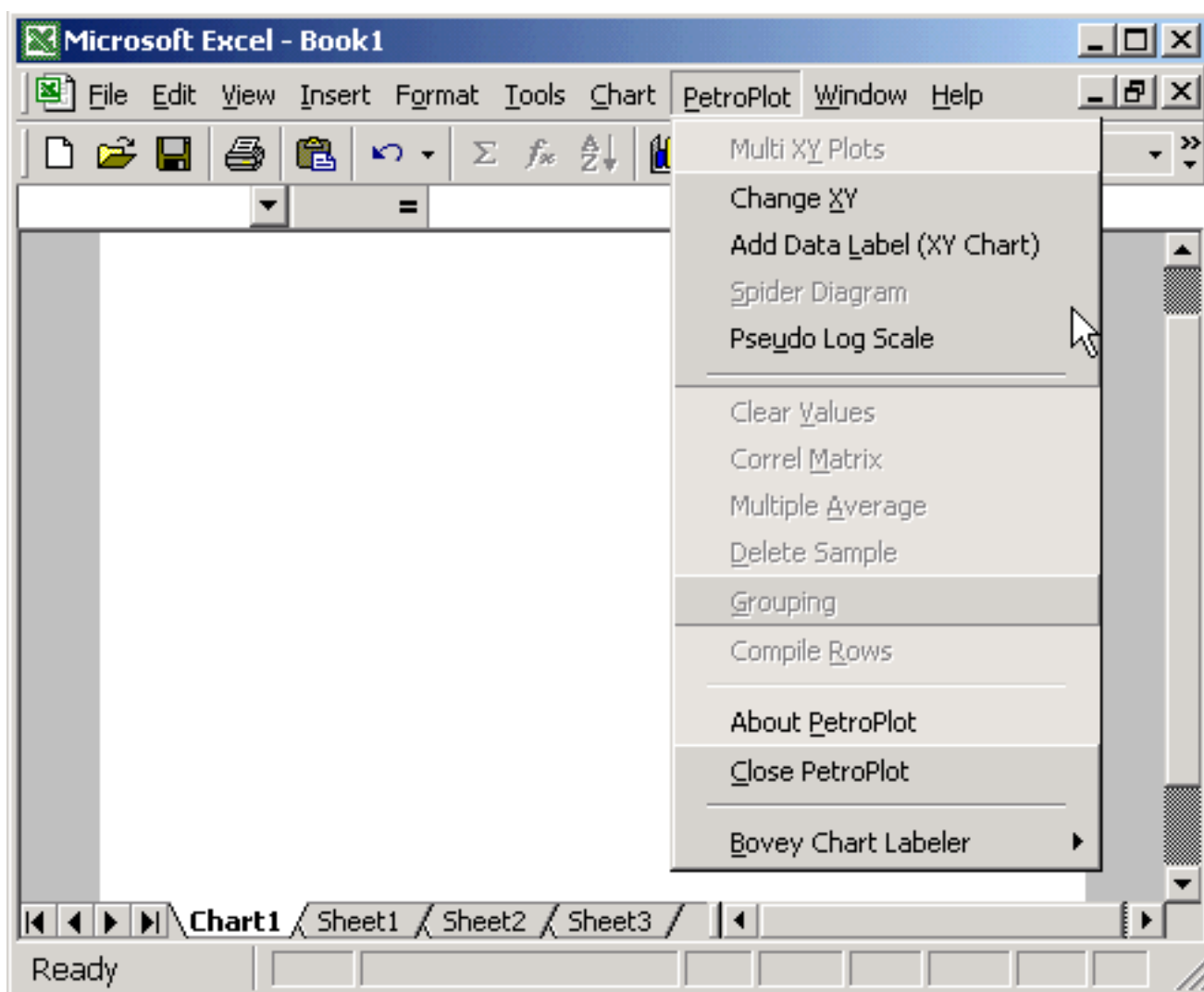
Click “Active PetroPlot” to activate “PetroPlot” Menu bar.



Here is an example of PetroPlot menus in sheet mode

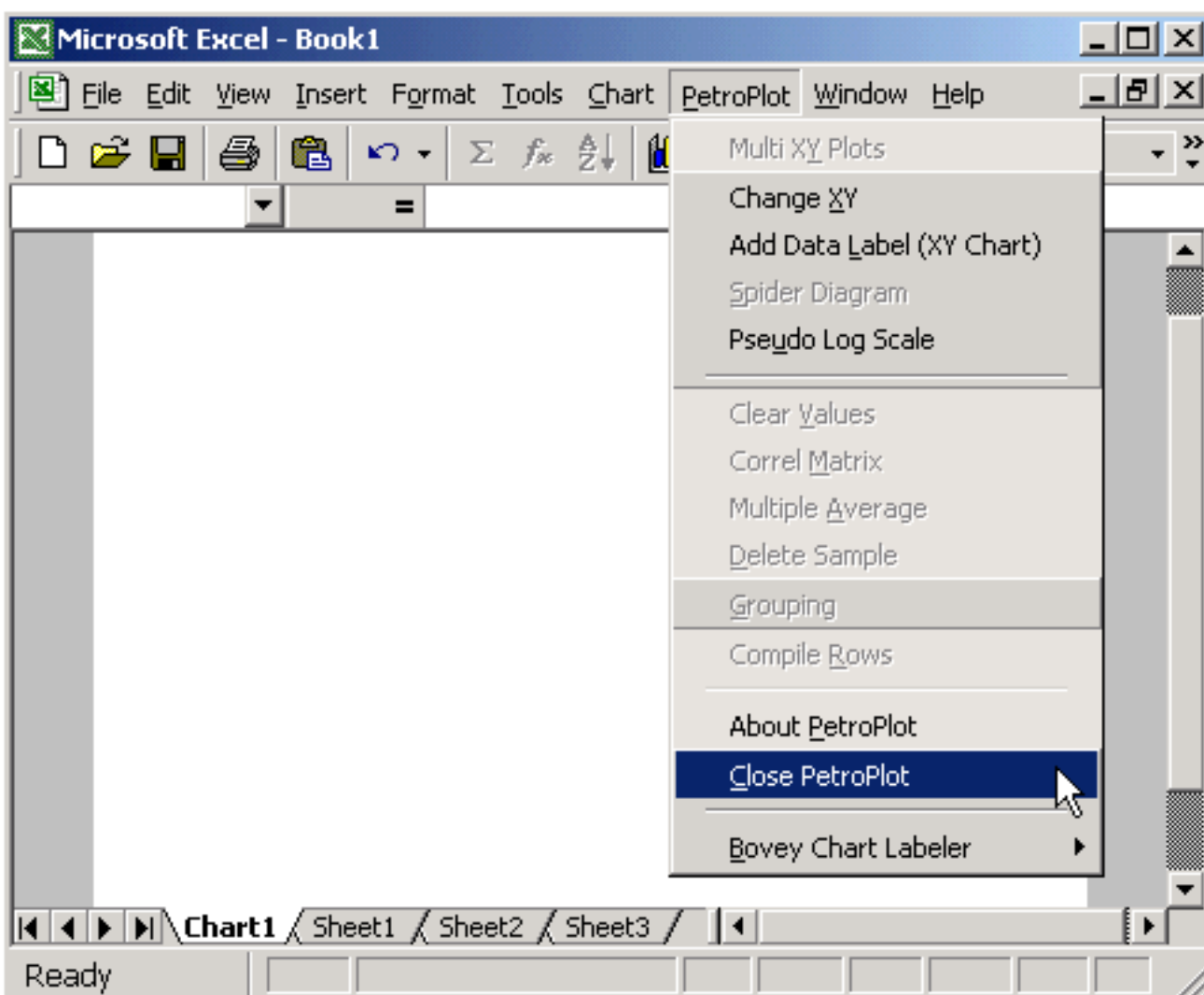


Here is an example of PetroPlot menus in chart mode



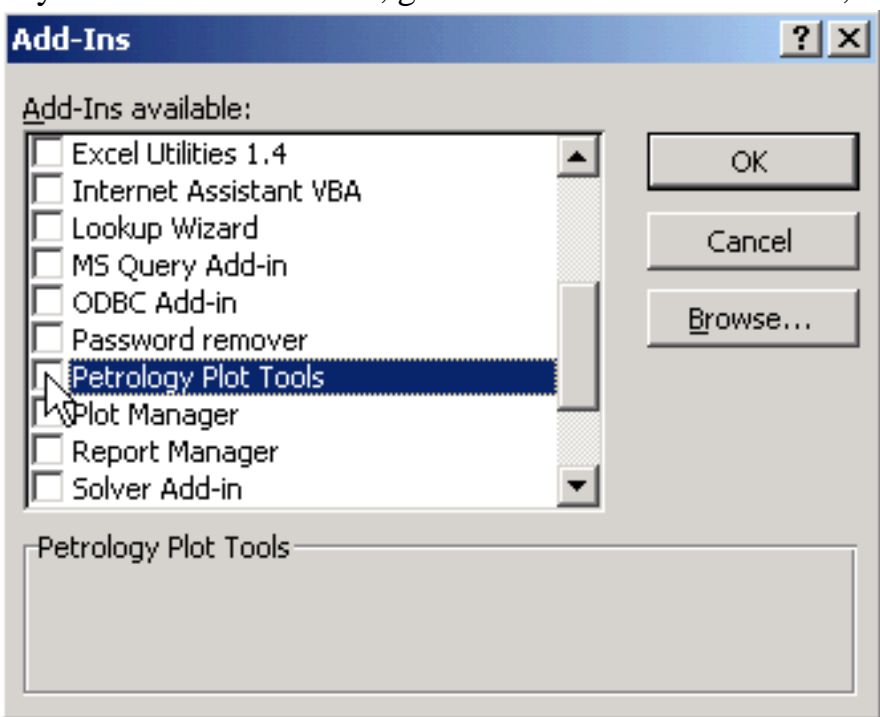
Close and uninstall PetroPlot

You can hide the “PetroPlot” menu by clicking the “Close PetroPlot” button.



Notice that the PetroPlot library is still open.

If you want to uninstall it, go to "Tools" --> "Add-Ins...", then deselect the "Petrology Plot Tools" option.



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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Installation**

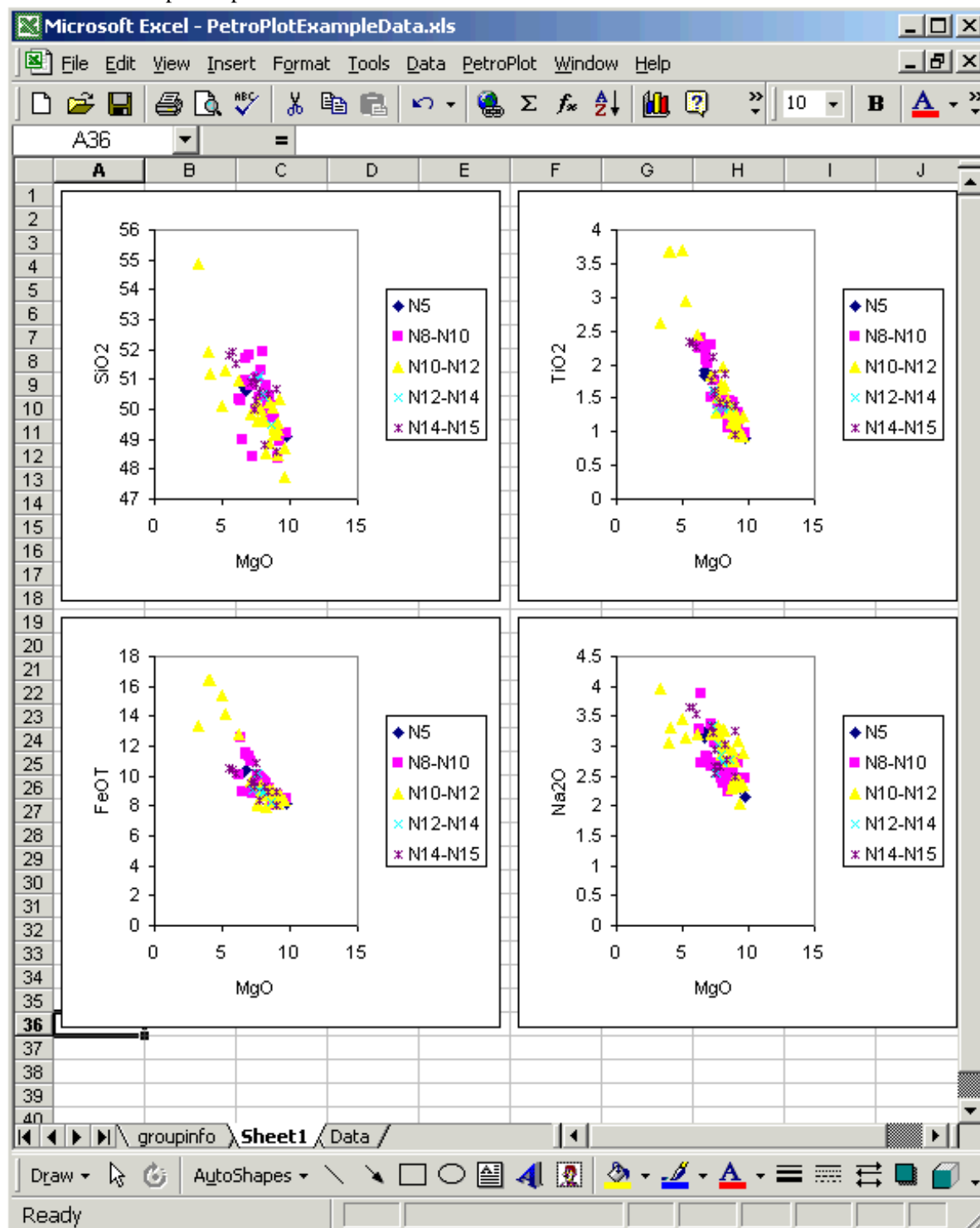
PetroPlot Tutorial

Multi-XY function

Purpose:

The PetroPlot multi-plot function makes a large number of XY plots at one time. Each plot allows multiple groups of samples to be plotted using discrete symbols.

Here is an example output of this function.



Start:
Open "PetroPlotExampleData.xls" in Excel.
Activate the "data" sheet.

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help

Arial 8 B I U

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K |
|----|-------------|------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------|------|-------|------|
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | material | latitude | longitude | elevation | SiO2 | TiO2 | Al2O3 | FeOT |
| 2 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-014 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.18 | 1.01 | 16.42 | |
| 3 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-017 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.87 | 1.2 | 15.38 | |
| 4 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-001 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 49.12 | 0.91 | 16.68 | |
| 5 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-003 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.27 | 1.35 | 15.1 | |
| 6 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-004 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.72 | 1.92 | 14.89 | |
| 7 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-004-007 | glass | 5.6 | -103.018 | -2320 | 50.65 | 1.84 | 14.72 | |
| 8 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-007-013 | glass | 8.145 | -103.178 | -2087 | 50.45 | 1.05 | 14.96 | |
| 9 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-008-008 | glass | 8.353 | -103.023 | -3800 | 50.81 | 1.51 | 14.18 | |
| 10 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-009-001 | glass | 8.392 | -103.525 | -3100 | 50.01 | 1.48 | 15.22 | |
| 11 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-010-003 | glass | 8.348 | -104.105 | -2731 | 50.29 | 2.28 | 13.66 | |
| 12 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-012-001 | glass | 8.363 | -105.638 | -2865 | 48.34 | 1.27 | 17.18 | |
| 13 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-001 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 | 2.28 | 16.88 | |
| 14 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-002 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 | 1.29 | 17.16 | |
| 15 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-015-001 | glass | 8.768 | -104.528 | -1682 | 48.97 | 2.38 | 18.1 | |
| 16 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-001 | glass | 8.843 | -104.56 | -2985 | 50.39 | 1.58 | 14.83 | |
| 17 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-002 | glass | 8.843 | -104.56 | -2985 | 50.12 | 1.08 | 16.05 | |
| 18 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-017-001 | glass | 8.912 | -104.565 | -2720 | 50.33 | 2.23 | 15.08 | |
| 19 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-018-003 | glass | 8.935 | -104.457 | -2720 | 49.99 | 1.76 | 15.84 | |
| 20 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-019-004 | glass | 8.933 | -104.405 | -2375 | 49.75 | 1.09 | 16.07 | |
| 21 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-002 | glass | 8.995 | -104.373 | -2985 | 51.28 | 1.5 | 14.73 | |
| 22 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-003 | glass | 8.995 | -104.373 | -2985 | 51.81 | 2.01 | 14.07 | |
| 23 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-021-006 | glass | 8.897 | -104.143 | -2711 | 50.82 | 1.42 | 15.27 | |
| 24 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-022-001 | glass | 8.897 | -104.102 | -2761 | 51.92 | 1.33 | 14.67 | |
| 25 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-023-002 | glass | 9.035 | -104.045 | -3025 | 49.18 | 0.98 | 17.38 | |
| 26 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-024-001 | glass | 8.963 | -103.208 | -3140 | 51.08 | 1.4 | 14.75 | |
| 27 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-024-005 | glass | 8.963 | -103.208 | -3140 | 51.68 | 2.07 | 13.97 | |
| 28 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-025-001 | glass | 8.882 | -103.788 | -2220 | 50.21 | 1.26 | 15.54 | |
| 29 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-028-003 | glass | 8.812 | -103.902 | -1984 | 50.97 | 2.16 | 13.95 | |
| 30 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-028-007 | glass | 8.812 | -103.902 | -1984 | 49.85 | 1.15 | 15.94 | |
| 31 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-029-006 | glass | 8.687 | -104.072 | -2726 | 49.73 | 1.44 | 16.35 | |
| 32 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-030-030 | glass | 9.168 | -105.595 | -1892 | 48.94 | 1.08 | 16.91 | |
| 33 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-031-001 | glass | 9.087 | -105.02 | -2345 | 49.99 | 1.18 | 15.74 | |

groupinfo Data

Ready

Notice: the first row of data sheet is reserved for headers (i.e. element names etc). This is **mandatory** to use PetroPlot.

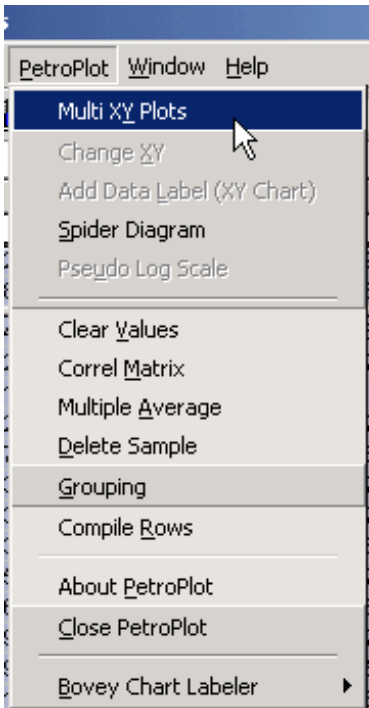
In this example, Column A is reserved for series name, and column B is reserved for series number.
This setup is optional. PetroPlot does not require the column positions. However, we suggest that you use the first two columns for series name & number.

Step 1:
Select the data range on "data" sheet.

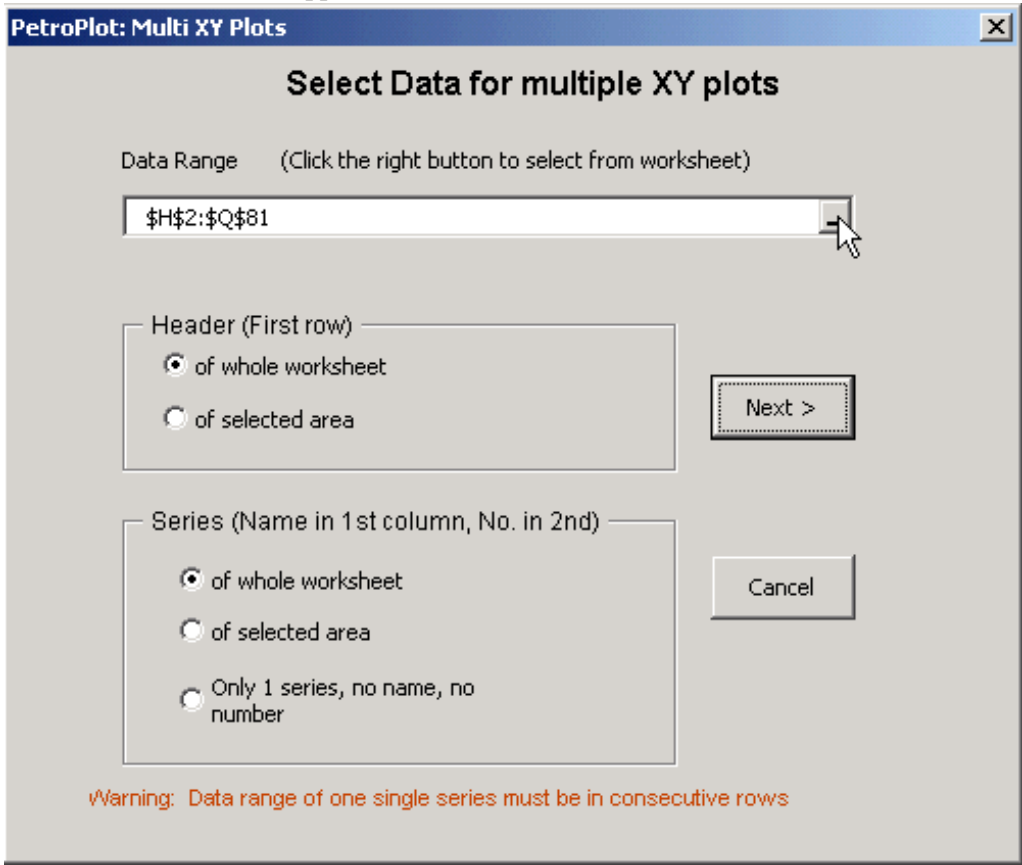
| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------|------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|----|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <div> <div> </div> <div> <div> </div> <div> </div> <div> <div>Arial</div> <div>8</div> <div>B</div> <div><i>I</i></div> <div><u>U</u></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div> </div> </div> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H2 | | = 49.18 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O | P | Q | R |
| 1 | elevation | SiO2 | TiO2 | Al2O3 | FeOT | MnO | MgO | CaO | Na2O | K2O | P2O5 | Ba |
| 2 | -1938 | 49.18 | 1.01 | 16.42 | 8.43 | 0.15 | 9.35 | 12.76 | 2.29 | 0.04 | 0.13 | |
| 3 | -1938 | 49.87 | 1.2 | 15.38 | 9.42 | 0.2 | 8.28 | 12.96 | 2.55 | 0.05 | 0.15 | |
| 62 | -2680 | 49.48 | 1.36 | 16.84 | 8.29 | 0.17 | 8.63 | 11.77 | 2.77 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 2 |
| 63 | -2725 | 51 | 1.33 | 14.52 | 10.2 | 0.19 | 7.59 | 12.05 | 2.55 | 0.1 | 0.14 | 2 |
| 64 | -2530 | 50.38 | 1.38 | 15.31 | 8.94 | 0.16 | 8.1 | 12.36 | 2.75 | 0.12 | 0.17 | 1 |
| 65 | -1828 | 50.52 | 1.37 | 15.52 | 8.91 | 0.14 | 7.98 | 12.12 | 2.87 | 0.12 | 0.15 | 1 |
| 66 | -2350 | 50.52 | 1.34 | 15.77 | 8.95 | 0.17 | 8.04 | 11.97 | 2.71 | 0.11 | 0.14 | 1 |
| 67 | -2939 | 51.14 | 1.41 | 15.13 | 9.02 | 0.18 | 7.74 | 11.83 | 3.03 | 0.07 | 0.15 | |
| 68 | -1842 | 50.96 | 1.62 | 15.53 | 9.05 | 0.18 | 7.27 | 11.47 | 3.34 | 0.11 | 0.18 | |
| 69 | -2685 | 50.52 | 1.4 | 15.23 | 9 | 0.17 | 8.34 | 12 | 2.77 | 0.08 | 0.16 | |
| 70 | -2871 | 50.27 | 1.86 | 14.75 | 10.85 | 0.21 | 7.48 | 11.38 | 2.65 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 1 |
| 71 | -2284 | 50.68 | 0.96 | 15.46 | 8.03 | 0.15 | 8.99 | 12.75 | 2.5 | 0.05 | 0.14 | |
| 72 | -2570 | 50.56 | 1.43 | 15.9 | 8.34 | 0.17 | 7.79 | 12.1 | 2.66 | 0.48 | 0.23 | 1 |
| 73 | -2840 | 51.91 | 2.32 | 14.69 | 10.36 | 0.2 | 5.75 | 9.93 | 3.64 | 0.52 | 0.33 | 10 |
| 74 | -2840 | 48.8 | 1.87 | 16.61 | 9.33 | 0.17 | 8.15 | 11.16 | 3.04 | 0.34 | 0.23 | 10 |
| 75 | -2740 | 49.98 | 2.12 | 16.07 | 9.3 | 0.18 | 7.37 | 10.7 | 3.24 | 0.46 | 0.28 | 8 |
| 76 | -2740 | 51.51 | 2.26 | 14.74 | 10.16 | 0.2 | 6.06 | 10.42 | 3.54 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 8 |
| 77 | -2800 | 51.79 | 2.33 | 14.85 | 10.48 | 0.2 | 5.54 | 10.01 | 3.64 | 0.53 | 0.3 | 10 |
| 78 | -3053 | 48.56 | 1.39 | 17.11 | 8.95 | 0.17 | 9.02 | 11.09 | 3.25 | 0.05 | 0.13 | |
| 79 | -2594 | 50.93 | 1.77 | 14.93 | 9.55 | 0.19 | 7.18 | 11.48 | 3.34 | 0.17 | 0.2 | 1 |
| 80 | -2995 | 50.84 | 1.62 | 14.46 | 10.22 | 0.21 | 7.49 | 12.09 | 2.56 | 0.09 | 0.15 | |
| 81 | -2563 | 51.09 | 1.57 | 14.89 | 9.6 | 0.17 | 7.43 | 11.68 | 2.95 | 0.16 | 0.17 | |
| 82 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 83 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 84 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 85 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 86 | ANIC CRUST IN THE EASTERN PACIFIC MANTLE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 87 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 88 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 89 | functions ONLY. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 90 | accuracy or any scientific implication. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 91 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <div> <div>groupinfo</div> <div>Data</div> </div> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ready | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sum=7974.944 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

You don't need to select the series name & series number columns if they are the first two columns on the sheet

Step 2:
Click the "Multi-XY plots" button



The Select Data window appears.



You can modify the data range by clicking the right side of the input box.

| | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|------|------|-------|
| 14.53 | 10.2 | 0.19 | 7.59 | 11.05 |
| PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots | | | | |
| \$H\$2:\$Q\$81 | | | | |
| 15.11 | 9.95 | 0.17 | 8.84 | 11.31 |
| 15.13 | 9.02 | 0.18 | 7.74 | 11.83 |
| 15.53 | 9.05 | 0.18 | 7.27 | 11.47 |
| 15.23 | 9 | 0.17 | 8.34 | 12 |
| 14.75 | 10.85 | 0.21 | 7.48 | 11.38 |

Set the Header position and series info position, then click the "Next" button.

PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots

Select Data for multiple XY plots

Data Range

(Click the right button to select from worksheet)

\$H\$2:\$Q\$81

Header (First row)

☒ of whole worksheet

☐ of selected area

Series (Name in 1 st column, No. in 2nd)

☒ of whole worksheet

☐ of selected area

☐ Only 1 series, no name, no number

Next >

Cancel

Warning: Data range of one single series must be in consecutive rows

Step 3:
Choose axes.

PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots

Choose X Axis and Y Axes

Choose X:

Chart Title:

Choose Ys * ☐ Select All

SiO₂
TiO₂
Al₂O₃
FeO
MnO
MgO
CaO
Na₂O
K₂O
P₂O₅

☐ Format X to be LOG scale

☐ Format Y to be LOG scale

☐ Add linear trend line on series 1

Next > <Back Cancel

* Note: Even when the X item is included in the Ys, PetroPlot ignores the X item during plotting

You can select ONLY ONE X-axis.

Choose X:

MgO

Al₂O₃
FeO
MnO
MgO
CaO
Na₂O
K₂O
P₂O₅

Hold the Ctrl key to select multiple Y-axes.

Choose Ys * ☐ Select All

SiO₂
TiO₂
Al₂O₃
FeO
MnO
MgO
CaO
Na₂O
K₂O
P₂O₅

All the right side inputs are optional.

Chart Title

☐ Format X to be LOG scale

☐ Format Y to be LOG scale

☐ Add linear trend line on series 1

Now click the "Next" button.

PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots

Choose X Axis and Y Axes

Choose X

MgO

Chart Title

Choose Ys *

☐ Select All

| |
|-------|
| SiO2 |
| TiO2 |
| Al2O3 |
| FeOT |
| MnO |
| MgO |
| CaO |
| Na2O |
| K2O |
| P2O5 |

☐ Format X to be LOG scale

☐ Format Y to be LOG scale

☐ Add linear trend line on series 1

Next >

<Back

Cancel

* Note: Even when the X item is included in the Ys, PetroPlot ignores the X item during plotting

Done! You get the plots as in the [result diagram](#).

Known problems:

Empty cell problem.

If there exist empty cells in the selected data range, the PetroPlot program might hang up. [Details...](#)

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Multi-XY function**

PetroPlot Tutorial

ChangeXY function

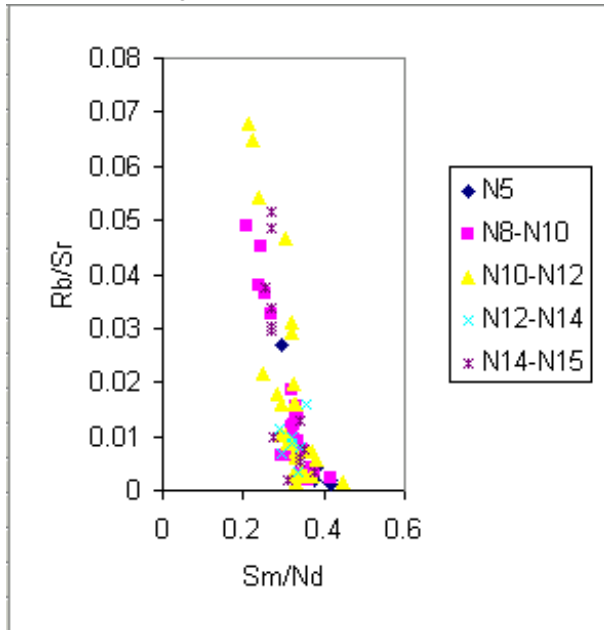
Purpose:

This function changes axes for all series in a single XY plot, while preserving the chart format.

It is useful for generating multiple high-quality plots with complex formatting, especially when there are a large number of series.

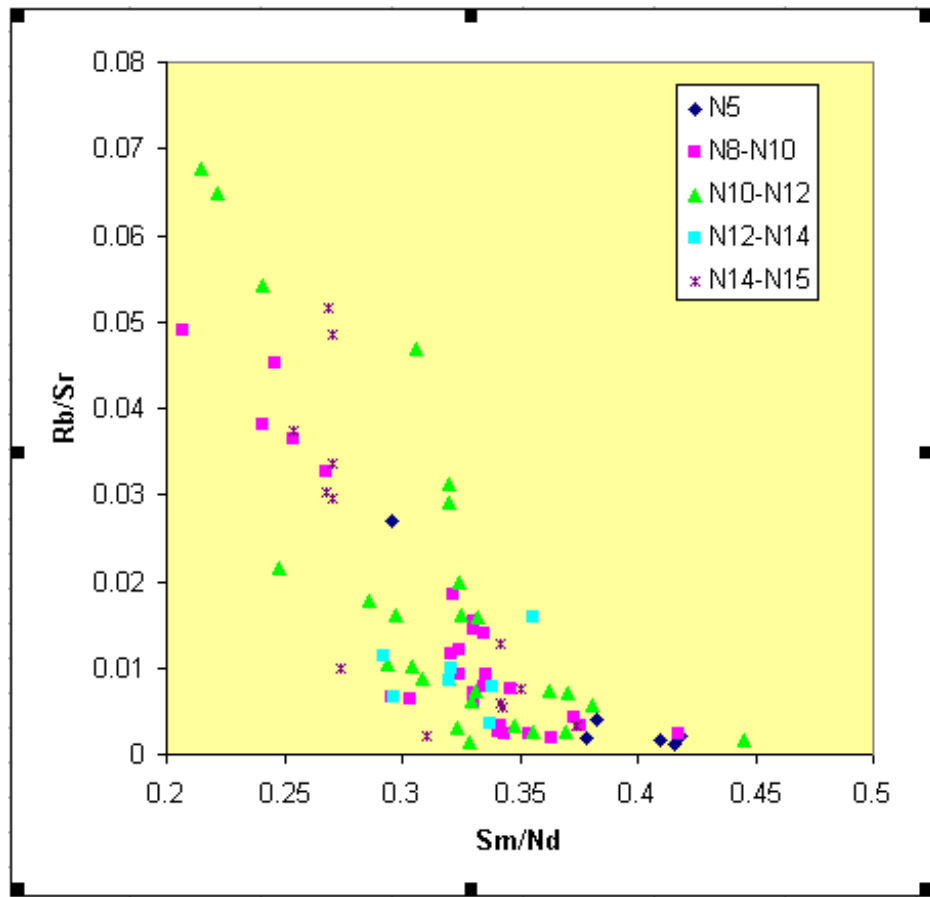
For example, the formatting of the XY charts follows Excel's default settings, which might be unsatisfactory.

In the following, series 1 uses blue diamonds, series 2 uses pink squares, and series 3 uses yellow triangles, etc. You may want to change the colors or the shapes



Start:

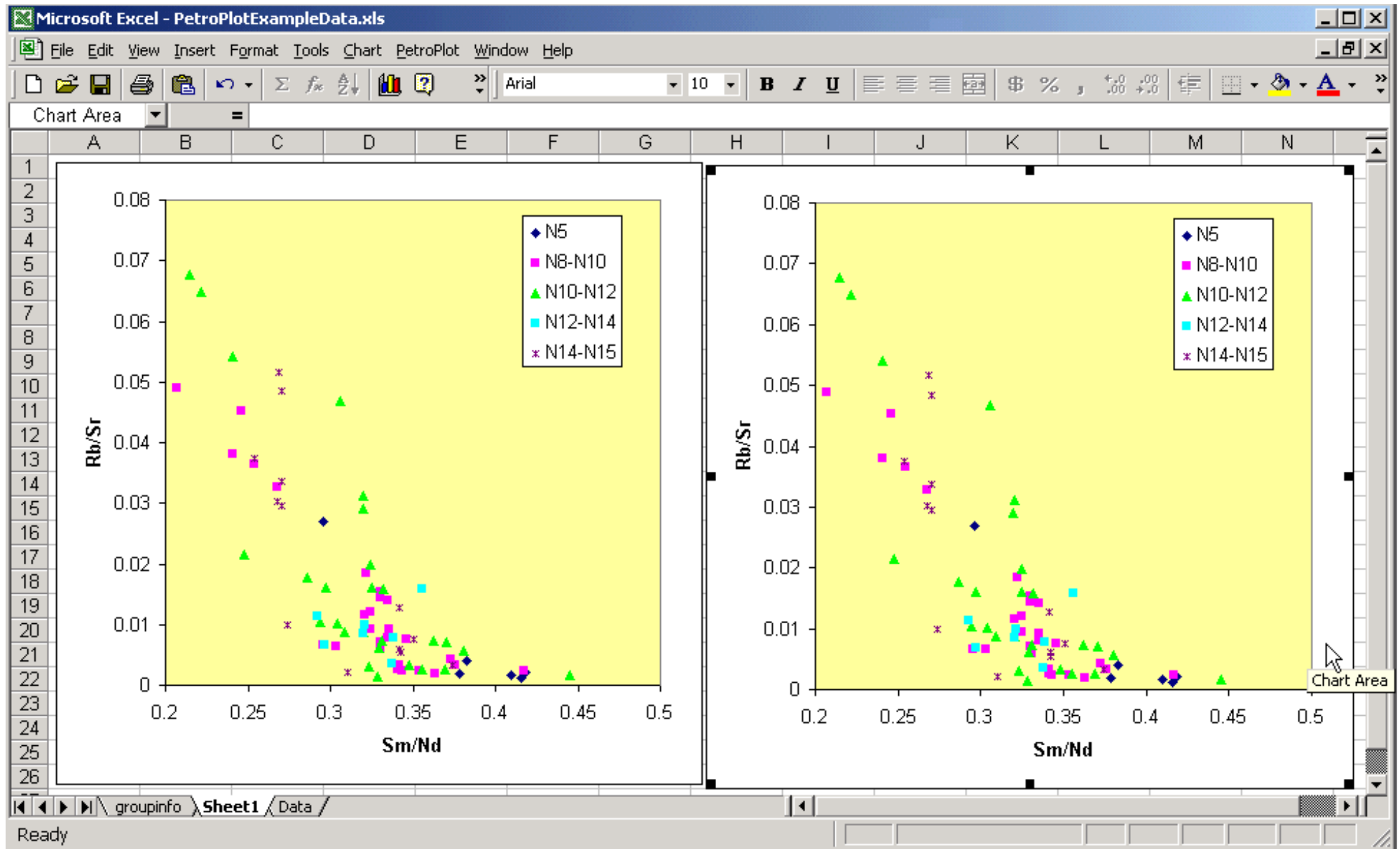
Format the diagram as you want. This is your template.



Step 1:

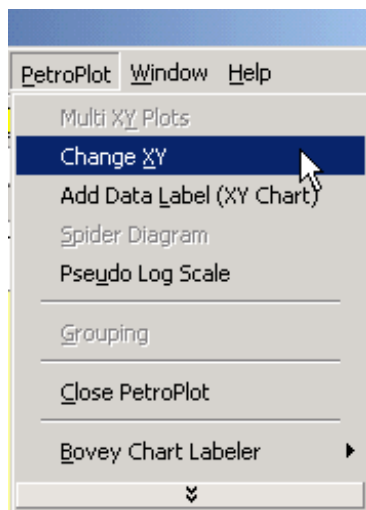
We suggest that you copy the template to another location inside this workbook.

(The ChangeXY function does not work if a chart contains data from other workbooks.)



Step 2:

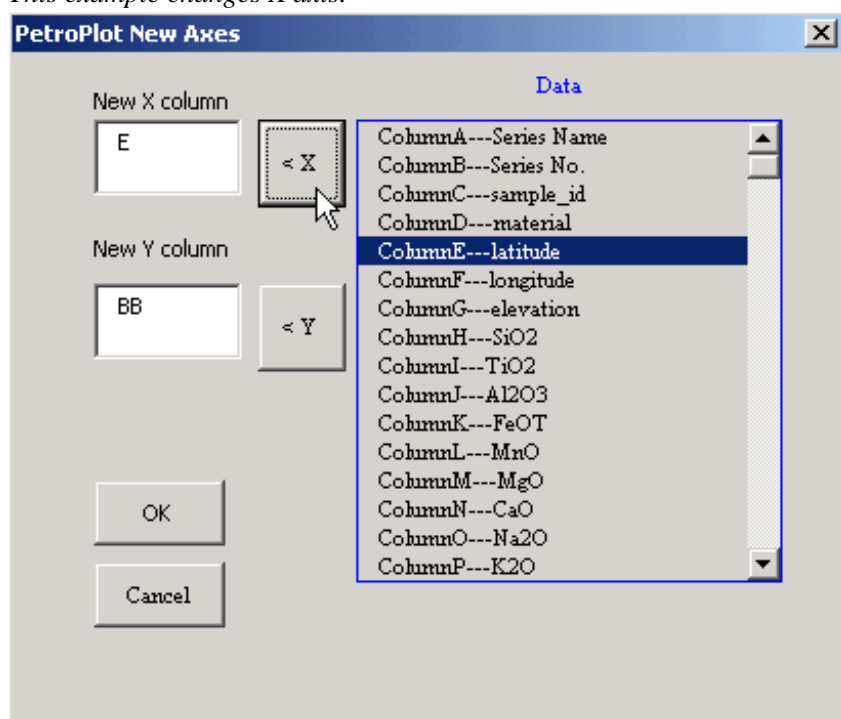
Select the diagram, Click the PetroPlot --> ChangeXY button.



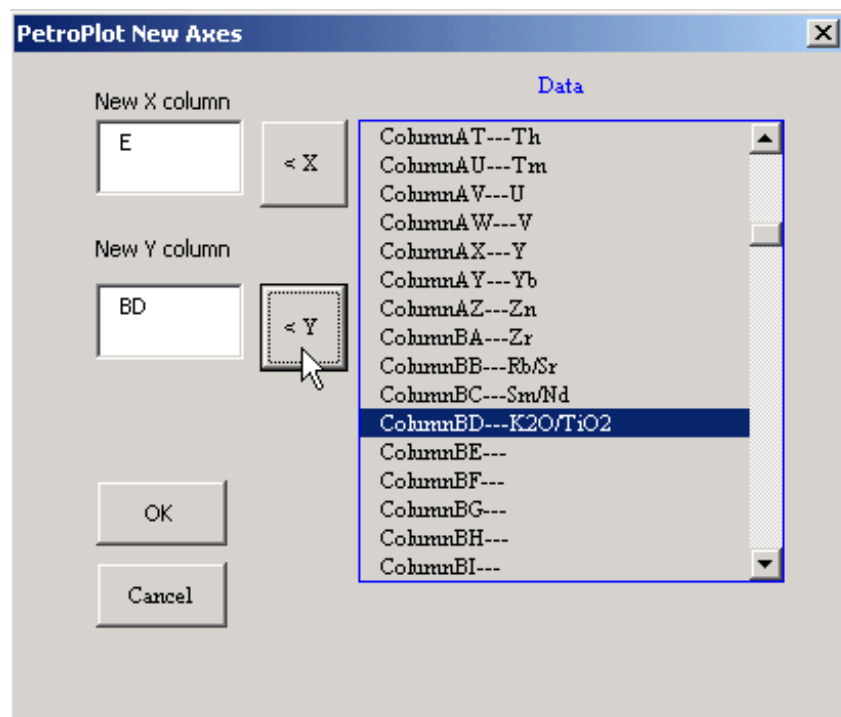
Step 3:

Change the X or (and) Y axes.

This example changes X axis.

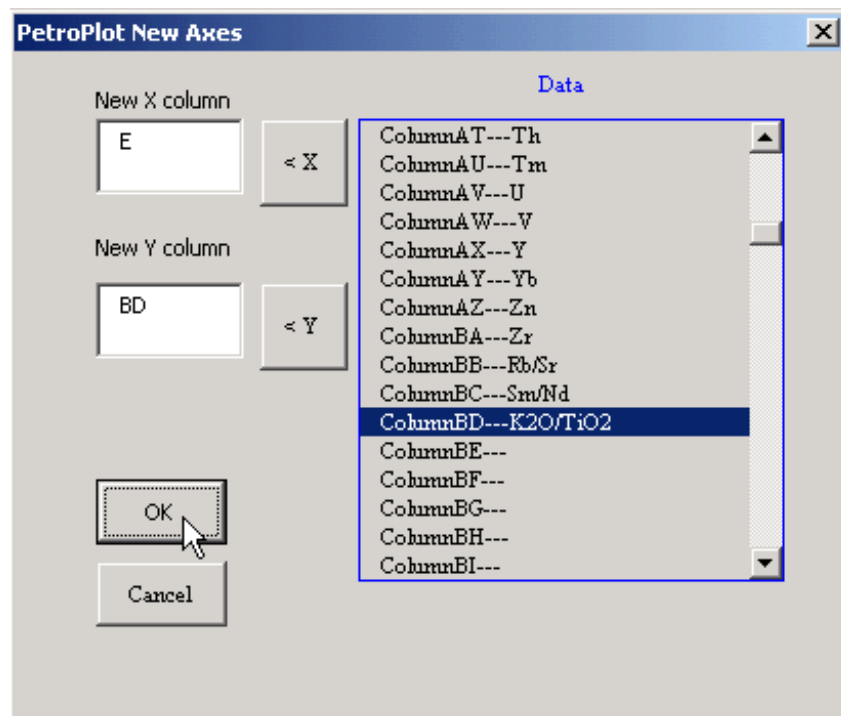


This example changes Y axis.



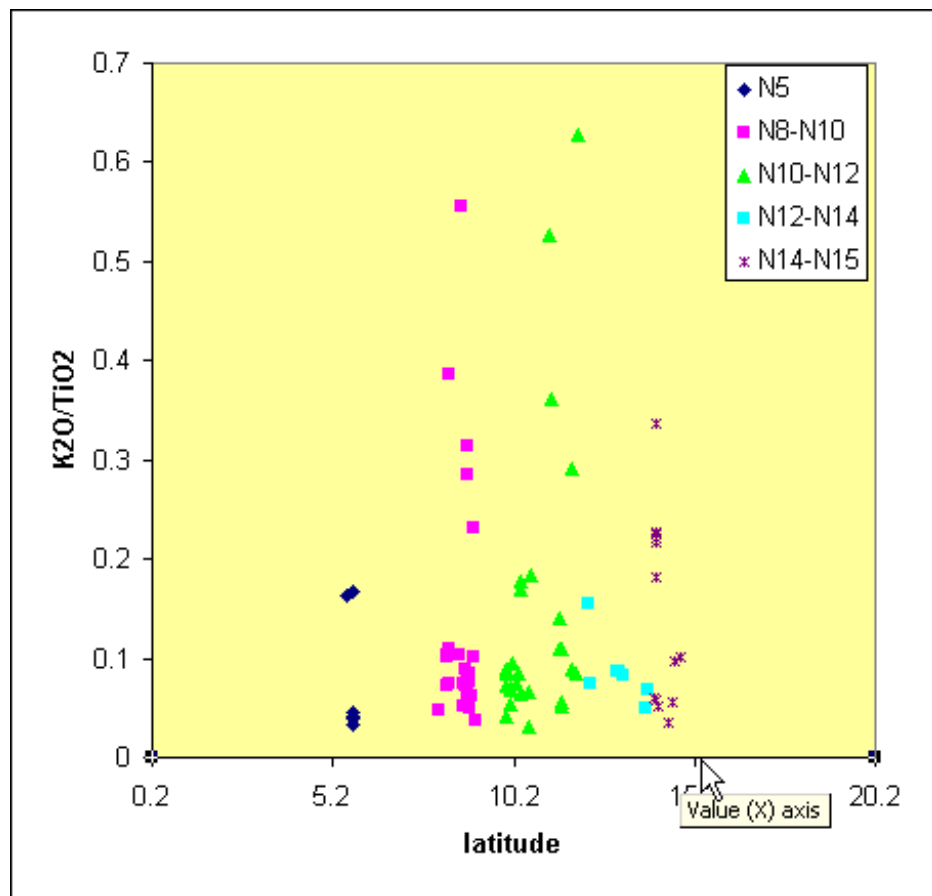
Step 4:

Click the "Next" button.

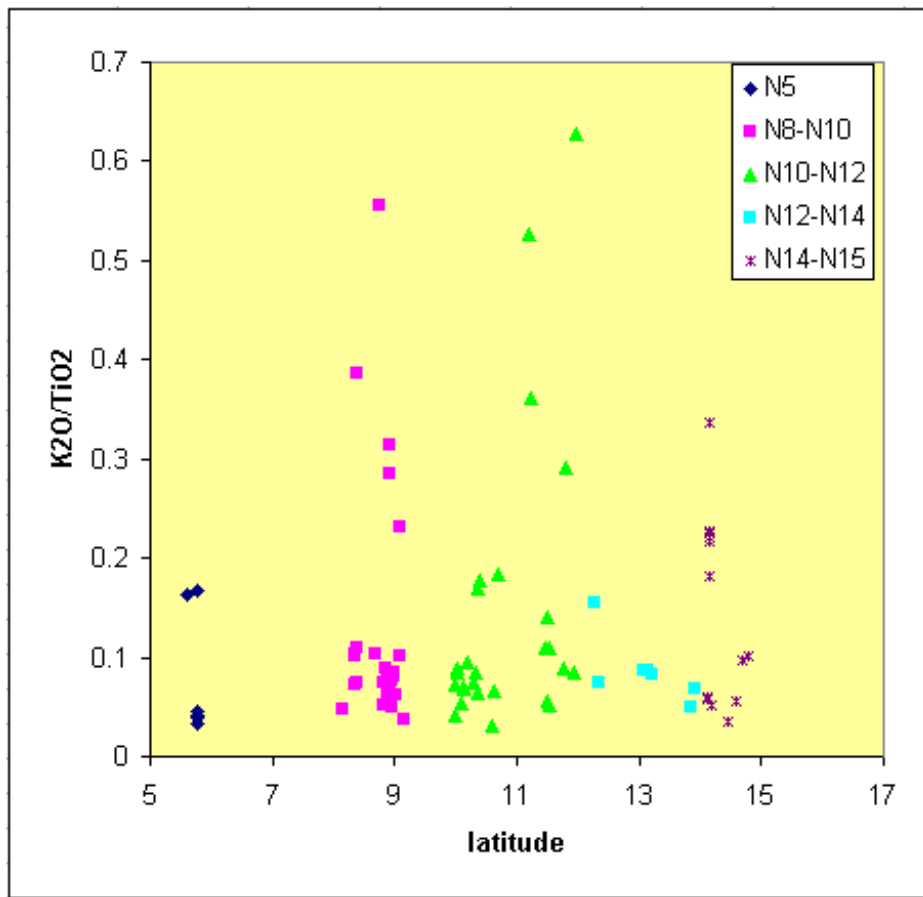


Step 5:

The scale of new plot needs to be manually adjusted.



Result:



Known problems:

1. Not XY Scatter.

If there exist lines connecting scatter points, the PetroPlot program won't continue. [Details...](#)

2. Data from other sheets or other files.

PetroPlot only changes series with data from the current workbook. All series need to come from the SAME SHEET. [Details...](#)

3. Label-log-scale charts.

PetroPlot does not changeXY on label-log-scale results.

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: ChangeXY function**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Add Data Label (XY chart) function

Purpose:

Excel automated data labels are limited to either X values or Y values. Customized labels such as sample names, locations, and references etc. are more valuable information on a plot.

With PetroPlot, any kind of information can be labeled, and adding customized labels is as easy as to add Excel default labels. Labels added to a template chart will pass automatically if the chart is changed with the "ChangeXY" function.

We also imported a set of label tools from Rob Bovey (www.appspro.com).

"Bovey Chart Labeler" adds labels to a variety of chart types, including XY Scatter, Line, Column, Bar etc.

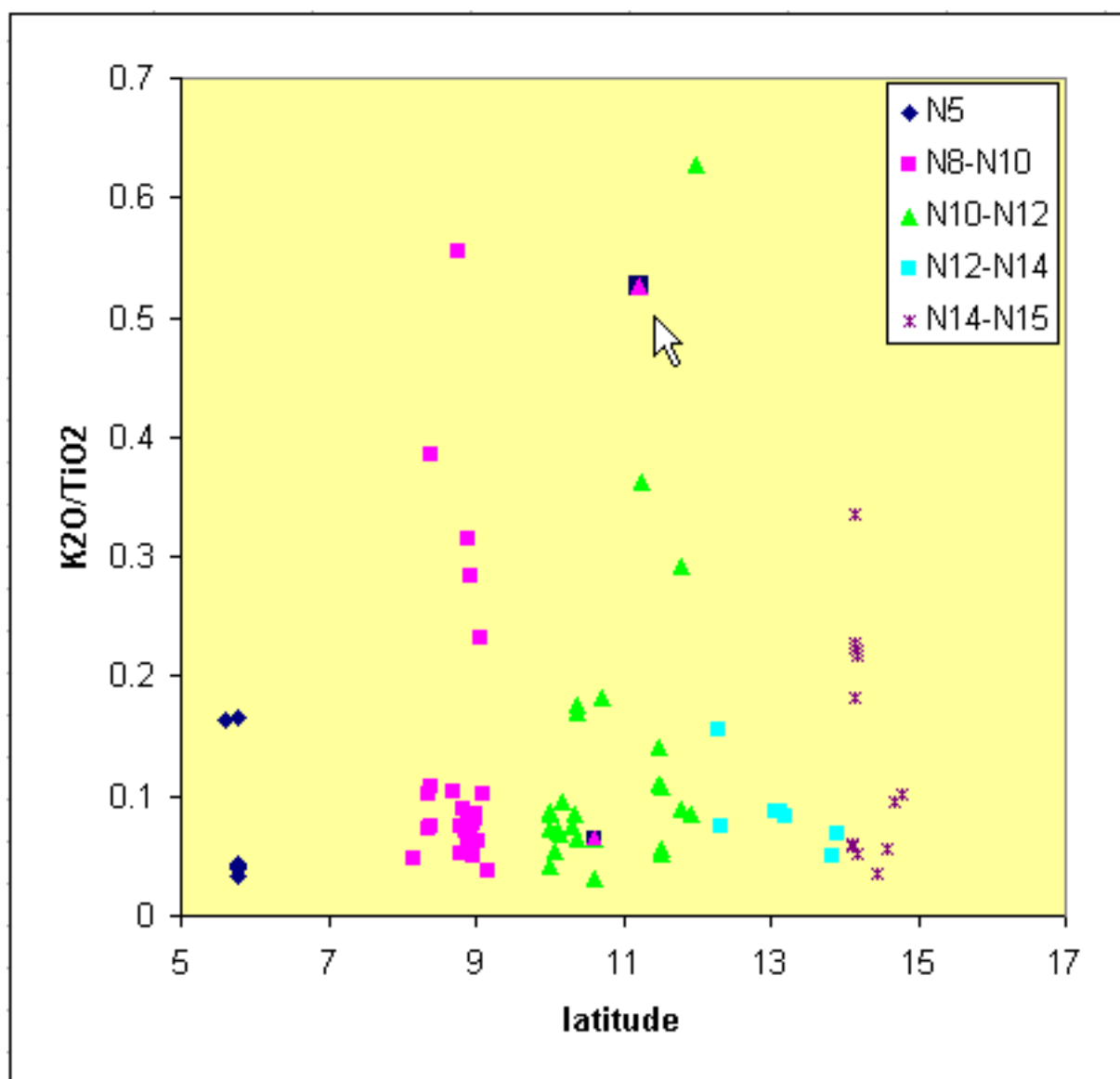
"Bovey Chart Labeler" moves labels of a whole series (Excel doesn't allow this type of movement by default).

Please visit [Bovey Chart Labeler...](#)

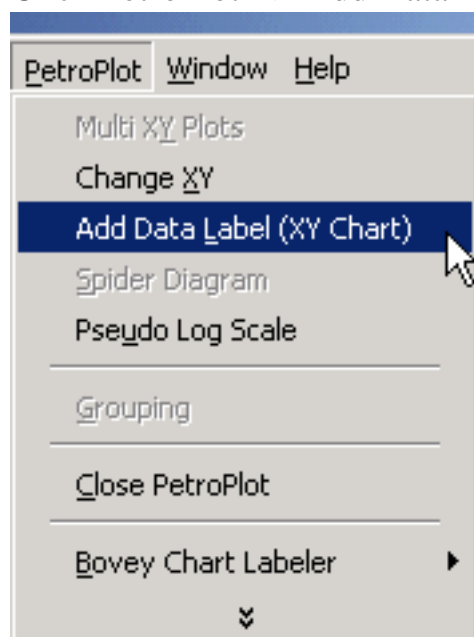
Add label to a point:

Select a point on XY scatter chart.

(Excel tip: Clicking a point once gives you the selection of the whole series. Clicking the same point again gives you the point. NO double-clicking.)



Click PetroPlot --> Add Data Label (XY Chart)



Select label type & position. Here we will label the selected point with the sample name.

PetroPlot: Add Data Label

WorkSheet

Data

Type

C

OR

Select

Data label column

ColumnA---Series Name

ColumnB---Series No.

ColumnC---sample_id

ColumnD---material

ColumnE---latitude

ColumnF---longitude

ColumnG---elevation

ColumnH---SiO2

ColumnI---TiO2

ColumnJ---Al2O3

ColumnK---FeOT

ColumnL---MnO

ColumnM---MgO

ColumnN---CaO

ColumnO---Na2O

ColumnP---K2O

ColumnQ---P2O5

ColumnR---Ba

ColumnS---Be

ColumnT---Ce

Add data label to:

☒ Selected Data Point

☐ Selected Data Series

☐ All Series In Selected Chart

Label position

☐ Above

☐ Left

☐ Center

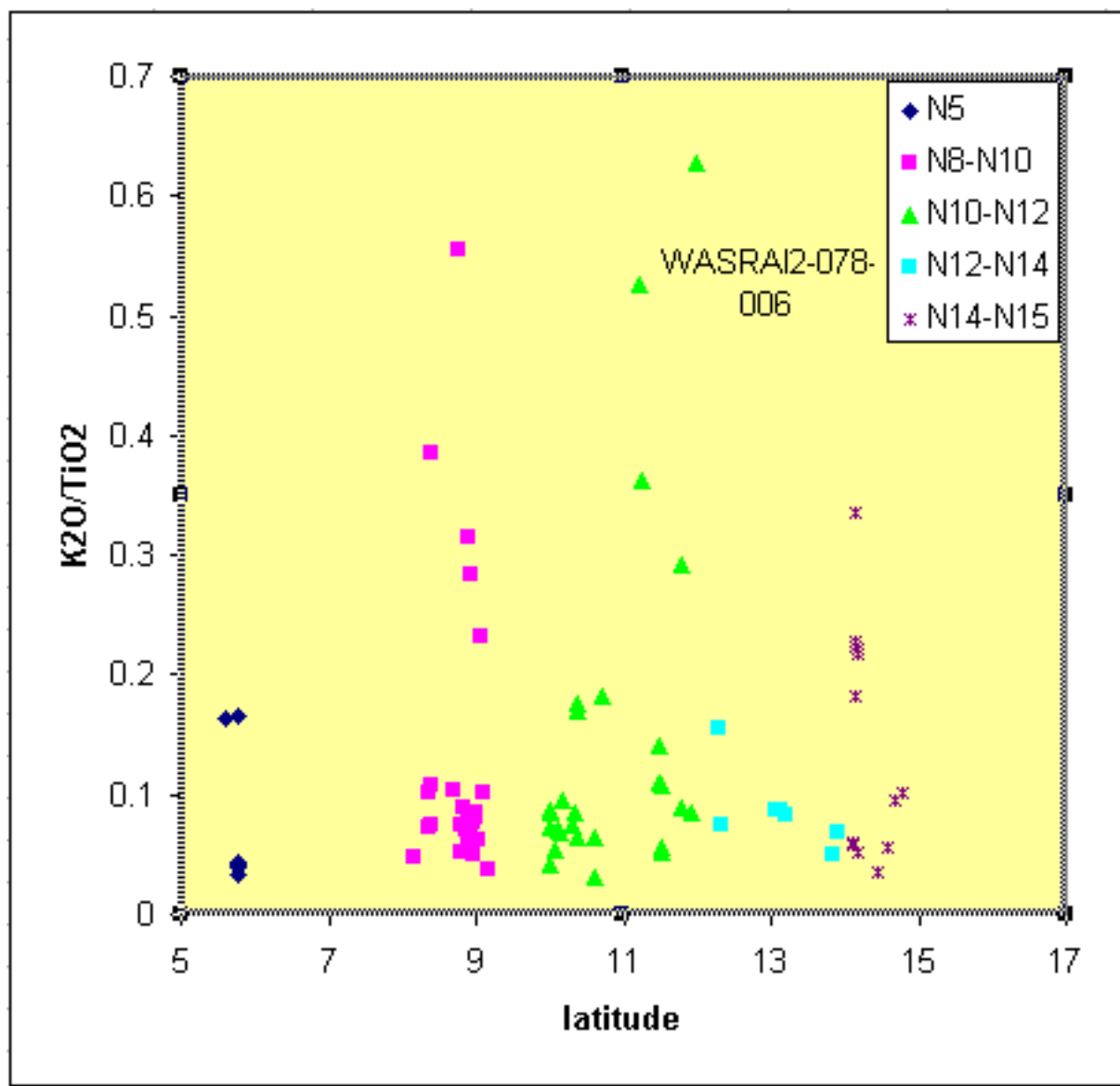
☒ Right

☐ Below

O.K.

Cancel

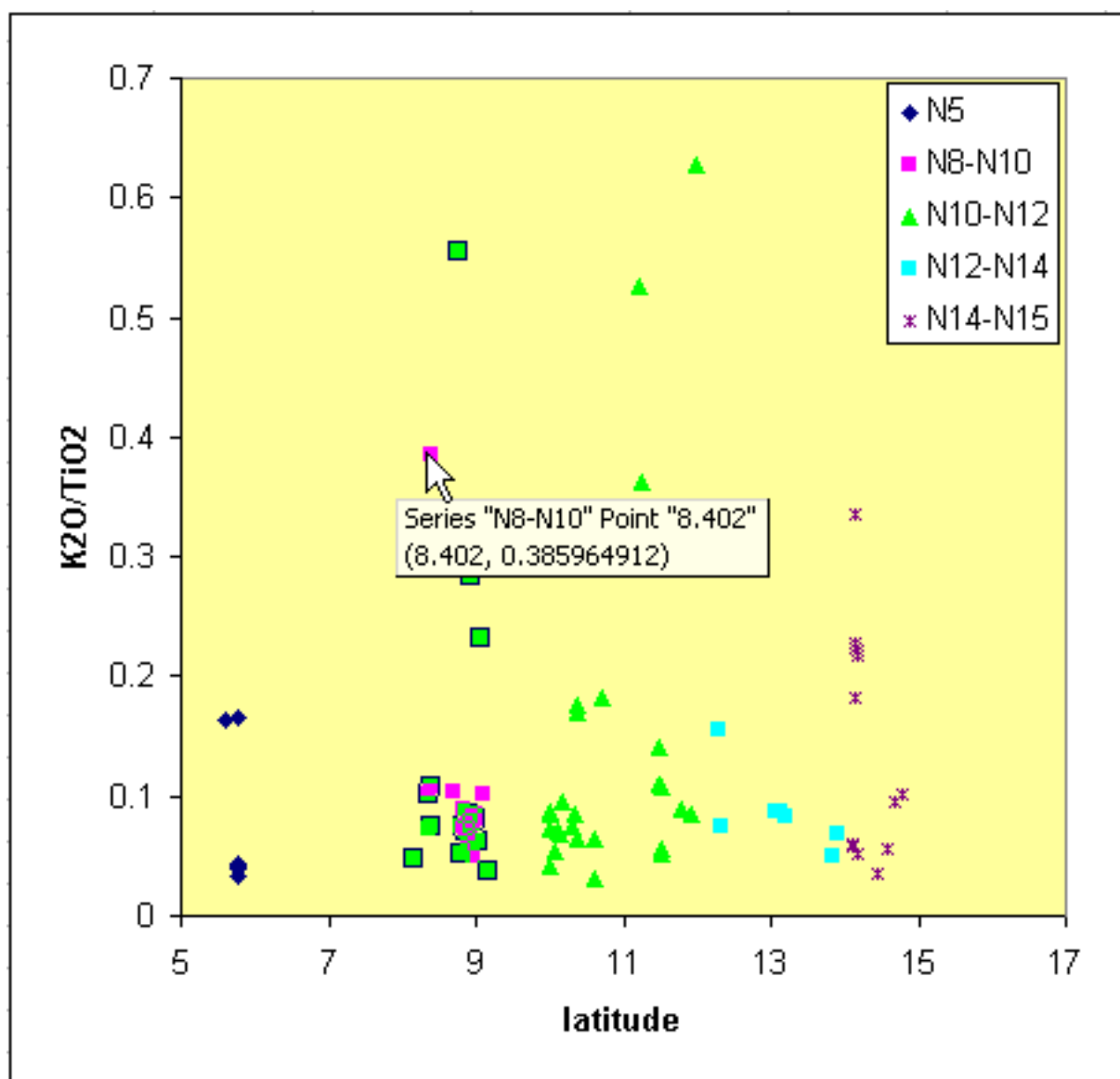
Result:



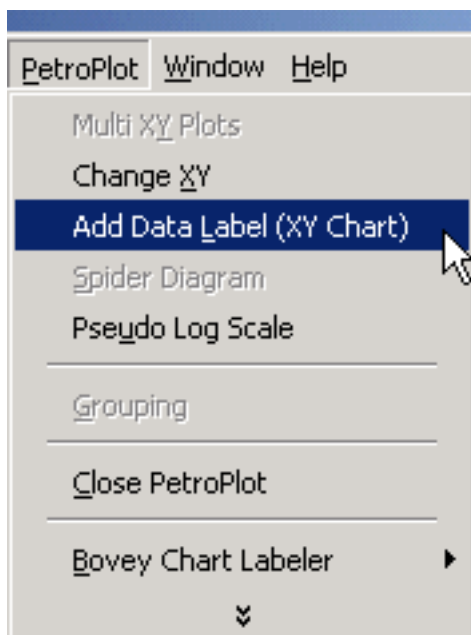
Remove data label for a point:

Select the label. Then hit the "Delete" button on your keyboard

(Excel tip: you may need to click the label twice to select the label. Warning: NO double-clicking.)



Click PetroPlot --> Add Data Label (XY Chart)



Select label type & position. In this case, we will label each point with the MgO content.

PetroPlot: Add Data Label

WorkSheet: Data Type: M OR Select Data label column

Add data label to:

- ☐ Selected Data Point
- ☒ Selected Data Series
- ☐ All Series In Selected Chart

Label position:

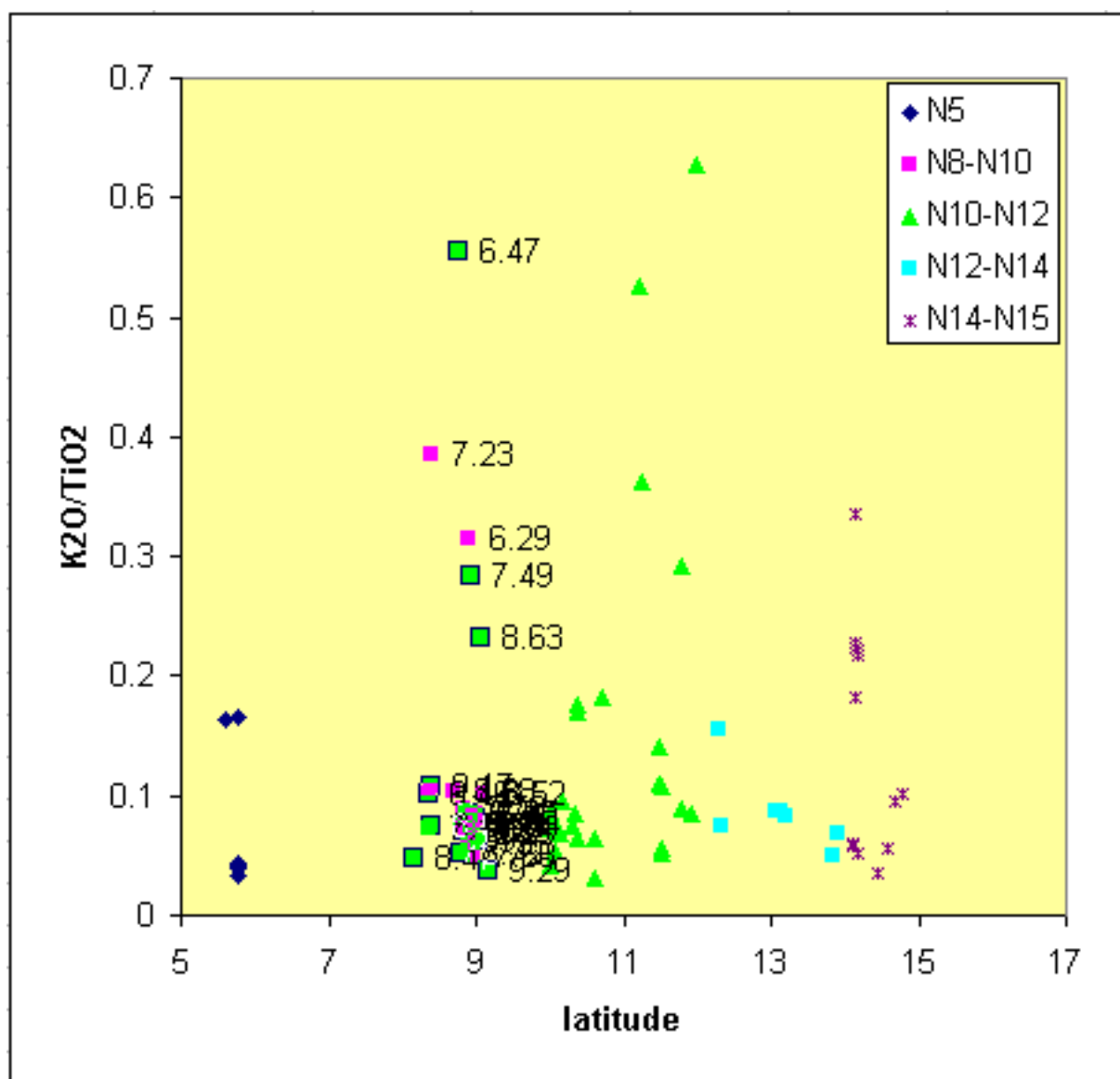
- ☐ Above
- ☐ Left ☐ Center ☒ Right
- ☐ Below

ColumnM---MgO

O.K. Cancel

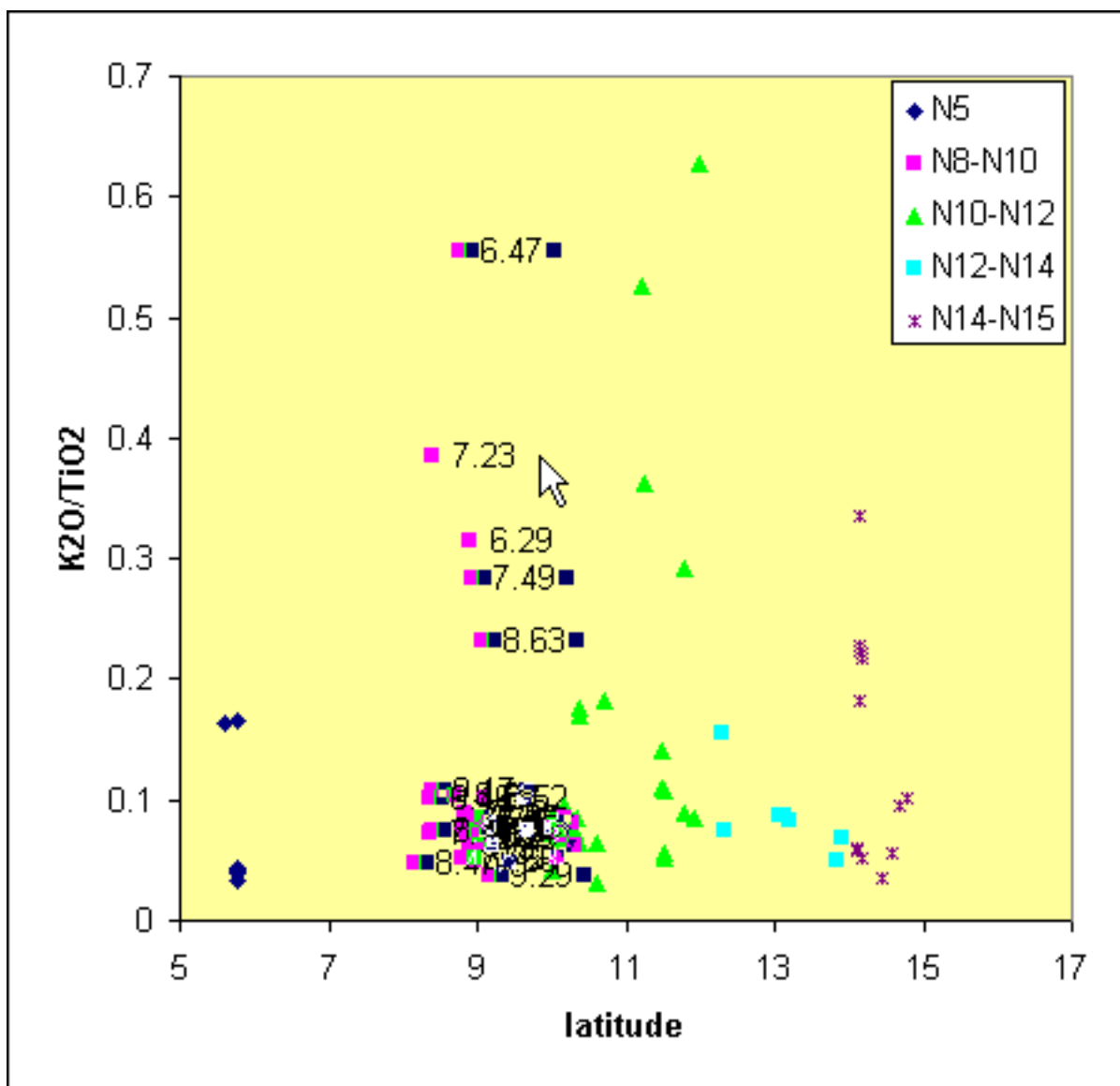
| Column | Label |
|---------|-------------|
| ColumnA | Series Name |
| ColumnB | Series No. |
| ColumnC | sample_id |
| ColumnD | material |
| ColumnE | latitude |
| ColumnF | longitude |
| ColumnG | elevation |
| ColumnH | SiO2 |
| ColumnI | TiO2 |
| ColumnJ | Al2O3 |
| ColumnK | FeOT |
| ColumnL | MnO |
| ColumnM | MgO |
| ColumnN | CaO |
| ColumnO | Na2O |
| ColumnP | K2O |
| ColumnQ | P2O5 |
| ColumnR | Ba |
| ColumnS | Be |
| ColumnT | Ce |

Result:



Remove labels for a series:

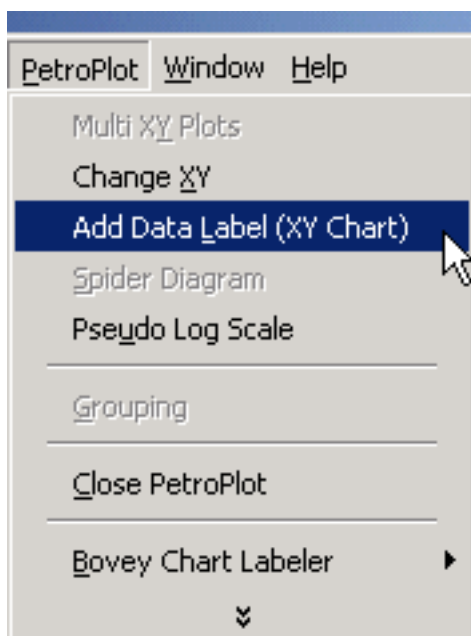
Select the labels for a series Then hit the "Delete" button on your keyboard



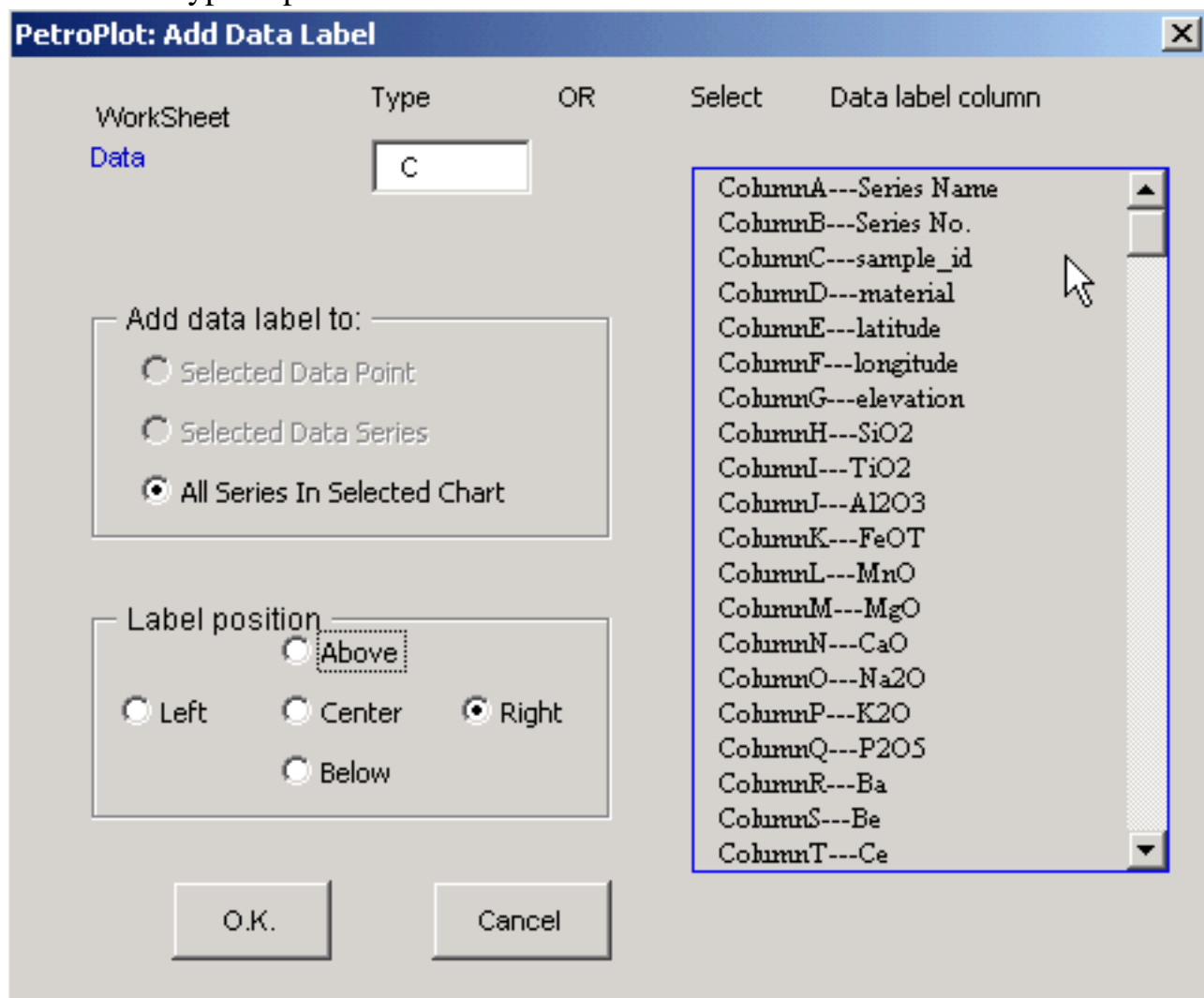
Add labels to all series in a chart:

Select a point, a series, or the whole chart on XY scatter chart.

Click PetroPlot --> Add Data Label (XY Chart)



Select label type & position.



Known problems:

1. Not XY Scatter.

If there exist lines connecting scatter points, the PetroPlot program won't continue. [Details...](#)

2. Data from other sheets or other files.

All series need to come from the SAME SHEET of the current workbook. [Details...](#)

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Add Data Label (XY chart) function**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Spider Diagram function

Purpose:

Spider diagrams are plots of normalized data where data for many elements are normalized to a reference such as primitive mantle. Such plots are commonly used to compare samples and to investigate trace element systematics in geochemistry. In order to make a spider diagram, the data have to be organized such that elements are in a specific order, and chemical values are divided by the standard values. PetroPlot “SpiderDiagram” function automates the entire process

Start:

Make sure the file [PetroPlotSpider.xls](#) is open.

You can customize the standard values in the "PetroPlotSpider.xls" file.

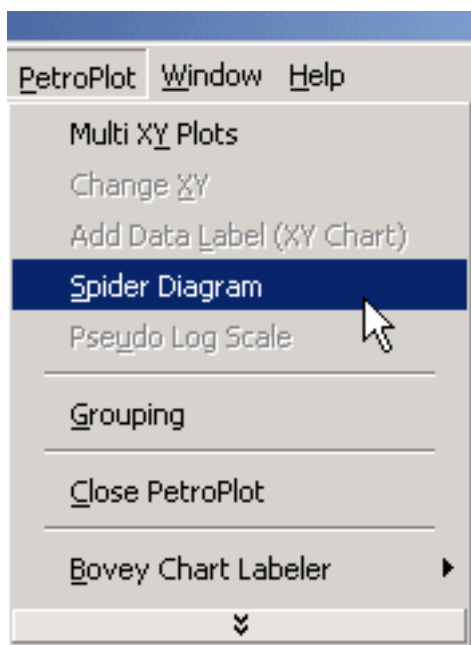
Step 1:

Select a set of rows on a data sheet.

(Notice: You can select any column. PetroPlot only reads the row positions from your selection.)

| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------|-----------------|----------|----------|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help | | | | | |
| C20 = WASRAI2-019-004 | | | | | |
| | A | B | C | D | E |
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | material | latitude |
| 2 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-014 | glass | 5.777 |
| 3 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-017 | glass | 5.777 |
| 4 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-001 | glass | 5.775 |
| 5 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-003 | glass | 5.775 |
| 6 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-004 | glass | 5.775 |
| 7 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-004-007 | glass | 5.6 |
| 8 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-007-013 | glass | 8.145 |
| 9 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-008-008 | glass | 8.353 |
| 10 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-009-001 | glass | 8.392 |
| 11 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-010-003 | glass | 8.348 |
| 12 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-012-001 | glass | 8.363 |
| 13 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-001 | glass | 8.402 |
| 14 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-002 | glass | 8.402 |
| 15 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-015-001 | glass | 8.768 |
| 16 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-001 | glass | 8.843 |
| 17 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-002 | glass | 8.843 |
| 18 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-017-001 | glass | 8.912 |
| 19 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-018-003 | glass | 8.935 |
| 20 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-019-004 | glass | 8.933 |
| 21 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-002 | glass | 8.995 |
| 22 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-003 | glass | 8.995 |
| 23 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-021-006 | glass | 8.897 |
| 24 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-022-001 | glass | 8.897 |
| 25 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-023-002 | glass | 9.035 |
| 26 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-024-001 | glass | 8.963 |
| 27 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-024-005 | glass | 8.963 |

Click PetroPlot --> Spider Diagram.



Step 2:

Select a column as legend for the spider diagram, then click "Next"

(Warning: Don't use any number values as legend, e.g. if a sample is named as "32", rename it to a string.)

Select Samples For Spider Diagram

Workbook:

[PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#)

Worksheet:

[Data](#)

Select column for sample name
(Series label)

Select samples

| | |
|--|---|
| ColumnA---Series Name | ▲ |
| ColumnB---Series No. | |
| ColumnC---sample_id | ▼ |
| ColumnD---material | |
| ColumnE---latitude | |
| ColumnF---longitude | |
| ColumnG---elevation | |
| ColumnH---SiO ₂ | |
| ColumnI---TiO ₂ | |
| ColumnJ---Al ₂ O ₃ | |
| ColumnK---FeOT | |
| ColumnL---MnO | |
| ColumnM---MgO | |
| ColumnN---CaO | |
| ColumnO---Na ₂ O | |
| ColumnP---K ₂ O | |
| ColumnQ---P ₂ O ₅ | |
| ColumnR---Ba | |
| ColumnS---Be | |
| ColumnT---Ce | |
| ColumnU---Co | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Row10---WASRAI2-009-001 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Row11---WASRAI2-010-003 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Row15---WASRAI2-015-001 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Row16---WASRAI2-016-001 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Row19---WASRAI2-018-003 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Row20---WASRAI2-019-004 |

Next >

Cancel

Note: Default selection represent the
selected area in the worksheet
Go back to the data sheet to increase sample
range.

Step 3:

Set up standard values (i.e. to what values data should be normalized).

PetroPlot: Spider Diagram ✕

Normalized to

Step 1: Choose Worksheet

REE
AllTrace
MyValues

Step 2: Choose normalization standard

Step3: Check value for:

Note: If you want to change order of elements or any values, goto the PetroPlot Spider file

Next >

Cancel

Select a worksheet:

When you click a value in the upper left panel, the lower left panel will show standards in the selected worksheet

Step 1: Choose Worksheet

REE
AllTrace
MyValues

Step 2: Choose normalization standard

CI chondrite (McDonough & Sun 95)
Pyrolite (McDonough & Sun 95)
CI chondrite (Sun & McDonough 89)
P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)
NMORB (Sun & McDonough 89)
EMORB (Sun & McDonough 89)
OIB (Sun & McDonough 89)

Select a standard:

When you click a standard in the lower left panel, the right panel will show values.

However, you don't need to select from the right panel.

The right panel is for the purpose to check values and make sure those are what you want to use.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|------|----|-------|----|-------|
| <p>Step 1: Choose Worksheet</p> <p>REE AllTrace MyValues</p> | <p>Step3: Check value for: P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)</p> <table><tr><td>La</td><td>0.687</td></tr><tr><td>Ce</td><td>1.775</td></tr><tr><td>Pr</td><td>0.276</td></tr><tr><td>Nd</td><td>1.354</td></tr><tr><td>Sm</td><td>0.444</td></tr><tr><td>Eu</td><td>0.168</td></tr><tr><td>Gd</td><td>0.596</td></tr><tr><td>Tb</td><td>0.108</td></tr><tr><td>Dy</td><td>0.737</td></tr><tr><td>Ho</td><td>0.164</td></tr><tr><td>Er</td><td>0.48</td></tr><tr><td>Yb</td><td>0.493</td></tr><tr><td>Lu</td><td>0.074</td></tr></table> | La | 0.687 | Ce | 1.775 | Pr | 0.276 | Nd | 1.354 | Sm | 0.444 | Eu | 0.168 | Gd | 0.596 | Tb | 0.108 | Dy | 0.737 | Ho | 0.164 | Er | 0.48 | Yb | 0.493 | Lu | 0.074 |
| La | 0.687 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ce | 1.775 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pr | 0.276 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nd | 1.354 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sm | 0.444 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Eu | 0.168 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gd | 0.596 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tb | 0.108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dy | 0.737 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ho | 0.164 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Er | 0.48 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Yb | 0.493 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lu | 0.074 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Step 2: Choose normalization standard</p> <p>CI chondrite (McDonough & Sun 95) Pyrolite (McDonough & Sun 95) CI chondrite (Sun & McDonough 89) P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89) NMORB (Sun & McDonough 89) EMORB (Sun & McDonough 89) OIB (Sun & McDonough 89)</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Click the "Next" button. Done!

Results:

PetroPlot adds a new sheet for selected samples, orders the elements based on the selected standard, calculates the normalization values, and makes line charts.

Known problems:

Use numbers as legend.

If you use numbers as legends, the PetroPlot program will generate errors. [Details...](#)

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Spider Diagram function**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Label Log Scale function

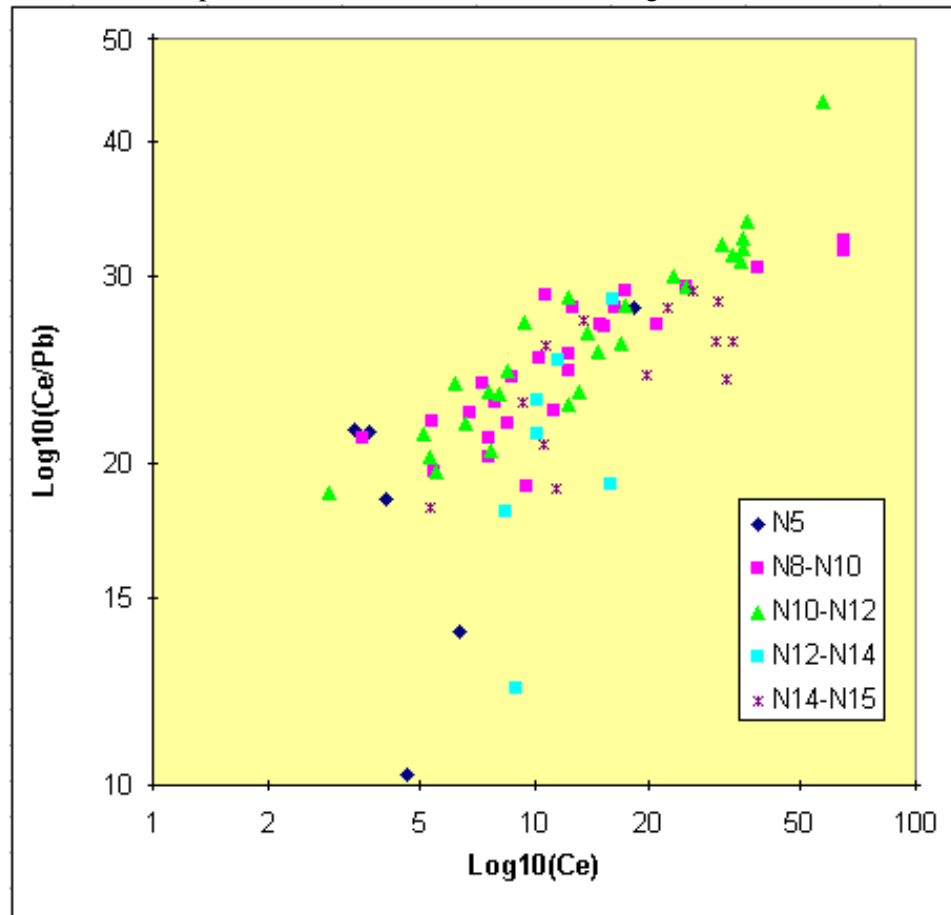
Purpose:

In Excel log scale plots, the default minimum and maximum values on axes are fixed to the integer powers of ten -- i.e., 0.001, 0.01, etc. It is desirable the maximum and minimum on an axis to be any value, e.g., 0.2, 0.6, etc.

The PetroPlot “Label Log Scale” function adds flexible log-scale labels to plot where log values have been calculated on a separate column on the worksheet.

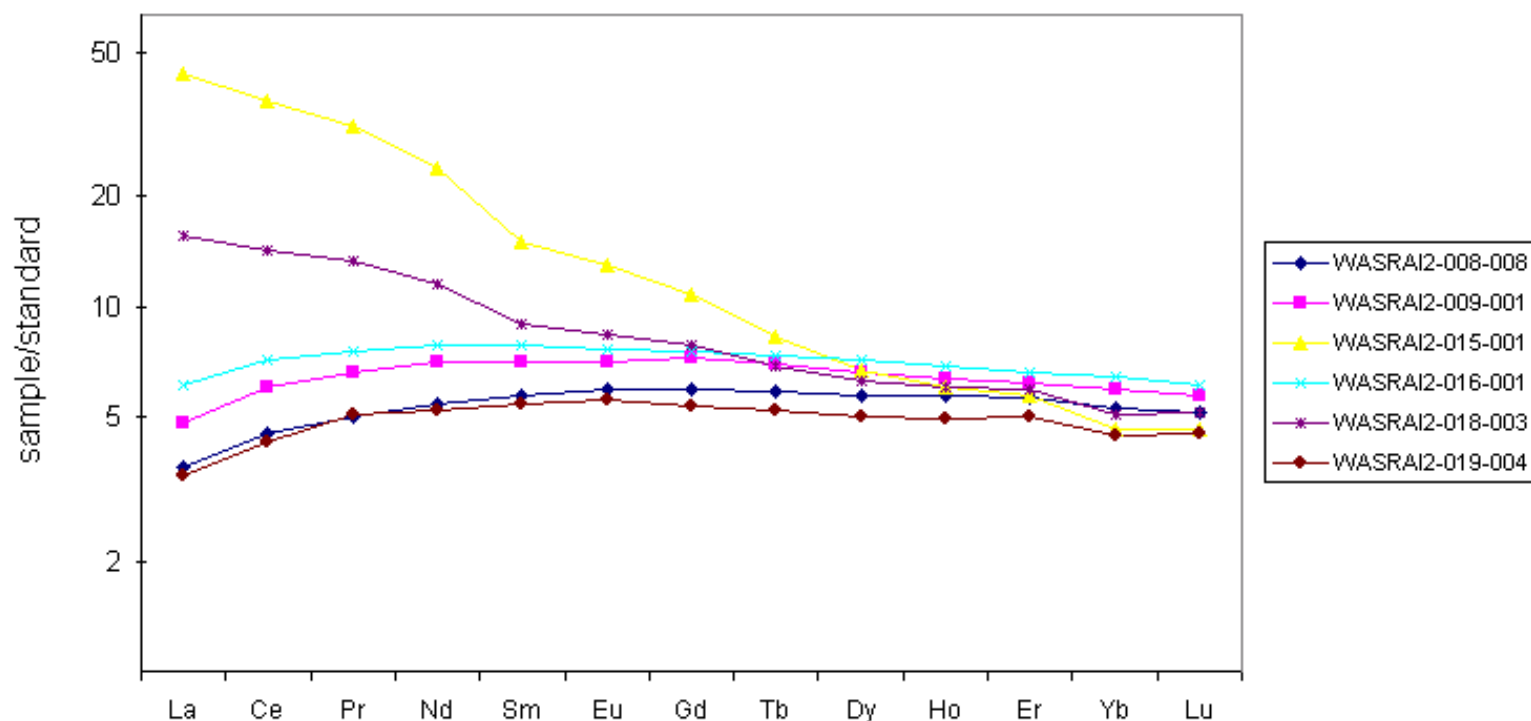
It works for not only XY Scatter chart, but also line chart or bar chart etc.

Here is an example of XY Scatter chart with Label Log Scale.



Here is an example of line chart with Label Log Scale.

normalized to P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)



Start:

Calculate log10 values on worksheet.

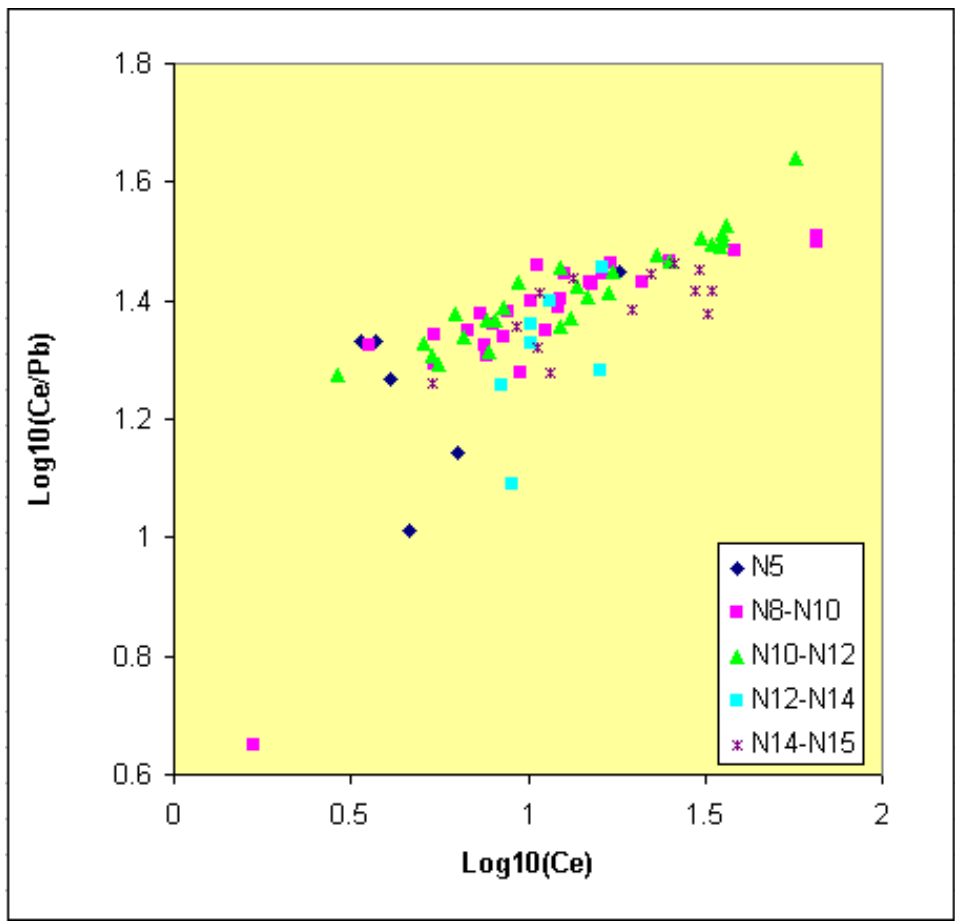
Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot

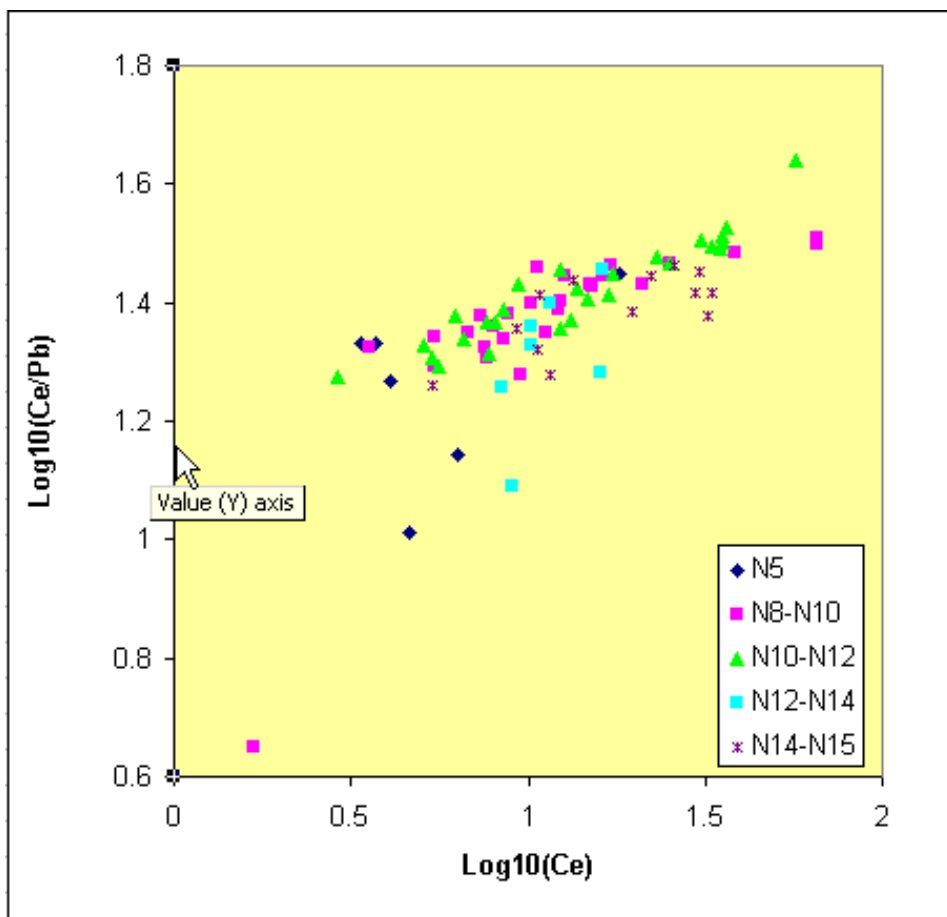
BF2 = =LOG10(BE2)

| | BD | BE | BF | BG |
|----|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| 1 | K2O/TiO2 | Ce/Pb | Log10(Ce/Pb) | Log10(Ce) |
| 2 | 0.039604 | 10.242826 | 1.010419779 | 0.666518 |
| 3 | 0.0416667 | 13.938731 | 1.144223232 | 0.8041394 |
| 4 | 0.032967 | 21.528662 | 1.333017048 | 0.5289167 |
| 5 | 0.0444444 | 21.453488 | 1.331497919 | 0.5670264 |
| 6 | 0.1666667 | 18.513514 | 1.267488847 | 0.6138418 |
| 7 | 0.1630435 | 27.987711 | 1.446967384 | 1.2605484 |
| 8 | 0.047619 | 21.130952 | 1.324919071 | 0.5502284 |
| 9 | 0.0728477 | 22.853026 | 1.358943713 | 0.8992732 |
| 10 | 0.0743243 | 28.733154 | 1.458383295 | 1.0277572 |
| 11 | 0.1008772 | 27.928082 | 1.446041114 | 1.212454 |

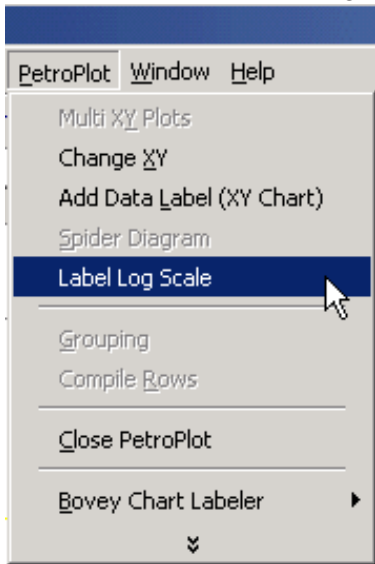
Make linear scale chart using the log10 values.



Step 1:
Select the axis you want to label.



Click PetroPlot --> Label Log Scale.



Step 2:

Type the log-scale labels.
 The selected axis will be rescaled based on your input.

PetroPlot: Label Log Scale

Label Log Scale

Minimum linear range Maximum linear range
 0.6 = LOG10(4) 1.6 = LOG10(50)

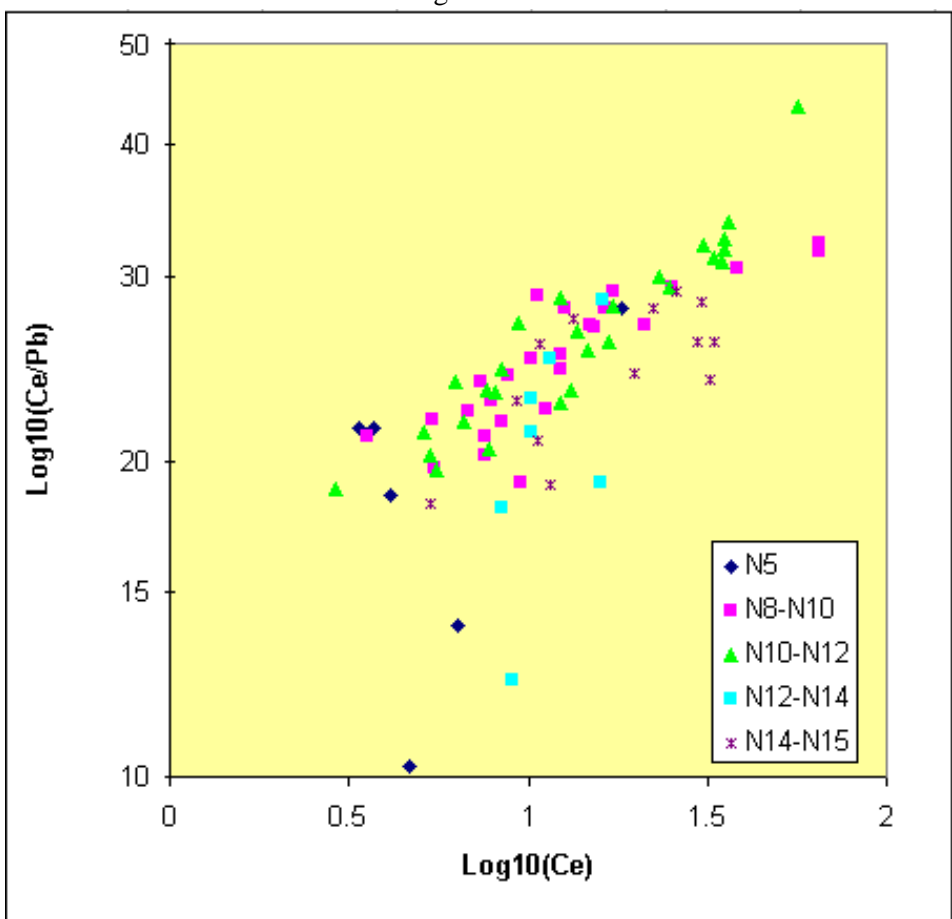
Label-Log-Scale label array (e.g. 1,10,20,50 etc)

10,15,20,30,40,50

The LOG10 value of the first entry will be new minimum scale
 The LOG10 value of the last entry will be new maximum scale

Click "O.K." button.

Notice the labels for Y axis are changed.



Repeat for each axis you want to add log-scale-Label.

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su
This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Label Log Scale function**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Clear Values function

Purpose:

An Excel calculation may return zeros or non-numeric values (e.g. "#VALUE!" or "#DIV/0!").

Aggregate functions such as average or standard deviation cannot be applied when the selection contains non-numeric cells.

To manually delete these bad cells can be time consuming if the data volume is large.

The PetroPlot function automates the cleaning process by making the meaningless cells empty.

Here is an example of a worksheet which contains non-numeric values & zeros.

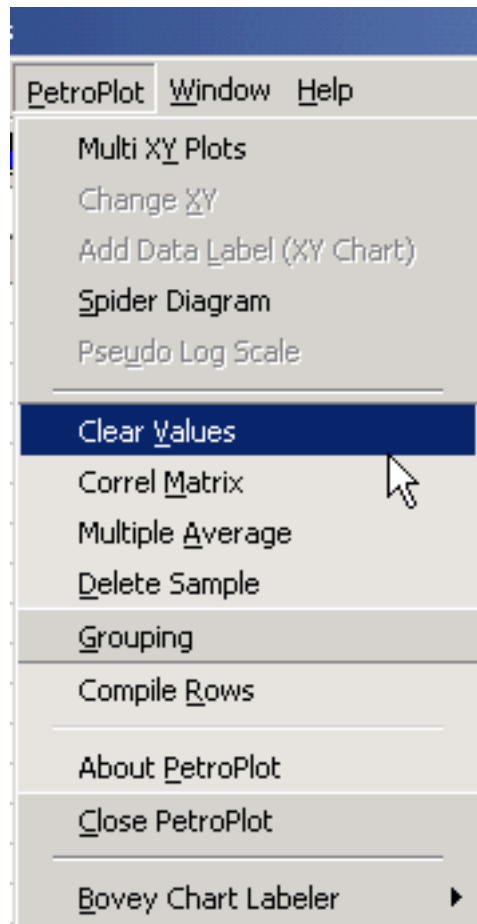
| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------|-----------|----|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot | | | | |
| | | | | |
| T7 = | | | | |
| | BE | BF | BG | BH |
| 1 | Ce/Pb | Log10(Ce/Pb) | Log10(Ce) | |
| 2 | 10.242826 | 1.010419779 | 0.666518 | |
| 3 | 13.938731 | 1.144223232 | 0.8041394 | |
| 4 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 0.5289167 | |
| 5 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 6 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 0.6138418 | |
| 7 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 8 | 21.130952 | 1.324919071 | 0.5502284 | |
| 9 | 22.853026 | 1.358943713 | 0.8992732 | |
| 10 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 1.0277572 | |
| 11 | 27.928082 | 1.446041114 | 1.212454 | |
| 12 | 25.307377 | 1.403247136 | 1.091667 | |
| 13 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 1.8139144 | |
| 14 | 24.442231 | 1.388140846 | 1.0888446 | |
| 15 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 16 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 1.1034616 | |
| 17 | 21.794872 | 1.338354319 | 0.9294189 | |
| 18 | 30.557325 | 1.485115331 | 1.584105 | |
| 19 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 1.4015728 | |
| 20 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 21 | 25.085575 | 1.399424053 | 1.0111474 | |
| 22 | 29.057239 | 1.463254346 | 1.2370408 | |
| 23 | 19.043825 | 1.279754175 | 0.9804579 | |
| 24 | 4.4680851 | 0.650121437 | 0.2253093 | |
| 25 | 21.94332 | 1.341302333 | 0.7339993 | |
| 26 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 27 | 26.825397 | 1.428546155 | 1.1821292 | |
| 28 | 20.238727 | 1.306183188 | 0.8825245 | |
| 29 | 27.01087 | 1.431538566 | 1.1734776 | |
| 30 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 31 | 22.425447 | 1.350741115 | 1.0523091 | |
| 32 | 19.67509 | 1.293916733 | 0.7363965 | |
| 33 | 23.81877 | 1.376919335 | 0.8668778 | |
| 34 | 27.003841 | 1.431425546 | 1.3240766 | |
| 35 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 36 | 23.323171 | 1.367787591 | 0.8836614 | |
| 37 | 27.060519 | 1.432336117 | 0.9726656 | |

Start:

Select a range on the worksheet.

| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------|-----------|----|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot | | | | |
| | | | | |
| BE10 | | =T10/AL10 | | |
| | BE | BF | BG | BH |
| 1 | Ce/Pb | Log10(Ce/Pb) | Log10(Ce) | |
| 2 | 10.242826 | 1.010419779 | 0.666518 | |
| 3 | 13.938731 | 1.144223232 | 0.8041394 | |
| 4 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 0.5289167 | |
| 5 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 6 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 0.6138418 | |
| 7 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 8 | 21.130952 | 1.324919071 | 0.5502284 | |
| 9 | 22.853026 | 1.358943713 | 0.8992732 | |
| 10 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 1.0277572 | |
| 11 | 27.928082 | 1.446041114 | 1.212454 | |
| 12 | 25.307377 | 1.403247136 | 1.091667 | |
| 13 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 1.8139144 | |
| 14 | 24.442231 | 1.388140846 | 1.0888446 | |
| 15 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 16 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 1.1034616 | |
| 17 | 21.794872 | 1.338354319 | 0.9294189 | |
| 18 | 30.557325 | 1.485115331 | 1.584105 | |
| 19 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 1.4015728 | |
| 20 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 21 | 25.085575 | 1.399424053 | 1.0111474 | |
| 22 | 29.057239 | 1.463254346 | 1.2370408 | |
| 23 | 19.043825 | 1.279754175 | 0.9804579 | |
| 24 | 4.4680851 | 0.650121437 | 0.2253093 | |
| 25 | 21.94332 | 1.341302333 | 0.7339993 | |
| 26 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 27 | 26.825397 | 1.428546155 | 1.1821292 | |
| 28 | 20.238727 | 1.306183188 | 0.8825245 | |
| 29 | 27.01087 | 1.431538566 | 1.1734776 | |
| 30 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 31 | 22.425447 | 1.350741115 | 1.0523091 | |
| 32 | 19.67509 | 1.293916733 | 0.7363965 | |
| 33 | 23.81877 | 1.376919335 | 0.8668778 | |
| 34 | 27.003841 | 1.431425546 | 1.3240766 | |
| 35 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | |
| 36 | 23.323171 | 1.367787591 | 0.8836614 | |
| 37 | 27.060519 | 1.432336117 | 0.9726656 | |
| 38 | 24.466859 | 1.388578215 | 0.9289077 | |

Click PetroPlot --> Clear Values.



Result:

| | BE | BF | BG | BH | BI | BJ |
|----|-----------|--------------|-----------|----|----|----|
| 1 | Ce/Pb | Log10(Ce/Pb) | Log10(Ce) | | | |
| 2 | 10.242826 | 1.010419779 | 0.666518 | | | |
| 3 | 13.938731 | 1.144223232 | 0.8041394 | | | |
| 4 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 0.5289167 | | | |
| 5 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | | | |
| 6 | #DIV/0! | #DIV/0! | 0.6138418 | | | |
| 7 | 0 | #NUM! | #NUM! | | | |
| 8 | 21.130952 | 1.324919071 | 0.5502284 | | | |
| 9 | 22.853026 | 1.358943713 | 0.8992732 | | | |
| 10 | | | 1.0277572 | | | |
| 11 | 27.928082 | 1.446041114 | 1.212454 | | | |
| 12 | 25.307377 | 1.403247136 | 1.091667 | | | |
| 13 | | | 1.8139144 | | | |
| 14 | 24.442231 | 1.388140846 | 1.0888446 | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | 1.1034616 | | | |
| 17 | 21.794872 | 1.338354319 | 0.9294189 | | | |
| 18 | 30.557325 | 1.485115331 | 1.584105 | | | |
| 19 | | | 1.4015728 | | | |
| 20 | | | | | | |
| 21 | 25.085575 | 1.399424053 | 1.0111474 | | | |
| 22 | 29.057239 | 1.463254346 | 1.2370408 | | | |
| 23 | 19.043825 | 1.279754175 | 0.9804579 | | | |
| 24 | 4.4680851 | 0.650121437 | 0.2253093 | | | |
| 25 | 21.94332 | 1.341302333 | 0.7339993 | | | |
| 26 | | | | | | |
| 27 | 26.825397 | 1.428546155 | 1.1821292 | | | |
| 28 | 20.238727 | 1.306183188 | 0.8825245 | | | |
| 29 | 27.01087 | 1.431538566 | 1.1734776 | | | |
| 30 | | | | | | |
| 31 | 22.425447 | 1.350741115 | 1.0523091 | | | |
| 32 | 19.67509 | 1.293916733 | 0.7363965 | | | |
| 33 | 23.81877 | 1.376919335 | 0.8668778 | | | |
| 34 | 27.003841 | 1.431425546 | 1.3240766 | | | |
| 35 | | | | | | |
| 36 | 23.323171 | 1.367787591 | 0.8836614 | | | |
| 37 | 27.060519 | 1.432336117 | 0.9726656 | | | |



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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Clear Values function**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Correl Matrix function

Purpose:

This function calculates a correlation matrix for a selected data area. The output is sent to a new worksheet.

The result is similar to the correlation function in Excel Add-In “Data Analyses” tool package. The advantage of this PetroPlot function is that it outputs formulas instead of calculated values. If the source data are modified, the correlation matrix generated by PetroPlot will be automatically updated.

Start:

Select a range on the worksheet.

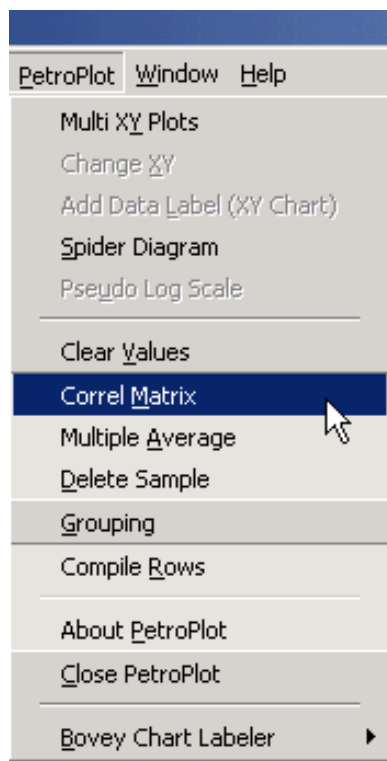
| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|------|-------|--------|----|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Arial 8 B I U | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H2 = 49.18 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O | P | Q | R | |
| 1 | elevation | SiO2 | TiO2 | Al2O3 | FeOT | MnO | MgO | CaO | Na2O | K2O | P2O5 | Ba | Be |
| 2 | -1938 | 49.18 | 1.01 | 16.42 | 8.43 | 0.15 | 9.35 | 12.76 | 2.29 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 1.81 | |
| 3 | -1938 | 49.87 | 1.2 | 15.38 | 9.42 | 0.2 | 8.28 | 12.96 | 2.55 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 2.22 | |
| 4 | -1788 | 49.12 | 0.91 | 16.68 | 8.1 | 0.15 | 9.7 | 12.74 | 2.16 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 1.27 | |
| 5 | -1788 | 50.27 | 1.35 | 15.1 | 9.38 | 0.19 | 8.26 | 12.46 | 2.52 | 0.06 | 0.15 | 2.41 | |
| 6 | -1788 | 50.72 | 1.92 | 14.89 | 10.35 | 0.2 | 6.61 | 11.25 | 3.13 | 0.32 | 0.23 | 1.84 | |
| 7 | -2320 | 50.65 | 1.84 | 14.72 | 10.44 | 0.21 | 6.7 | 11.29 | 3.24 | 0.3 | 0.22 | 38.32 | |
| 8 | -2087 | 50.45 | 1.05 | 14.96 | 9.15 | 0.19 | 8.47 | 13.02 | 2.24 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 1.85 | |
| 9 | -3800 | 50.81 | 1.51 | 14.18 | 10.97 | 0.23 | 7.13 | 11.92 | 2.67 | 0.11 | 0.16 | 9.31 | |
| 10 | -3100 | 50.01 | 1.48 | 15.22 | 9.6 | 0.19 | 8.11 | 12.41 | 2.39 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 5.99 | |
| 11 | -2731 | 50.29 | 2.28 | 13.66 | 12.55 | 0.23 | 6.4 | 11.14 | 2.73 | 0.23 | 0.25 | 18.91 | |
| 12 | -2865 | 48.34 | 1.27 | 17.18 | 8.74 | 0.18 | 9.16 | 11.85 | 2.77 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 16.42 | |
| 13 | -2180 | 48.4 | 2.28 | 16.88 | 8.82 | 0.169 | 7.23 | 9.68 | 3.36 | 0.88 | 0.435 | 384.26 | |
| 14 | -2180 | 48.4 | 1.29 | 17.16 | 8.69 | 0.18 | 9.17 | 11.81 | 2.78 | 0.14 | 0.19 | 15.34 | |
| 15 | -1682 | 48.97 | 2.38 | 18.1 | 8.89 | 0.2 | 6.47 | 8.95 | 3.87 | 1.32 | 0.57 | 325.52 | |
| 16 | -2985 | 50.39 | 1.58 | 14.83 | 10 | 0.23 | 7.79 | 12.07 | 2.54 | 0.14 | 0.2 | 15.92 | |
| 17 | -2985 | 50.12 | 1.08 | 16.05 | 8.3 | 0.19 | 8.63 | 12.76 | 2.41 | 0.08 | 0.17 | 9.52 | |
| 18 | -2720 | 50.33 | 2.23 | 15.08 | 10.11 | 0.24 | 6.29 | 11.12 | 3.28 | 0.7 | 0.35 | 185.19 | |
| 19 | -2720 | 49.99 | 1.76 | 15.84 | 9.2 | 0.19 | 7.49 | 11.41 | 3.07 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 104.93 | |
| 20 | -2375 | 49.75 | 1.09 | 16.07 | 8.41 | 0.19 | 8.64 | 12.95 | 2.47 | 0.08 | 0.16 | 4.21 | |
| 21 | -2985 | 51.28 | 1.5 | 14.73 | 9.86 | 0.2 | 7.83 | 11.42 | 2.58 | 0.12 | 0.18 | 11.59 | |
| 22 | -2985 | 51.81 | 2.01 | 14.07 | 11.32 | 0.21 | 6.95 | 10.09 | 2.79 | 0.17 | 0.25 | 24.28 | |
| 23 | -2711 | 50.82 | 1.42 | 15.27 | 9.52 | 0.17 | 8.31 | 11.38 | 2.52 | 0.12 | 0.19 | 9.98 | |
| 24 | -2761 | 51.92 | 1.33 | 14.67 | 9.69 | 0.19 | 7.95 | 11.22 | 2.45 | 0.08 | 0.18 | 2.77 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| 24 | -2761 | 51.92 | 1.33 | 14.67 | 9.69 | 0.19 | 7.95 | 11.22 | 2.45 | 0.08 | 0.18 | 2.77 |
| 25 | -3025 | 49.18 | 0.98 | 17.38 | 8.53 | 0.15 | 9.77 | 11.06 | 2.47 | 0.06 | 0.15 | 3.12 |
| 26 | -3140 | 51.08 | 1.4 | 14.75 | 10.07 | 0.21 | 7.68 | 11.52 | 2.73 | 0.07 | 0.16 | 2.87 |
| 27 | -3140 | 51.68 | 2.07 | 13.97 | 11.44 | 0.21 | 6.8 | 10.23 | 2.81 | 0.16 | 0.24 | 15.36 |
| 28 | -2220 | 50.21 | 1.26 | 15.54 | 8.86 | 0.17 | 8.37 | 12.48 | 2.61 | 0.09 | 0.11 | 3.62 |
| 29 | -1984 | 50.97 | 2.16 | 13.95 | 11.55 | 0.22 | 6.78 | 10.83 | 2.84 | 0.16 | 0.2 | 15.2 |
| 30 | -1984 | 49.85 | 1.15 | 15.94 | 8.88 | 0.19 | 8.72 | 12.41 | 2.41 | 0.06 | 0.16 | 2.03 |
| 31 | -2726 | 49.73 | 1.44 | 16.35 | 8.6 | 0.17 | 8.88 | 11.67 | 2.55 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 14.83 |
| 32 | -1892 | 48.94 | 1.08 | 16.91 | 8.35 | 0.17 | 9.29 | 12.03 | 2.73 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 3.52 |
| 33 | -2345 | 49.99 | 1.18 | 15.74 | 8.92 | 0.16 | 8.52 | 12.47 | 2.42 | 0.12 | 0.16 | 10.24 |
| 34 | -3025 | 49.8 | 1.47 | 16.59 | 8.05 | 0.16 | 8.63 | 11.64 | 2.74 | 0.34 | 0.24 | 76.18 |
| 35 | -2640 | 47.76 | 1.24 | 17.63 | 8.34 | 0.16 | 9.62 | 11.87 | 2.88 | 0.09 | 0.13 | 6.04 |
| 36 | -2493 | 48.48 | 1.21 | 17.55 | 8.17 | 0.17 | 9.17 | 11.7 | 3.09 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 2.99 |
| 37 | -2440 | 49.15 | 1.17 | 16.56 | 8.56 | 0.16 | 8.98 | 12.11 | 2.75 | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.69 |
| 38 | -2440 | 49.31 | 1.25 | 16.34 | 8.63 | 0.16 | 8.89 | 12.08 | 2.78 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 10.73 |
| 39 | -2380 | 50.22 | 1.28 | 15.22 | 9.09 | 0.18 | 8.52 | 12.24 | 2.74 | 0.07 | 0.15 | 2.88 |
| 40 | -2150 | 49.42 | 0.99 | 16.96 | 8.3 | 0.13 | 8.82 | 12.48 | 2.41 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 3.05 |
| 41 | -2600 | 49.52 | 1.03 | 16.33 | 8.57 | 0.17 | 9.18 | 12.27 | 2.46 | 0.07 | 0.14 | 3.01 |
| 42 | -3220 | 51.94 | 3.68 | 11.7 | 16.45 | 0.31 | 3.94 | 7.88 | 3.07 | 0.35 | 0.37 | 34.39 |
| 43 | -2985 | 51.32 | 2.94 | 12.74 | 14.16 | 0.26 | 5.27 | 9.49 | 3.15 | 0.25 | 0.2 | 27.12 |
| 44 | -2964 | 50.94 | 2.44 | 13.14 | 12.81 | 0.26 | 6.21 | 10.31 | 3.2 | 0.18 | 0.22 | 19.96 |
| 45 | -2834 | 49.14 | 1.36 | 16.84 | 8.87 | 0.18 | 8.84 | 11.18 | 2.92 | 0.23 | 0.17 | 40.74 |

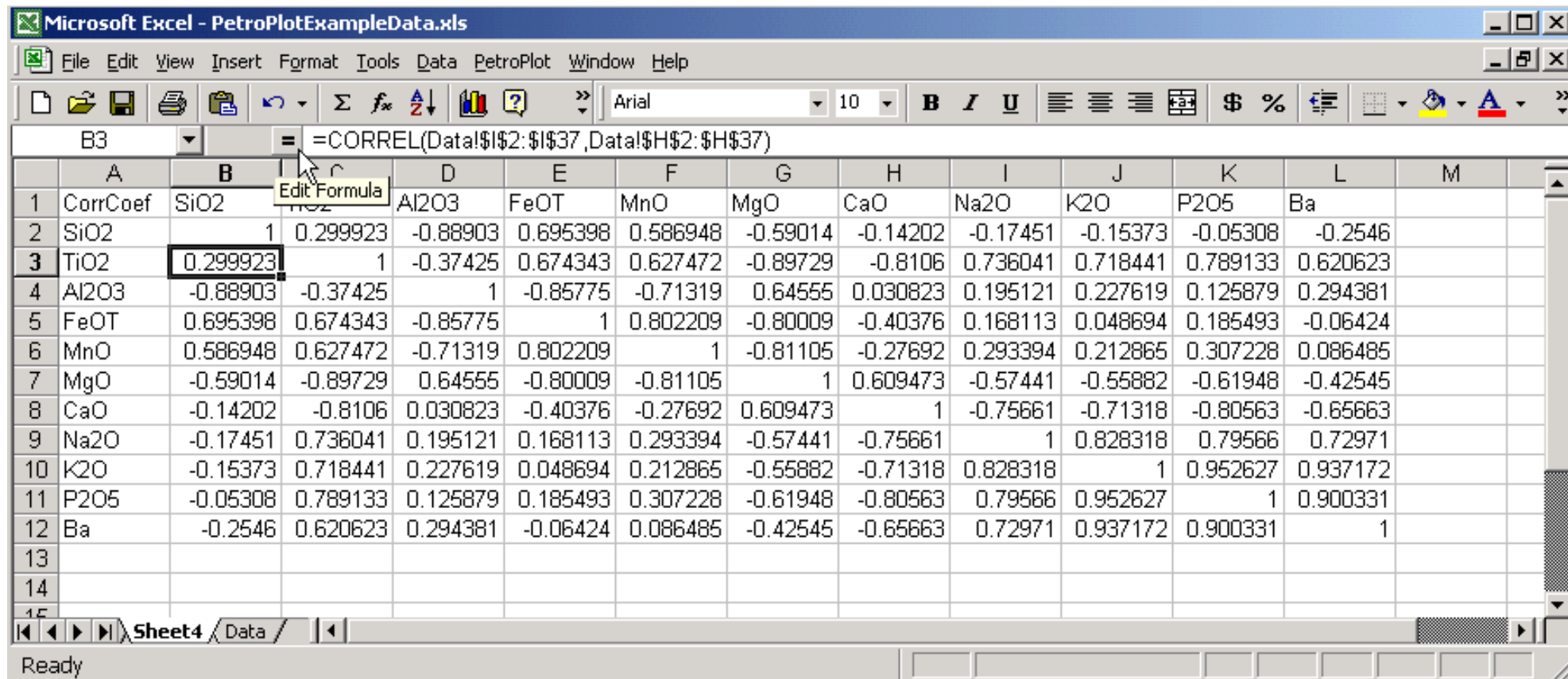
groupinfo / Sheet1 / Sheet2 / Sheet3 / **Data**

Ready
Sum=4948.944

Click PetroPlot --> Correl Matrix.



Result: (Notice that the formula instead of a value is entered in a cell.)



Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Correl Matrix function**

Multiple Average function

Purpose:

This function calculates multiple averages or other aggregates functions such as “STDEV”, “MIN”, “MAX” and “SUM” based on grouping classification that is planed in a separate column. Calculation formulas are exported to a new worksheet. The averages will be automatically updated once source data are modified.

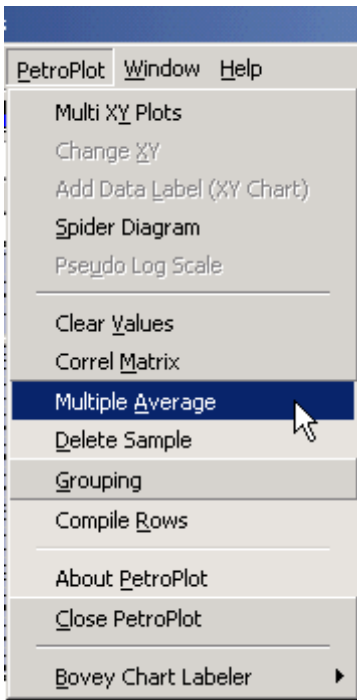
In the following example, averages will be calculated for each series based on the series name.

Start:

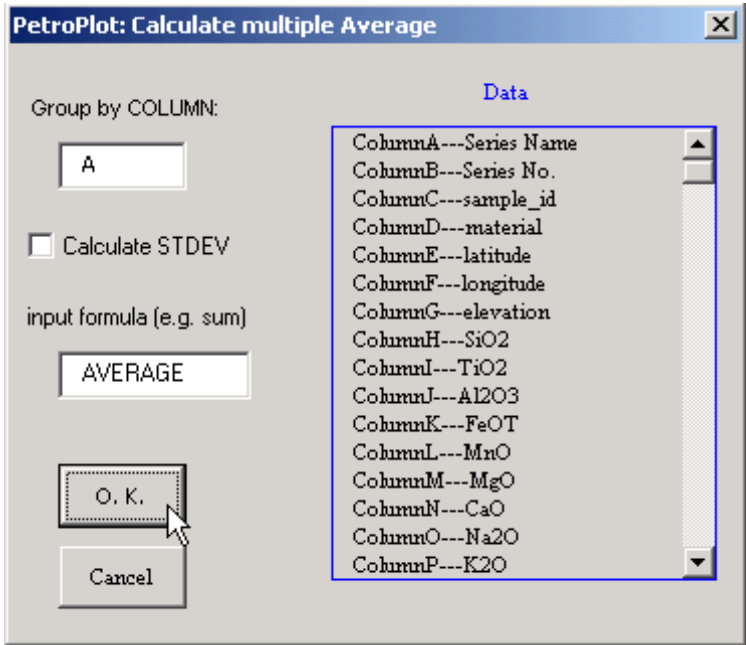
Select a range on the worksheet.

[illegible]

Click PetroPlot --> Multiple Average.



Input the grouping column & formula:



Result: (Notice that the formula instead of a value is entered in a cell.)

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

B2 = =AVERAGE(Data!H\$2:H\$7)

| | A | B | C | D | E | Formula Bar | G | H | I | J | K | L |
|---|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---|
| 1 | Series Name | SiO2 | TiO2 | Al2O3 | FeOT | MnO | MgO | CaO | Na2O | K2O | P2O5 | |
| 2 | N5 | 49.96833 | 1.371667 | 15.53167 | 9.353333 | 0.183333 | 8.15 | 12.24333 | 2.648333 | 0.133333 | 0.166667 | |
| 3 | N8-N10 | 50.13 | 1.545556 | 15.59519 | 9.521111 | 0.192185 | 7.98 | 11.53852 | 2.712222 | 0.23 | 0.212407 | |
| 4 | N10-N12 | 49.91704 | 1.755926 | 15.55185 | 10.03407 | 0.192963 | 7.701852 | 11.1437 | 2.941481 | 0.246296 | 0.208889 | |
| 5 | N12-N14 | 50.57143 | 1.401429 | 15.51714 | 9.051429 | 0.17 | 7.907143 | 11.93857 | 2.86 | 0.12 | 0.16 | |
| 6 | N14-N15 | 50.57231 | 1.761538 | 15.36077 | 9.551538 | 0.183846 | 7.43 | 11.29154 | 3.06 | 0.272308 | 0.214615 | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Sheet5 Data

Ready

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Multiple Average function**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Delete Sample function

Purpose:

This function can delete non-consecutive rows based on customized criteria.

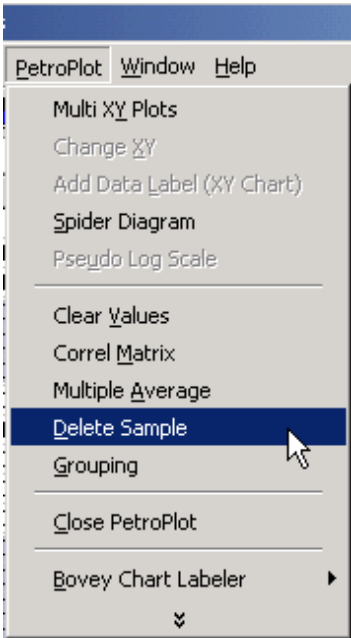
Start:

Select a set of rows on a data sheet.

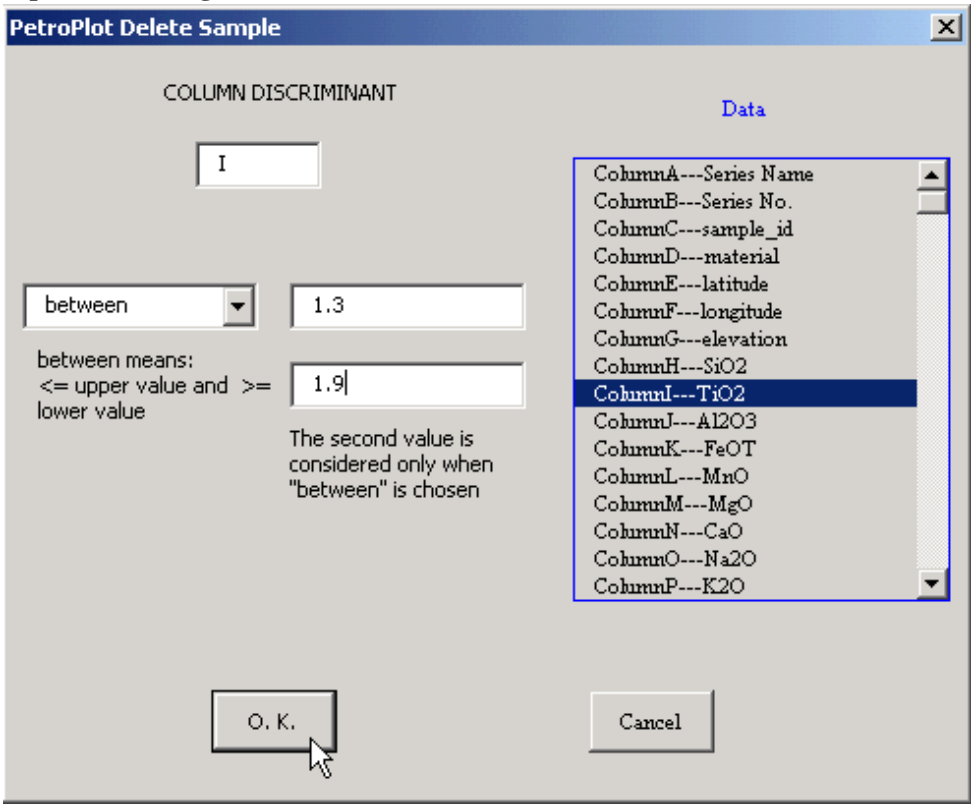
(Note: You can select any column. PetroPlot only reads the row positions from your selection.)

| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C19 = WASRAI2-018-003 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K |
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | material | latitude | longitude | elevation | SiO2 | TiO2 | Al2O3 | FeOT |
| 2 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-014 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.18 | 1.01 | 16.42 | 8.43 |
| 3 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-017 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.87 | 1.2 | 15.38 | 9.42 |
| 4 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-001 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 49.12 | 0.91 | 16.68 | 8.1 |
| 5 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-003 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.27 | 1.35 | 15.1 | 9.38 |
| 6 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-004 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.72 | 1.92 | 14.89 | 10.35 |
| 7 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-004-007 | glass | 5.6 | -103.018 | -2320 | 50.65 | 1.84 | 14.72 | 10.44 |
| 8 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-007-013 | glass | 8.145 | -103.178 | -2087 | 50.45 | 1.05 | 14.96 | 9.15 |
| 9 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-008-008 | glass | 8.353 | -103.023 | -3800 | 50.81 | 1.51 | 14.18 | 10.97 |
| 10 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-009-001 | glass | 8.392 | -103.525 | -3100 | 50.01 | 1.48 | 15.22 | 9.6 |
| 11 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-010-003 | glass | 8.348 | -104.105 | -2731 | 50.29 | 2.28 | 13.66 | 12.55 |
| 12 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-012-001 | glass | 8.363 | -105.638 | -2865 | 48.34 | 1.27 | 17.18 | 8.74 |
| 13 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-001 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 | 2.28 | 16.88 | 8.82 |
| 14 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-002 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 | 1.29 | 17.16 | 8.69 |
| 15 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-015-001 | glass | 8.768 | -104.528 | -1682 | 48.97 | 2.38 | 18.1 | 8.89 |
| 16 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-001 | glass | 8.843 | -104.56 | -2985 | 50.39 | 1.58 | 14.83 | 10 |
| 17 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-002 | glass | 8.843 | -104.56 | -2985 | 50.12 | 1.08 | 16.05 | 8.3 |
| 18 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-017-001 | glass | 8.912 | -104.565 | -2720 | 50.33 | 2.23 | 15.08 | 10.11 |
| 19 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-018-003 | glass | 8.935 | -104.457 | -2720 | 49.99 | 1.76 | 15.84 | 9.2 |
| 20 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-019-004 | glass | 8.933 | -104.405 | -2375 | 49.75 | 1.09 | 16.07 | 8.41 |
| 21 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-002 | glass | 8.995 | -104.373 | -2985 | 51.28 | 1.5 | 14.73 | 9.86 |
| 22 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-003 | glass | 8.995 | -104.373 | -2985 | 51.81 | 2.01 | 14.07 | 11.32 |
| 23 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-021-006 | glass | 8.897 | -104.143 | -2711 | 50.82 | 1.42 | 15.27 | 9.52 |
| 24 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-022-001 | glass | 8.897 | -104.102 | -2761 | 51.92 | 1.33 | 14.67 | 9.69 |
| 25 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-023-002 | glass | 9.035 | -104.045 | -3025 | 49.18 | 0.98 | 17.38 | 8.53 |
| 26 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-024-001 | glass | 8.963 | -103.208 | -3140 | 51.08 | 1.4 | 14.75 | 10.07 |

Click PetroPlot --> Delete Sample.



Input the deleting criteria:



Result:

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

WASRAI2-018-003

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I |
|----|-------------|------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------|------|
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | material | latitude | longitude | elevation | SiO2 | TiO2 |
| 2 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-014 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.18 | 1.01 |
| 3 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-017 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.87 | 1.2 |
| 4 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-001 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 49.12 | 0.91 |
| 5 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-004 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.72 | 1.92 |
| 6 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-004-007 | glass | 5.6 | -103.018 | -2320 | 50.65 | 1.84 |
| 7 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-007-013 | glass | 8.145 | -103.178 | -2087 | 50.45 | 1.05 |
| 8 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-008-008 | glass | 8.353 | -103.023 | -3800 | 50.81 | 1.51 |
| 9 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-009-001 | glass | 8.392 | -103.525 | -3100 | 50.01 | 1.48 |
| 10 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-010-003 | glass | 8.348 | -104.105 | -2731 | 50.29 | 2.28 |
| 11 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-012-001 | glass | 8.363 | -105.638 | -2865 | 48.34 | 1.27 |
| 12 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-001 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 | 2.28 |
| 13 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-002 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 | 1.29 |
| 14 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-015-001 | glass | 8.768 | -104.528 | -1682 | 48.97 | 2.38 |
| 15 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-001 | glass | 8.843 | -104.56 | -2985 | 50.39 | 1.58 |
| 16 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-002 | glass | 8.843 | -104.56 | -2985 | 50.12 | 1.08 |
| 17 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-017-001 | glass | 8.912 | -104.565 | -2720 | 50.33 | 2.23 |
| 18 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-019-004 | glass | 8.933 | -104.405 | -2375 | 49.75 | 1.09 |
| 19 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-002 | glass | 8.995 | -104.373 | -2985 | 51.28 | 1.5 |
| 20 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-003 | glass | 8.995 | -104.373 | -2985 | 51.81 | 2.01 |
| 21 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-021-006 | glass | 8.897 | -104.143 | -2711 | 50.82 | 1.42 |
| 22 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-022-001 | glass | 8.897 | -104.102 | -2761 | 51.92 | 1.33 |
| 23 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-023-002 | glass | 9.035 | -104.045 | -3025 | 49.18 | 0.98 |

Microsoft Excel

2 rows deleted

OK

Note:
The deleting condition could be as following. Only "between" needs two values.

between|

between

=

>

<

>=

<=

<>

The second value is considered only when "between" is chosen

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su
This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Delete Sample function**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Grouping function

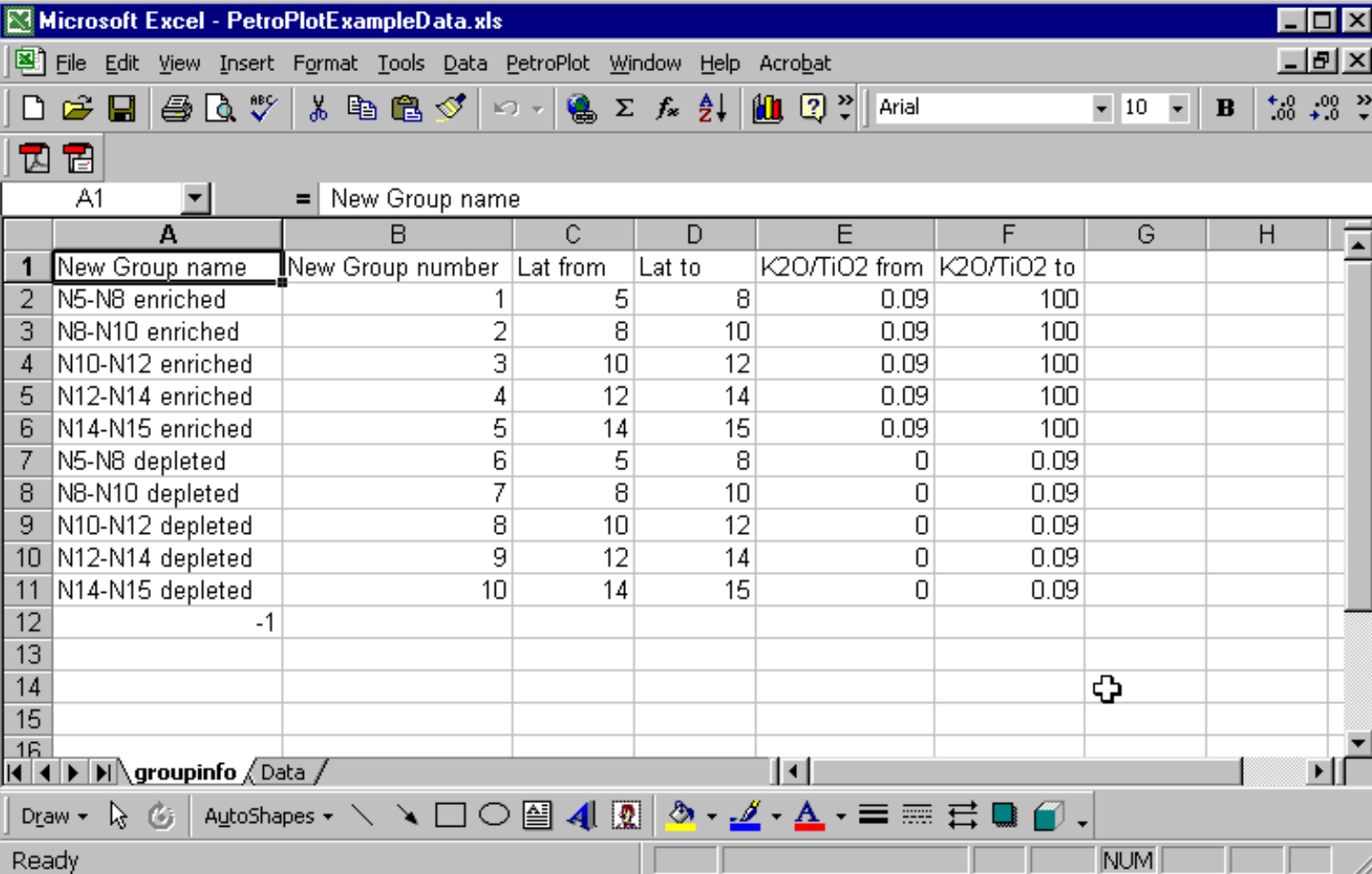
Purpose:

Samples are often grouped by a variety of criteria, such as locations, materials, chemical values, calculated indexes (e.g. Na8, La/Sm), analytical methods etc.

The PetroPlot Grouping function reads grouping information from a grouping worksheet, and assigns grouping number/ID to individual samples in the data sheet

Start: Open [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#) in Excel.

The "groupinfo" worksheet should have 6 columns and 11 rows, with a "-1" at cell A12.



| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|----|------------------|------------------|----------|--------|---------------|-------------|---|---|
| 1 | New Group name | New Group number | Lat from | Lat to | K2O/TiO2 from | K2O/TiO2 to | | |
| 2 | N5-N8 enriched | 1 | 5 | 8 | 0.09 | 100 | | |
| 3 | N8-N10 enriched | 2 | 8 | 10 | 0.09 | 100 | | |
| 4 | N10-N12 enriched | 3 | 10 | 12 | 0.09 | 100 | | |
| 5 | N12-N14 enriched | 4 | 12 | 14 | 0.09 | 100 | | |
| 6 | N14-N15 enriched | 5 | 14 | 15 | 0.09 | 100 | | |
| 7 | N5-N8 depleted | 6 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 0.09 | | |
| 8 | N8-N10 depleted | 7 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 0.09 | | |
| 9 | N10-N12 depleted | 8 | 10 | 12 | 0 | 0.09 | | |
| 10 | N12-N14 depleted | 9 | 12 | 14 | 0 | 0.09 | | |
| 11 | N14-N15 depleted | 10 | 14 | 15 | 0 | 0.09 | | |
| 12 | -1 | | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | |

Step 1: Select rows you want to work on.

Note: you can highlight any column.

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help Acrobat

Arial 10 B

C2 = WASRAI2-001-014

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |
|----|-------------|------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------|------|-------|
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | material | latitude | longitude | elevation | SiO2 | TiO2 | Al2O3 |
| 2 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-014 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.18 | 1.01 | 16.4 |
| 3 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001-017 | glass | 5.777 | -102.183 | -1938 | 49.87 | 1.2 | 15.3 |
| 4 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-001 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 49.12 | 0.91 | 16.6 |
| 5 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-003 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.27 | 1.35 | 15 |
| 6 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003-004 | glass | 5.775 | -102.212 | -1788 | 50.72 | 1.92 | 14.8 |
| 7 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-004-007 | glass | 5.6 | -103.018 | -2320 | 50.65 | 1.84 | 14.7 |
| 8 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-007-013 | glass | 8.145 | -103.178 | -2087 | 50.45 | 1.05 | 14.9 |
| 9 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-008-008 | glass | 8.353 | -103.023 | -3800 | 50.81 | 1.51 | 14.1 |
| 10 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-009-001 | glass | 8.392 | -103.525 | -3100 | 50.01 | 1.48 | 15.2 |
| 11 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-010-003 | glass | 8.348 | -104.105 | -2731 | 50.29 | 2.28 | 13.6 |
| 12 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-012-001 | glass | 8.363 | -105.638 | -2865 | 48.34 | 1.27 | 17.1 |
| 13 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-001 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 | 2.28 | 16.8 |
| 14 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-013-002 | glass | 8.402 | -104.688 | -2180 | 48.4 | 1.29 | 17.1 |
| 15 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-015-001 | glass | 8.768 | -104.528 | -1682 | 48.97 | 2.38 | 18 |
| 16 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-001 | glass | 8.843 | -104.56 | -2985 | 50.39 | 1.58 | 14.8 |
| 17 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-016-002 | glass | 8.843 | -104.56 | -2985 | 50.12 | 1.08 | 16.0 |
| 18 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-017-001 | glass | 8.912 | -104.565 | -2720 | 50.33 | 2.23 | 15.0 |
| 19 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-018-003 | glass | 8.935 | -104.457 | -2720 | 49.99 | 1.76 | 15.8 |
| 20 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-019-004 | glass | 8.933 | -104.405 | -2375 | 49.75 | 1.09 | 16.0 |
| 21 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-002 | glass | 8.995 | -104.373 | -2985 | 51.28 | 1.5 | 14.7 |
| 22 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-020-003 | glass | 8.995 | -104.373 | -2985 | 51.81 | 2.01 | 14.0 |
| 23 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-021-006 | glass | 8.897 | -104.143 | -2711 | 50.82 | 1.42 | 15.2 |
| 24 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-022-001 | glass | 8.897 | -104.102 | -2761 | 51.92 | 1.33 | 14.8 |
| 25 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-023-002 | glass | 9.035 | -104.045 | -3025 | 49.18 | 0.98 | 17.3 |
| 26 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-024-001 | glass | 8.963 | -103.208 | -3140 | 51.08 | 1.4 | 14.7 |
| 27 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-024-005 | glass | 8.963 | -103.208 | -3140 | 51.68 | 2.07 | 13.9 |

groupinfo Data

Draw AutoShapes

Ready NUM

Step 2: click the "PetroPlot" menubar.

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help Acrobat

Multi XY Plots
Change XY
Data Label (XY)
Spider Diagram (Line)
Clear Values
Correl Matrix
Do Average
Delete Row
Grouping
Compile Rows
About PetroPlot
Close PetroPlot

C2 = WASRAI2-001-

| | A | B | C | F |
|----|-------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | longitude |
| 2 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001 | -102.183 |
| 3 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001 | -102.183 |
| 4 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003 | -102.212 |
| 5 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003 | -102.212 |
| 6 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003 | -102.212 |
| 7 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-004 | -103.018 |
| 8 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-007 | -103.178 |
| 9 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-008 | -103.023 |
| 10 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-009 | -103.525 |
| 11 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-010-005 | -104.105 |
| 12 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-012-001 | -105.638 |

Then select the "Grouping" button.

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help Acrobat

Multi XY Plots
Change XY
Data Label (XY)
Spider Diagram (Line)
Clear Values
Correl Matrix
Do Average
Delete Row
Grouping
Compile Rows
About PetroPlot
Close PetroPlot

C2 = WASRAI2-001-

| | A | B | C | F |
|----|-------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | longitude |
| 2 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001 | -102.183 |
| 3 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-001 | -102.183 |
| 4 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003 | -102.212 |
| 5 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003 | -102.212 |
| 6 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-003 | -102.212 |
| 7 | N5 | 1 | WASRAI2-004 | -103.018 |
| 8 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-007 | -103.178 |
| 9 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-008 | -103.023 |
| 10 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-009 | -103.525 |
| 11 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-010-005 | -104.105 |
| 12 | N8-N10 | 2 | WASRAI2-012-001 | -105.638 |

Now you see the "Grouping" window. In this window, the program reads from the "data" sheet

PetroPlot: Grouping

Grouping

Step 1: Choose Group Info Worksheet

groupinfo

Data

ColumnA---Series Name
ColumnB---Series No.
ColumnC---sample_id
ColumnD---material
ColumnE---latitude
ColumnF---longitude
ColumnG---elevation
ColumnH---SiO2
ColumnI---TiO2
ColumnJ---Al2O3
ColumnK---FeOT
ColumnL---MnO
ColumnM---MgO
ColumnN---CaO
ColumnO---Na2O
ColumnP---K2O
ColumnQ---P2O5
ColumnR---Ba
ColumnS---Be
ColumnT---Ce
ColumnU---Co
ColumnV---Cr
ColumnW---Cs

Step 2: Using columns in Data

< Grouping Columns

Maxmium 5

Step 3: Which column for output in Data

< Output to

Next >

Cancel

Step 3: Set up the group info sheet.

Note: you can make multiple group info sheets, and define different groups.

PetroPlot: Grouping

Grouping

Step 1: Choose Group Info Worksheet

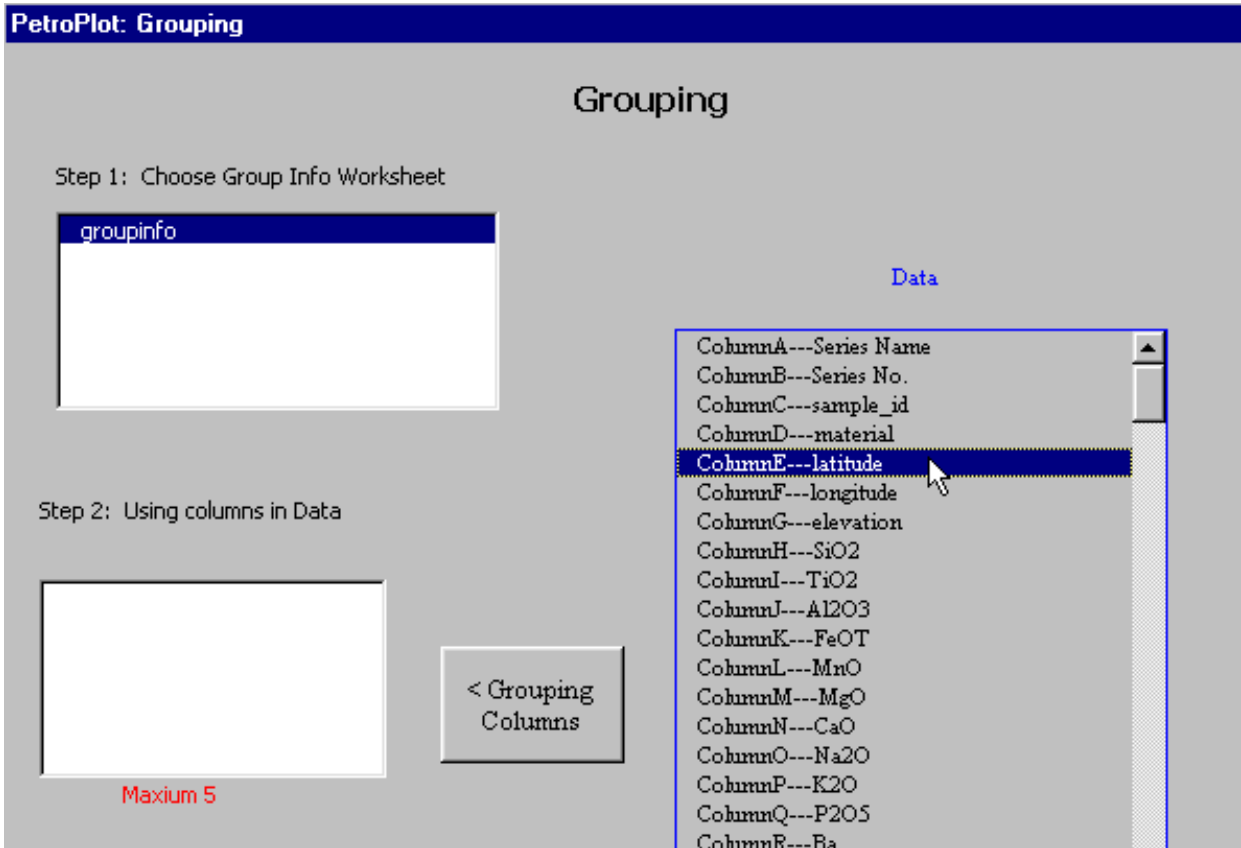
groupinfo

Data

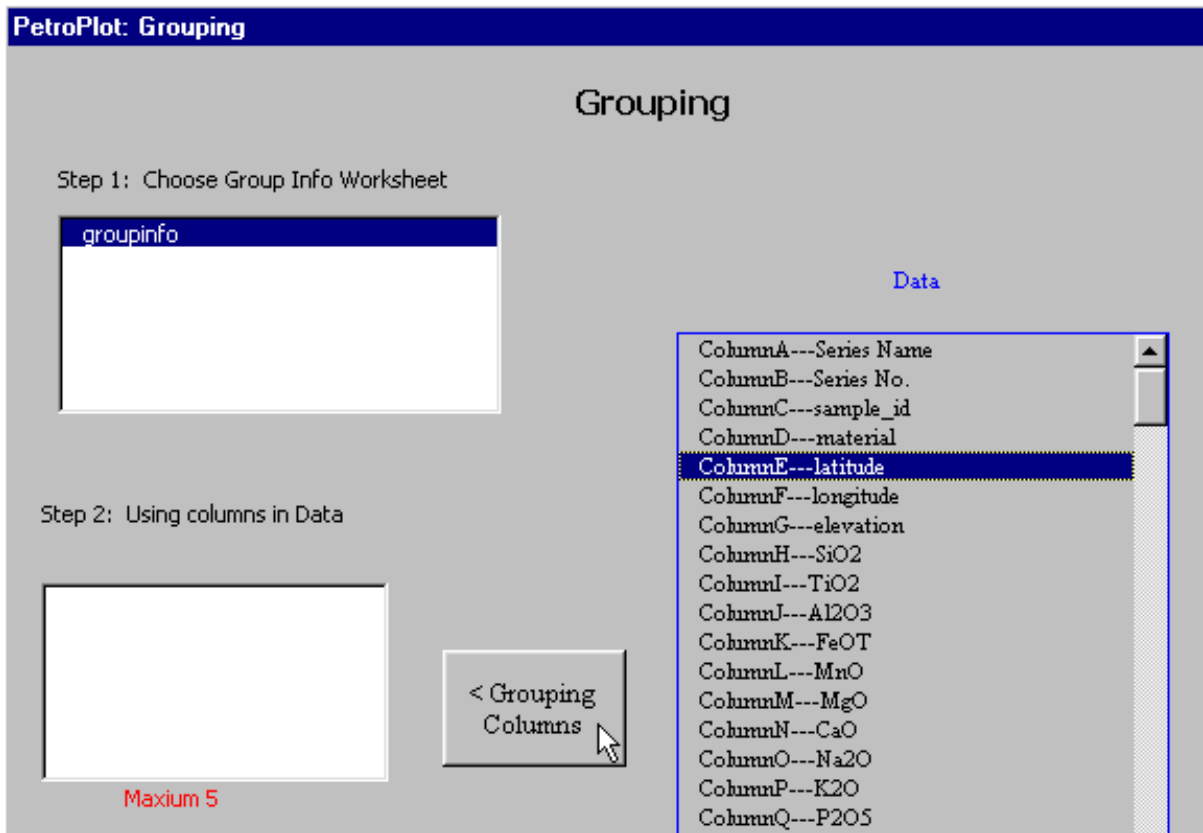
ColumnA---Series Name
ColumnB---Series No.
ColumnC---sample_id
ColumnD---material
ColumnE---latitude
ColumnF---longitude
ColumnG---elevation

Step 2: Using columns in Data

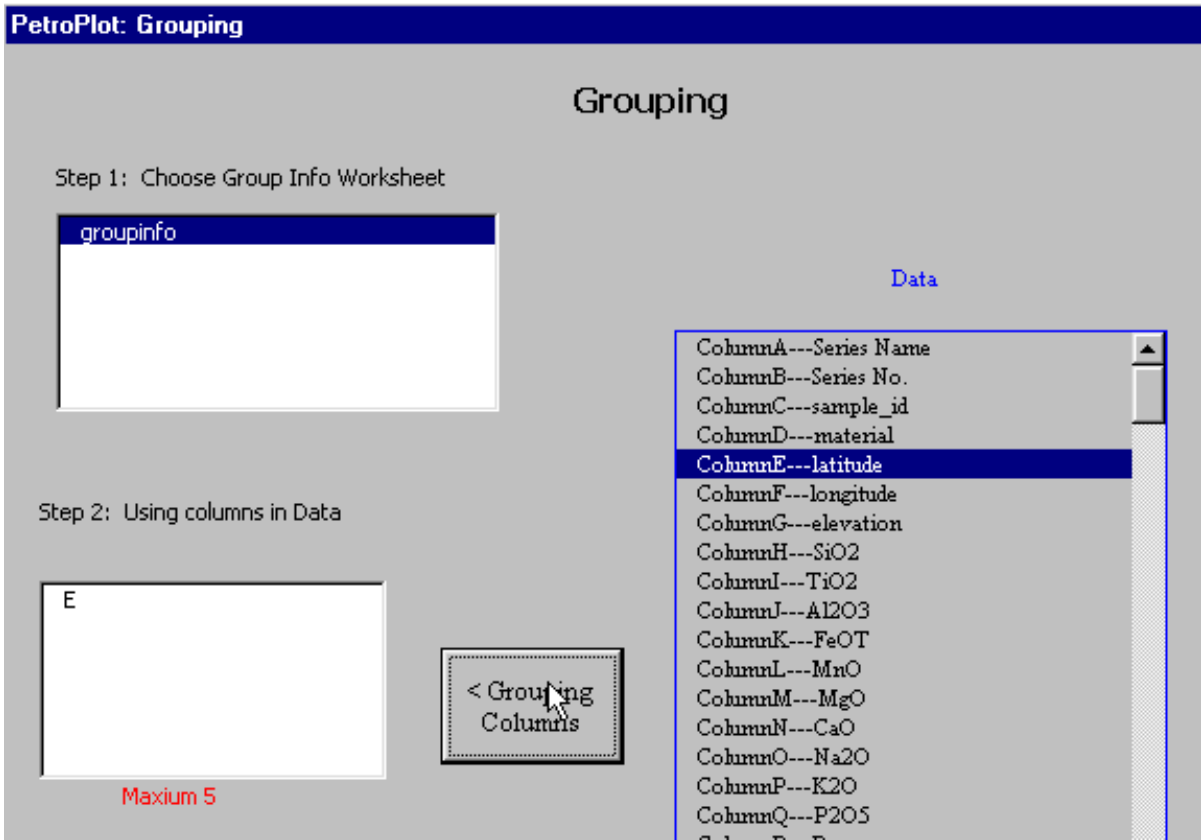
Step 4: Set up the grouping columns.
Note: Maximum number of grouping columns is 5.



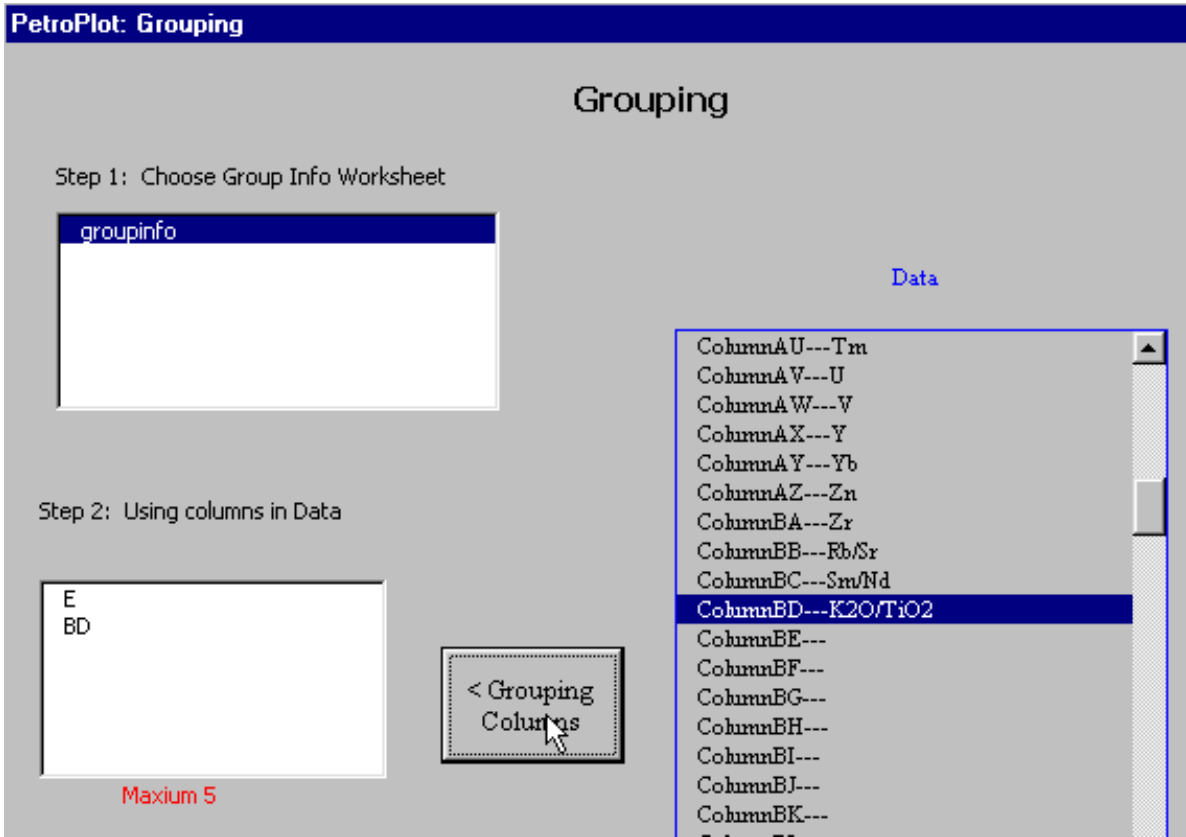
Highlight the column (image above), click the "Grouping Columns" button (image below)



Now Column "E" is added



Repeat to choose all Grouping columns.



Step 5: Set up the output column.
Could be any blank column.

PetroPlot: Grouping

Grouping

Step 1: Choose Group Info Worksheet

groupinfo

Step 2: Using columns in Data

E
BD

Maximum 5

< Grouping
Columns

Step 3: Which column for output in Data

< Output to

Data

ColumnAU---Tm
ColumnAV---U
ColumnAW---V
ColumnAX---Y
ColumnAY---Yb
ColumnAZ---Zn
ColumnBA---Zr
ColumnBB---Rb/Sr
ColumnBC---Sm/Nd
ColumnBD---K2O/TiO2
ColumnBE---
ColumnBF---
ColumnBG---
ColumnBH---
ColumnBI---
ColumnBJ---
ColumnBK---
ColumnBL---
ColumnBM---
ColumnBN---
ColumnBO---
ColumnBP---
ColumnBQ---
ColumnBR---

Highlight the column (image above), click the "Output to" button (image below)

Grouping

Step 1: Choose Group Info Worksheet

groupinfo

Data

Step 2: Using columns in Data

E
BD

Maxium 5

< Grouping
Columns

Step 3: Which column for output in Data

BF

< Output to

ColumnAU---Tm
ColumnAV---U
ColumnAW---V
ColumnAX---Y
ColumnAY---Yb
ColumnAZ---Zn
ColumnBA---Zr
ColumnBB---Rb/Sr
ColumnBC---Sm/Nd
ColumnBD---K2O/TiO2
ColumnBE---
ColumnBF---
ColumnBG---
ColumnBH---
ColumnBI---
ColumnBJ---
ColumnBK---
ColumnBL---
ColumnBM---
ColumnBN---
ColumnBO---
ColumnBP---
ColumnBQ---
ColumnBR---

Step 6: Click the "Next>" button.

Grouping

Step 1: Choose Group Info Worksheet

groupinfo

Data

- ColumnAU---Tm
- ColumnAV---U
- ColumnAW---V
- ColumnAX---Y
- ColumnAY---Yb
- ColumnAZ---Zn
- ColumnBA---Zr
- ColumnBB---Rb/Sr
- ColumnBC---Sm/Nd
- ColumnBD---K2O/TiO2
- ColumnBE---
- ColumnBF---
- ColumnBG---
- ColumnBH---
- ColumnBI---
- ColumnBJ---
- ColumnBK---
- ColumnBL---
- ColumnBM---
- ColumnBN---
- ColumnBO---
- ColumnBP---
- ColumnBQ---
- ColumnBR---

Step 2: Using columns in Data

E
BD

< Grouping
Columns

Maxium 5

Step 3: Which column for output in Data

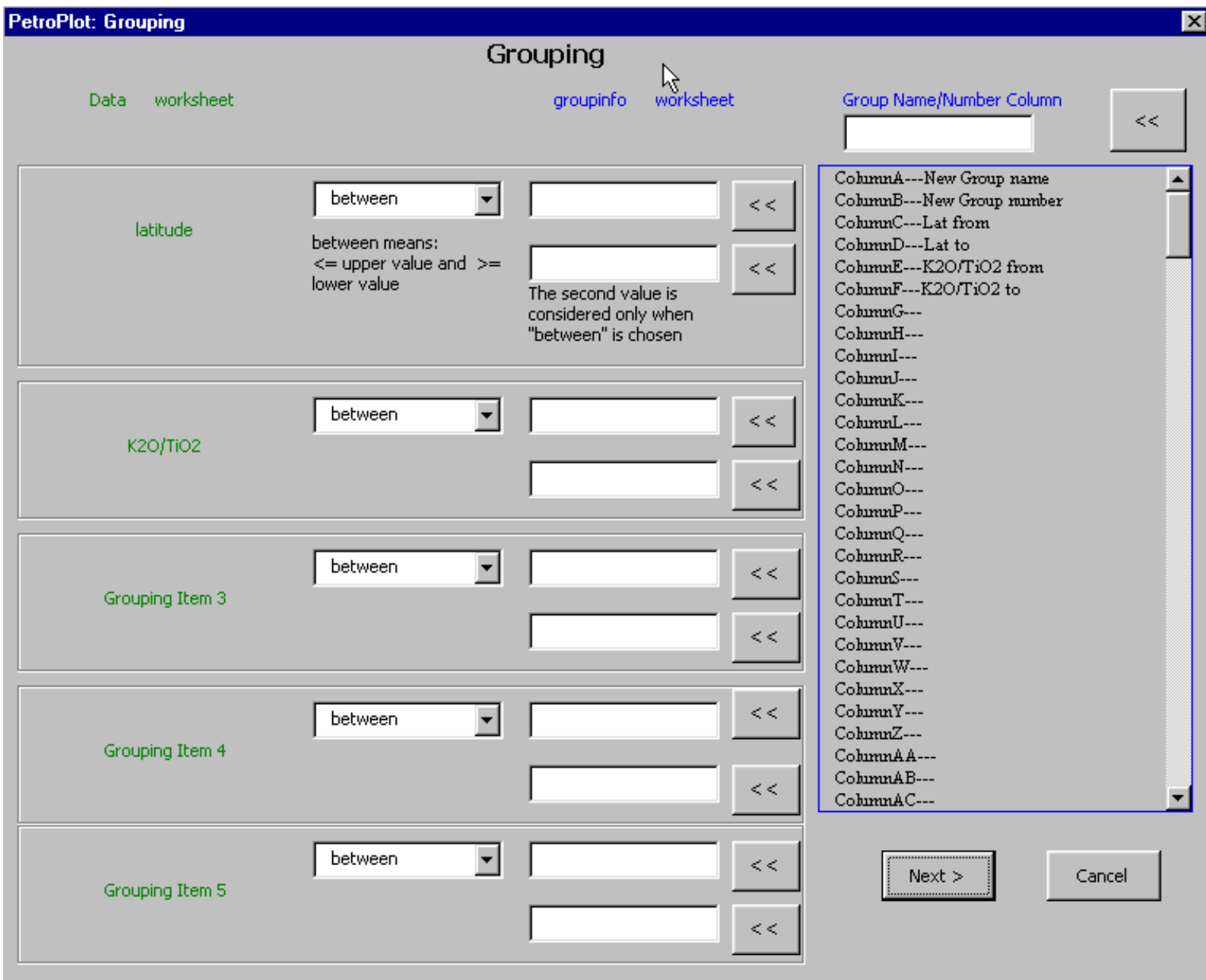
BF

< Output to

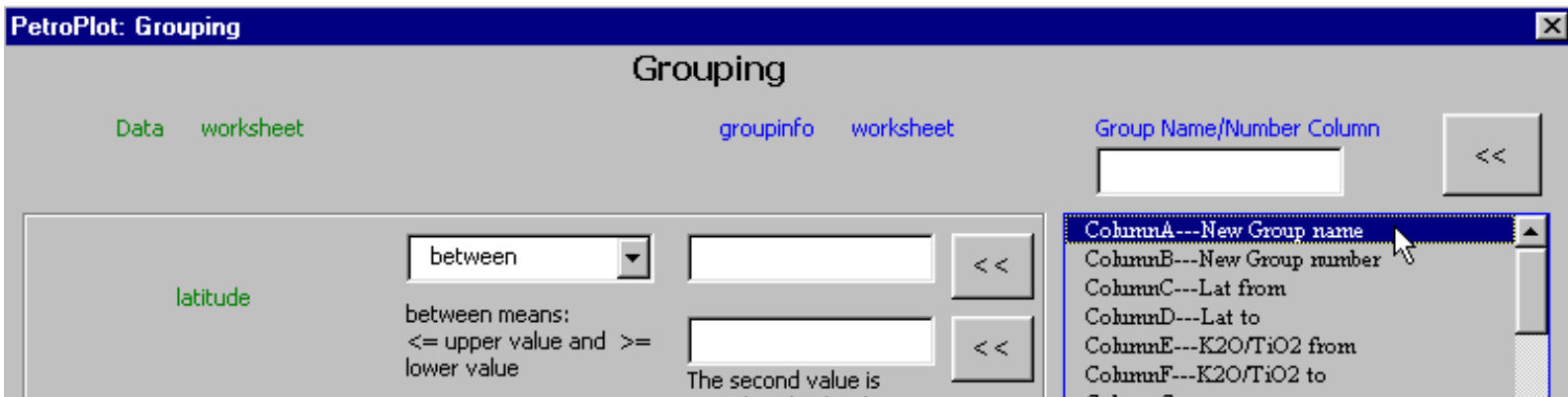
Next >

Cancel

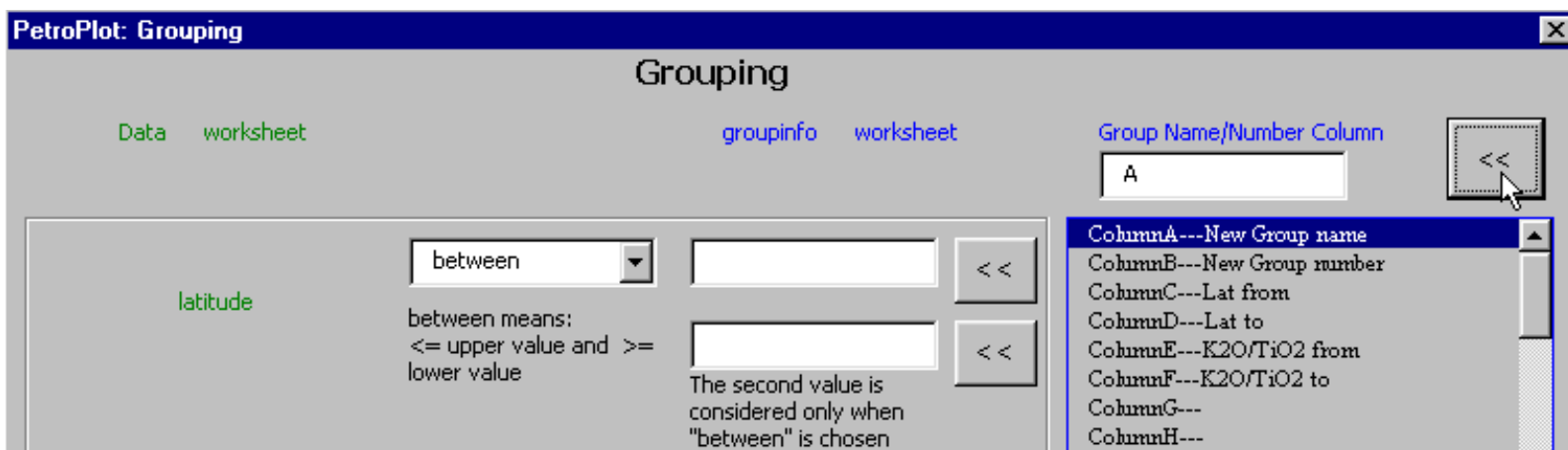
Now you see the "Grouping Next" window. In the new window, the program reads from the "groupinfo" sheet.



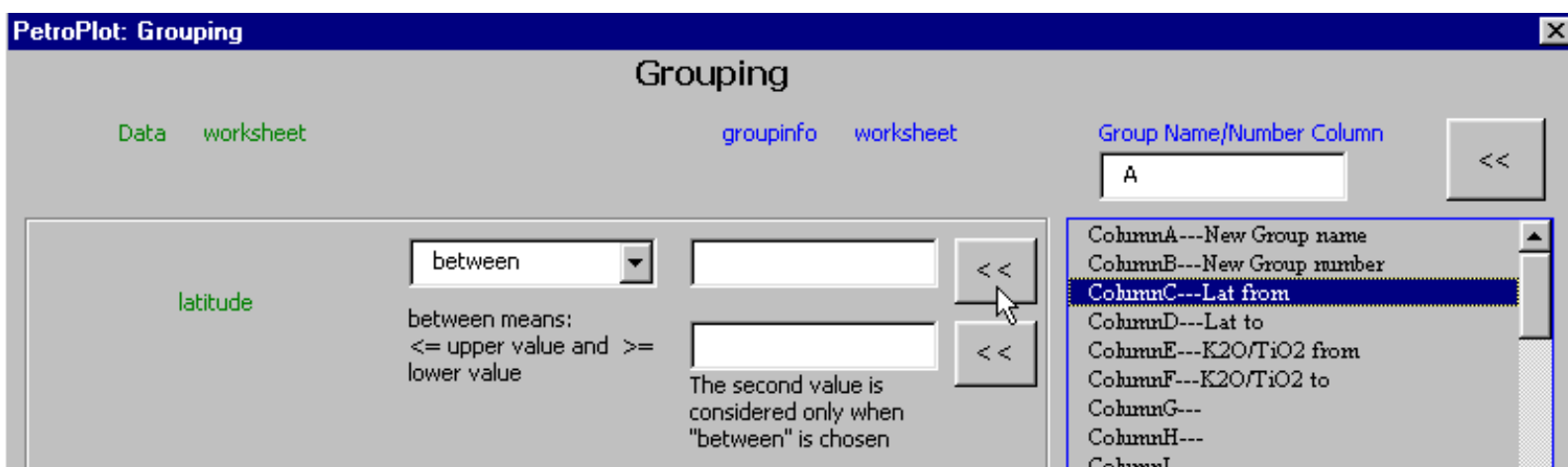
Step 7: Tell the program which column in "groupinfo" sheet contains group names.



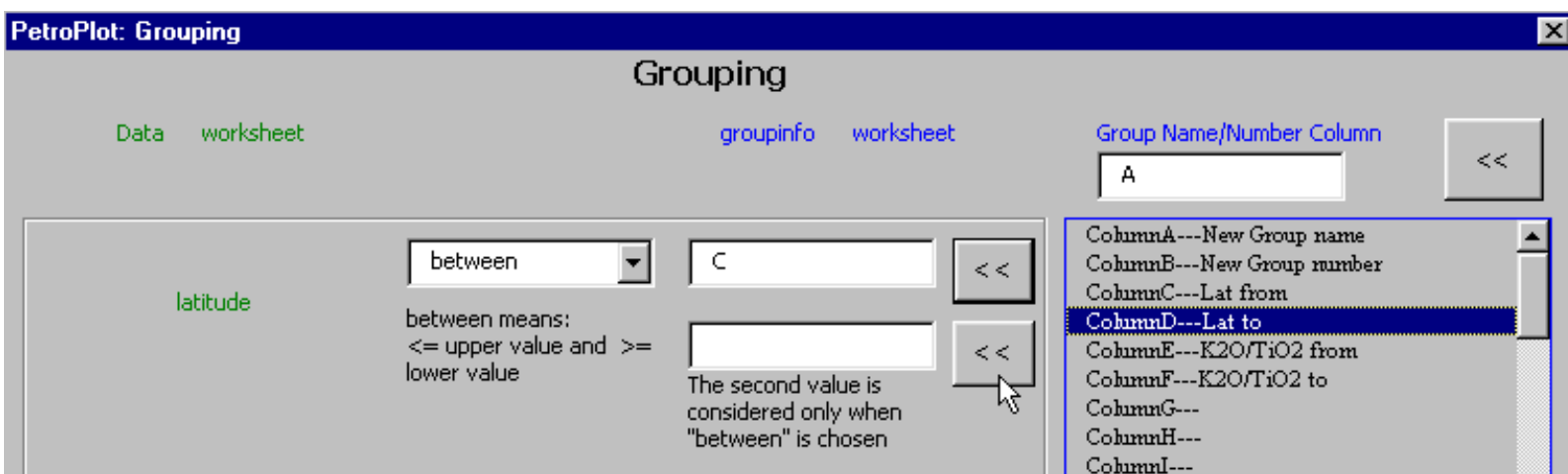
Highlight the column (image above), click the "<<" button in the upper right corner (image below)



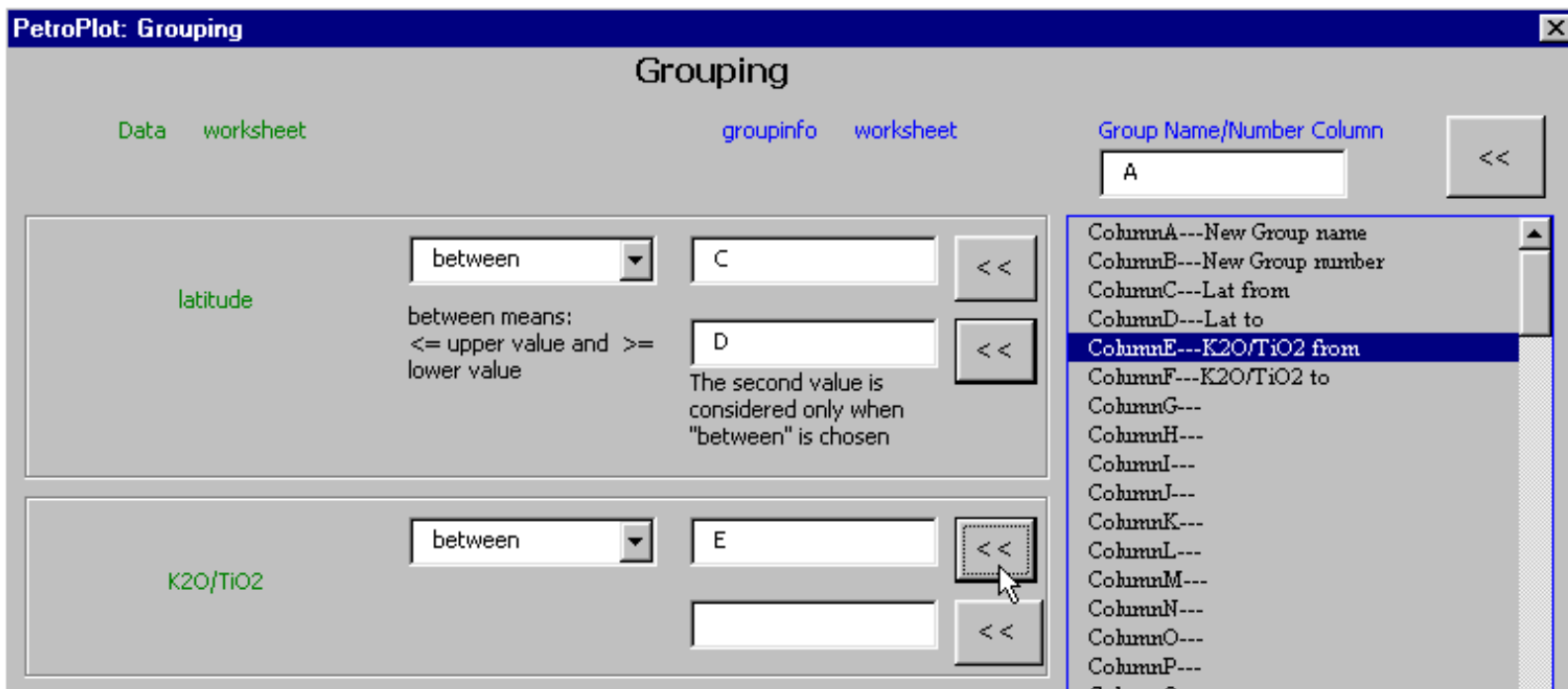
Step 8: Choose columns in "groupinfo" sheet to constrain your first grouping column in "data" sheet (in this example, the latitude column in "data" sheet").



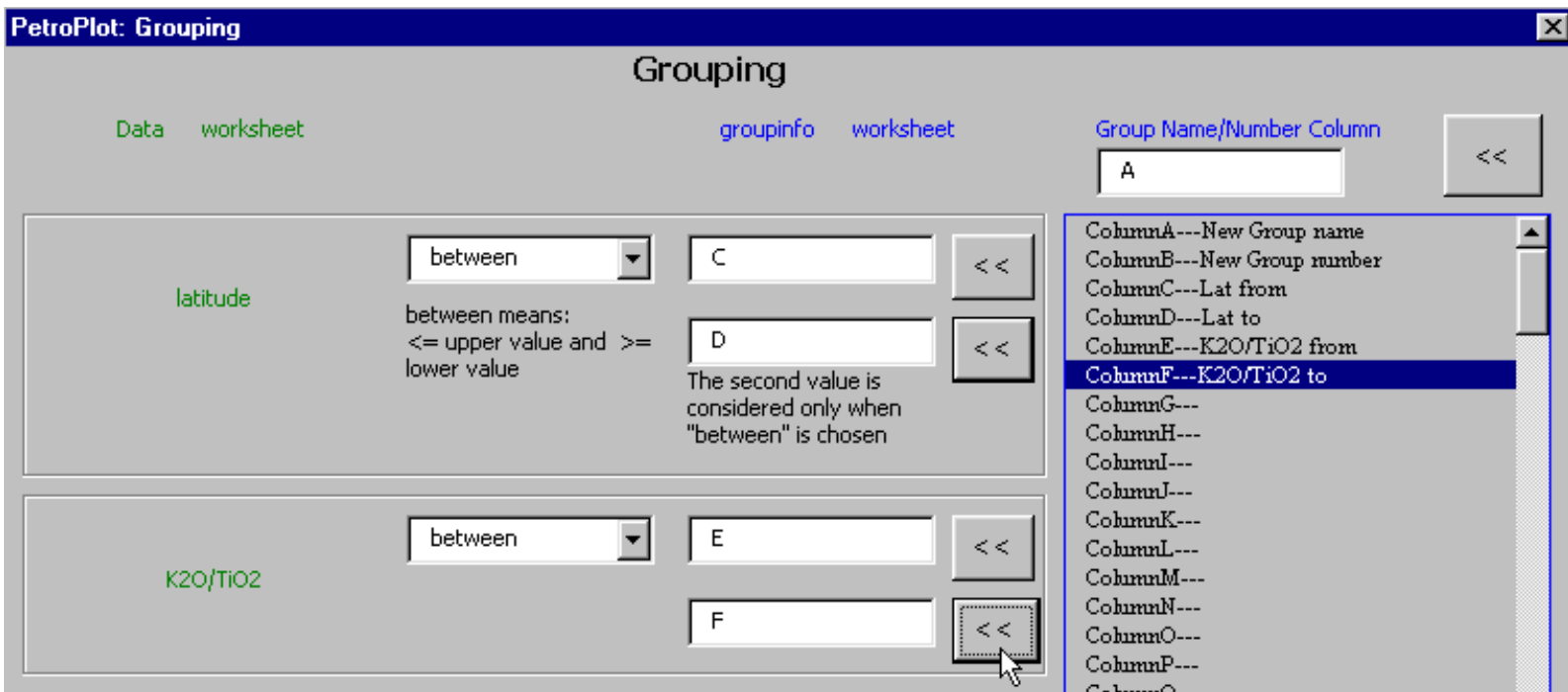
Highlight the column, click the "<<" button next to the input box (image above)
Repeat if the criteria is "between"(image below)



Step 9: Choose columns in "groupinfo" sheet to constrain your second grouping column in "data" sheet (in this example, the K2O/TiO2 column in "data" sheet").



Highlight the column, click the "<<" button next to the input box (image above)
Repeat if the criteria is "between"(image below)



Step 10: Click the "Next>" button.

PetroPlot: Grouping

Grouping

Data worksheet

groupinfo worksheet

Group Name/Number Column

A

<<

latitude

between

C

<<

between means:
<= upper value and >=
lower value

D

<<

The second value is
considered only when
"between" is chosen

K2O/TiO2

between

E

<<

F

<<

Grouping Item 3

between

<<

<<

Grouping Item 4

between

<<

<<

Grouping Item 5

between

<<

<<

ColumnA---New Group name

ColumnB---New Group number

ColumnC---Lat from

ColumnD---Lat to

ColumnE---K2O/TiO2 from

ColumnF---K2O/TiO2 to

ColumnG---

ColumnH---

ColumnI---

ColumnJ---

ColumnK---

ColumnL---

ColumnM---

ColumnN---

ColumnO---

ColumnP---

ColumnQ---

ColumnR---

ColumnS---

ColumnT---

ColumnU---

ColumnV---

ColumnW---

ColumnX---

ColumnY---

ColumnZ---

ColumnAA---

ColumnAB---

ColumnAC---

Next >

Cancel

Result:

| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|----------|----------|----------|----|-----------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help Acrobat | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Arial 10 B +.0 -.00 >> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BF2 = N5-N8 depleted | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | BA | BB | BC | BD | BE | BF | BG | BH | BI | BJ | BK |
| 1 | Zr | Rb/Sr | Sm/Nd | K2O/TiO2 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 44.7 | 0.001923 | 0.378486 | 0.039604 | | N5-N8 depleted | | | | | |
| 3 | 64.4 | 0.00407 | 0.382979 | 0.041667 | | N5-N8 depleted | | | | | |
| 4 | 34.5 | 0.001207 | 0.415842 | 0.032967 | | N5-N8 depleted | | | | | |
| 5 | 30.2 | 0.001583 | 0.409396 | 0.044444 | | N5-N8 depleted | | | | | |
| 6 | 40.5 | 0.002029 | 0.418511 | 0.166667 | | N5-N8 enriched | | | | | |
| 7 | 126 | 0.026923 | 0.296037 | 0.163043 | | N5-N8 enriched | | | | | |
| 8 | 37.8 | 0.002435 | 0.41704 | 0.047619 | | N8-N10 depleted | | | | | |
| 9 | 66.8 | 0.007471 | 0.345679 | 0.072848 | | N8-N10 depleted | | | | | |
| 10 | 91.9 | 0.005826 | 0.330535 | 0.074324 | | N8-N10 depleted | | | | | |
| 11 | 133 | 0.01536 | 0.330202 | 0.100877 | | N8-N10 enriched | | | | | |
| 12 | 93.9 | 0.006505 | 0.303609 | 0.102362 | | N8-N10 enriched | | | | | |
| 13 | 256 | 0.0381 | 0.241082 | 0.385965 | | N8-N10 enriched | | | | | |
| 14 | 91.5 | 0.006618 | 0.295699 | 0.108527 | | N8-N10 enriched | | | | | |
| 15 | 254 | 0.048908 | 0.206897 | 0.554622 | | N8-N10 enriched | | | | | |
| 16 | 101 | 0.011953 | 0.324578 | 0.088608 | | N8-N10 depleted | | | | | |
| 17 | 69.1 | 0.007167 | 0.330176 | 0.074074 | | N8-N10 depleted | | | | | |
| 18 | 177 | 0.045241 | 0.245782 | 0.313901 | | N8-N10 enriched | | | | | |
| 19 | 129 | 0.03654 | 0.254302 | 0.284091 | | N8-N10 enriched | | | | | |
| 20 | 65.8 | 0.00254 | 0.340942 | 0.073394 | | N8-N10 depleted | | | | | |
| 21 | 88 | 0.009328 | 0.324503 | 0.08 | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 136 | 0.018425 | 0.322105 | 0.084577 | | | | | | | |
| 23 | 77.4 | 0.007909 | 0.334957 | 0.084507 | | | | | | | |
| 24 | 1.887 | 0.003301 | 0.375839 | 0.06015 | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 49.4 | 0.003204 | 0.341751 | 0.061224 | | | | | | | |
| 26 | 81.9 | 0.002385 | 0.353881 | 0.05 | | | | | | | |
| 27 | 127 | 0.014054 | 0.334891 | 0.077295 | | | | | | | |

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su
 This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Grouping function**

Compile Rows function

Purpose:

Data files downloaded from [PETDB](#) and [GEOROC](#) are sometimes listed as individual rows sorted by publication or analytical method. A single sample then has data that occupy more than one row. To manually combine all rows of one sample into a single row is very time-consuming, and can even take longer time than typing the data manually.

The PetroPlot Compile Rows function automates this task by picking the first value of an element for one sample into a single row in a new sheet. If multiple values exist for that element, the result cell will be marked with an indicative color.

Here we present an example

Start: Open [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#) in Excel.

Activate the "PETDBdownload" worksheet.

There is no need to select any range. This PetroPlot function works on the whole sheet.

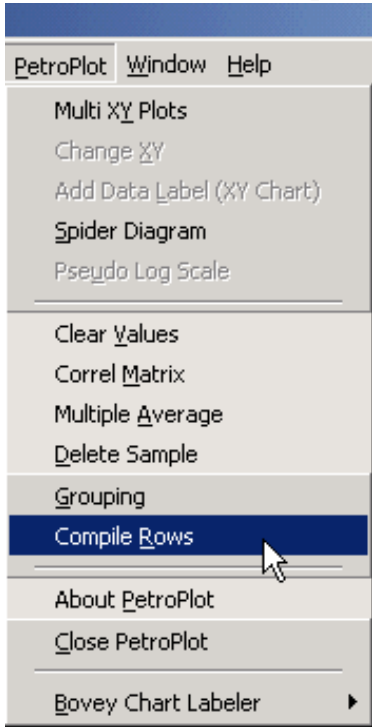
[illegible]

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-------------------|----|--|------|--|--|--|------|------|-----|-------|--------|--|
| 24 | AIIO127-1-008-002 | GL | | | | | | 4.72 | 1.69 | | | | |
| 26 | AIIO127-1-008-002 | GL | | | | | | | | 0.1 | 0.056 | 0.0049 | |
| 27 | AIIO127-1-011-001 | GL | | 3.02 | | | | | | | | | |

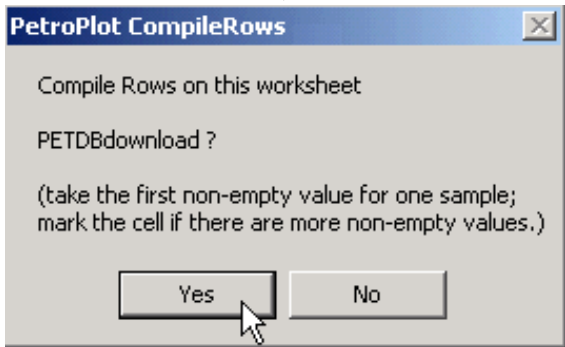
PETDBdownload / groupinfo / Data /

Ready

Click PetroPlot --> Compile Rows.



Confirmation window, click "YES"



Result:

| Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|--------|-----------|-------------|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M10 = | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N |
| 1 | sample_id | material | Rb | Sr | Ba | La | Ce | Nd | Sm | Cd | In | Te | Sr87_Sr86 | Nd143_Nd144 |
| 2 | AIIO127-1-001-005 | GL | 0.39 | 98 | 3.9 | 1.83 | 6.26 | 7.09 | 2.69 | 0.123 | 0.063 | 0.0023 | | |
| 3 | AIIO127-1-005-005 | GL | 0.67 | 83 | 8 | 1.24 | 3.76 | 3.7 | 1.5 | 0.079 | 0.047 | 0.0053 | | |
| 4 | AIIO127-1-008-002 | GL | 0.68 | 87 | 6.2 | 1.86 | 5.18 | 4.72 | 1.69 | 0.1 | 0.056 | 0.0049 | | |
| 5 | AIIO127-1-011-001 | GL | 3.02 | 90 | 42.5 | 4.74 | 10.9 | 7.46 | 2.29 | 0.113 | 0.06 | 0.0049 | | |
| 6 | AIIO127-1-015-001 | GL | 4.64 | 104 | 60 | 5.24 | 11.4 | 7.74 | 2.34 | 0.117 | 0.06 | 0.0013 | | |
| 7 | AIIO127-1-017-003 | GL | 18.8 | 302 | 250 | 16.7 | 32.6 | 16.2 | 3.55 | 0.102 | 0.05 | 0.0008 | | |
| 8 | AIIO127-1-021-003 | GL | 23.3 | 404 | 283 | 23.7 | 47.6 | 25.2 | 5.49 | 0.129 | 0.068 | 0.0019 | | |
| 9 | AIIO127-1-022-005 | GL | 20.5 | 282 | 253 | 20.4 | 40 | 20.7 | 4.49 | 0.118 | 0.066 | 0.0017 | | |
| 10 | AIIO127-1-026-005 | GL | 3.98 | 94 | 47 | 4.96 | 11.7 | 9.11 | 2.92 | 0.127 | 0.074 | 0.0031 | | |
| 11 | AIIO127-1-027-005 | GL | 7.53 | 134 | 82.6 | 7.69 | 17.2 | 10.4 | 2.85 | 0.109 | 0.06 | 0.0032 | | |
| 12 | ALV1846-009 | GL | 25 | 314 | 49 | 8.2 | | 10.5 | 2.26 | 0.094 | 0.036 | 0.0049 | 0.703313 | 0.5129 |
| 13 | ALV1846-012 | GL | 5.9 | 254 | 33 | 6.09 | | 10.2 | 2.97 | 0.11 | 0.053 | 0.0062 | 0.703047 | 0.5130 |
| 14 | DSC1983-002-002 | GL | | | | | | | | 0.171 | 0.097 | 0.0015 | | |
| 15 | HAK9303-001-B2 | GL | 1.5 | 153 | 17.4 | 4.03 | 11.5 | 10.1 | 3.24 | 0.106 | 0.061 | 0.0026 | | |
| 16 | HAK9303-002-A3G | GL | 0.84 | 114 | 10 | 3.62 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 3.78 | 0.123 | 0.073 | 0.0016 | | |
| 17 | HAK9303-003-B2 | GL | 0.47 | 120 | 6.3 | 2.64 | 8.85 | 8.81 | 3.02 | 0.11 | 0.061 | 0.0022 | | |
| 18 | HAK9303-006-A3 | GL | 0.91 | 131 | 11.9 | 2.77 | 8.96 | 8.72 | 3.01 | 0.107 | 0.06 | 0.0039 | | |
| 19 | HAK9303-006-B2 | GL | 0.96 | 123 | 13.3 | 2.48 | 7.61 | 7.26 | 2.48 | 0.095 | 0.052 | 0.0041 | | |
| 20 | HAK9303-009-F1G | GL | 0.85 | 102 | 10.7 | 3.52 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 4.13 | 0.132 | 0.078 | 0.0012 | | |
| 21 | HAK9303-009-G2 | GL | 0.82 | 102 | 10.1 | 3.49 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 4.01 | 0.129 | 0.077 | 0.0013 | | |
| 22 | HAK9303-R002-SEG | GL | 0.72 | 132 | 9.5 | 2.38 | 7.48 | 7.04 | 2.28 | 0.093 | 0.048 | 0.0027 | | |
| 23 | HAK9303-R009-H | GL | 1.64 | 155 | 18.6 | 3.54 | 10.1 | 8.73 | 2.87 | 0.104 | 0.062 | 0.0024 | | |
| 24 | MELANTP-131-014 | GL | 0.44 | 109 | 6 | | | 7.11 | 2.56 | 0.099 | 0.054 | 0.0038 | 0.70273 | 0.513 |
| 25 | MOA8712-087-006 | GL | | | | | | | | 0.167 | 0.1 | 0.003 | | |
| 26 | SOND012-206-A | GL | | 104 | | 3.5 | 10.6 | 10 | 3.6 | 0.12 | 0.068 | 0.004 | | |
| 27 | VEMD0033-1-004-054 | GL | | | | | | | | 0.159 | 0.057 | 0.0018 | | |

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su
 This line marks the end of PetroPlot Tutorial: Compile Rows function

PetroPlot Tutorial

Cubic Spline Interpolation functions

Purpose:

These functions (Spline and Splint) implement the cubic spline algorithm for interpolating to any x-value given a series of (x,y) pairs. The interpolating function is made up of a sequence of cubic polynomial curves that meet at the given data points with continuous first and second derivatives. Significantly better than linear interpolation for relatively smooth data. See Press et al., Numerical Recipes 2nd Edition, pages 113-116.

Start:

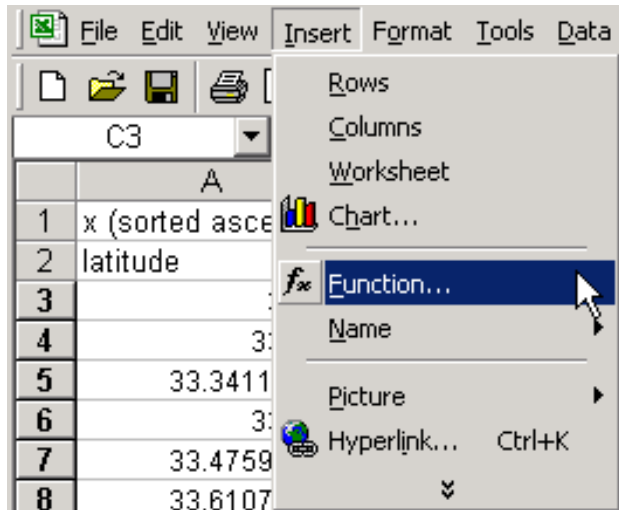
Select a range of cells equal in length to your x and y arrays.

| | A | B | C | D | E |
|-----|----------------------|-------|---|---|---|
| 1 | x (sorted ascending) | y | Spline (table of first derivative values) | | |
| 2 | latitude | depth | | | |
| 3 | 33.17 | 2710 | | | |
| 4 | 33.256 | 2294 | | | |
| 5 | 33.34118333 | 2097 | | | |
| 6 | 33.342 | 2099 | | | |
| 7 | 33.47596667 | 2497 | | | |
| 8 | 33.61078333 | 4377 | | | |
| 9 | 33.65 | 3907 | | | |
| 10 | 33.72 | 3028 | | | |
| 11 | 33.7225 | 3860 | | | |
| 12 | 33.76536667 | 3562 | | | |
| 13 | 33.81433333 | 3388 | | | |
| 184 | 40.16283333 | 2748 | | | |
| 185 | 40.20366667 | 2914 | | | |
| 186 | 40.2385 | 2559 | | | |
| 187 | 40.26666667 | 2390 | | | |
| 188 | 40.27133333 | 2399 | | | |
| 189 | 40.2905 | 2420 | | | |
| 190 | 40.31816667 | 2480 | | | |
| 191 | 40.38333333 | 2613 | | | |
| 192 | 40.421 | 2757 | | | |
| 193 | 40.48133333 | 2835 | | | |
| 194 | 40.5225 | 2920 | | | |
| 195 | | | | | |
| 196 | | | | | |
| 197 | | | | | |
| 198 | | | | | |

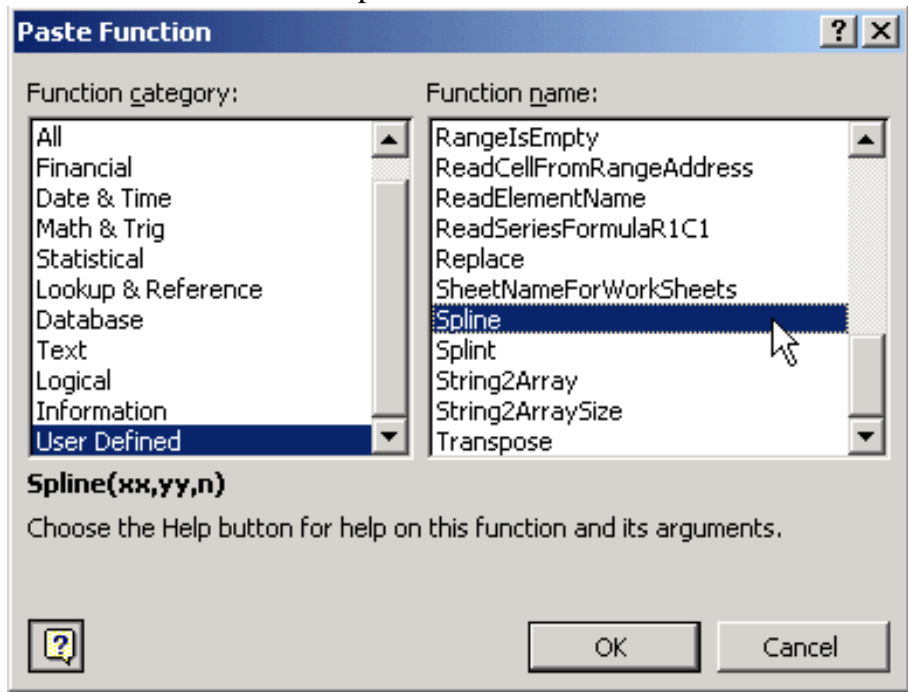
◀ ▶ ↶ ↷ spline / PETDBdownload / groupinfo / Data /

Step 1:

Choose Insert->Function.



Choose ->User defined->Spline.



Enter the range of x values, the range of y values, and the number of data pairs.

Microsoft Excel - PetroPlotExampleData.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help

SUM X Y = =Spline(A3:A194,B3:B194,count(A3:A194))

Spline

Xx A3:A194 = {33.17;33.256;33.3

Yy B3:B194 = {2710;2294;2097;20

N count(A3:A194) = 192

=

Choose the Help button for help on this function and its arguments.

N

Formula result =

OK Cancel

To fill the whole selection: Type Command+Return(Mac) or Ctrl+Shift+Enter(PC)

| C3 | ={=Spline(A3:A194,B3:B194,COUNT(A3:A194))} | | | | |
|----|--|-------|---|---|---|
| | A | B | C | D | E |
| 1 | x (sorted ascending) | y | Spline (table of first derivative values) | | |
| 2 | latitude | depth | | | |
| 3 | 33.17 | 2710 | 0 | | |
| 4 | 33.256 | 2294 | 3277.50744 | | |
| 5 | 33.34118333 | 2097 | 164647.146 | | |
| 6 | 33.342 | 2099 | -35102.0651 | | |
| 7 | 33.47596667 | 2497 | 93003.2618 | | |
| 8 | 33.61078333 | 4377 | 152435.93 | | |
| 9 | 33.65 | 3907 | -5639786.78 | | |
| 10 | 33.72 | 3028 | 17464353.5 | | |
| 11 | 33.7225 | 3860 | -26161327.8 | | |
| 12 | 33.76536667 | 3562 | 6800922.14 | | |
| 13 | 33.81433333 | 3388 | -2190544.77 | | |
| 14 | 33.84 | 3356 | 303776.687 | | |
| 15 | 33.88433333 | 3167 | -99319.8887 | | |

This is a table of the numerical estimates of the first derivative of your function at each data point. You only have to do this once to generate the interpolating function, you can now use it multiple times for various values of x.

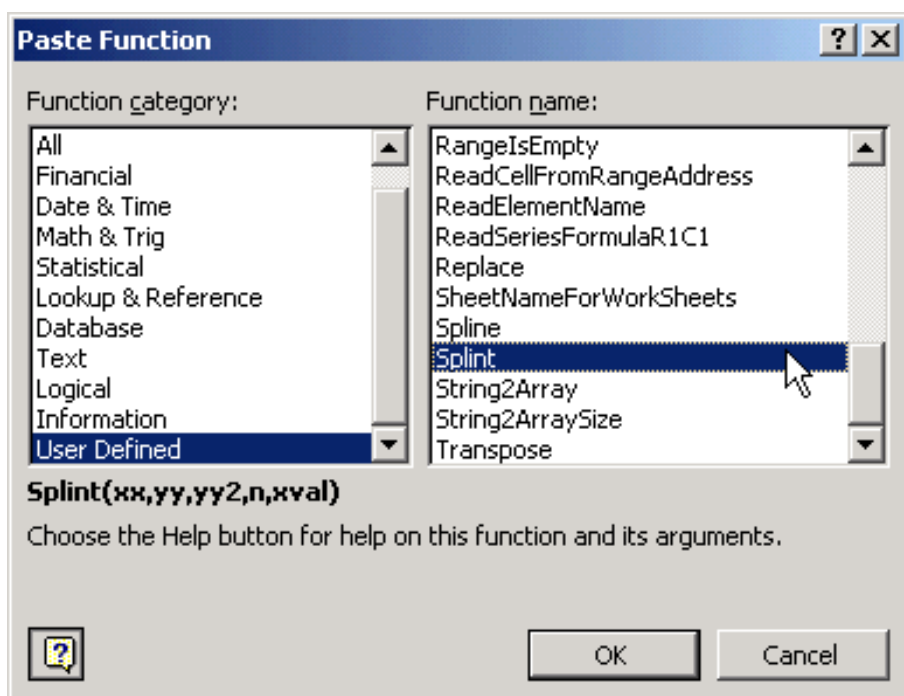
Step 2:

Now, to interpolate to any x value.

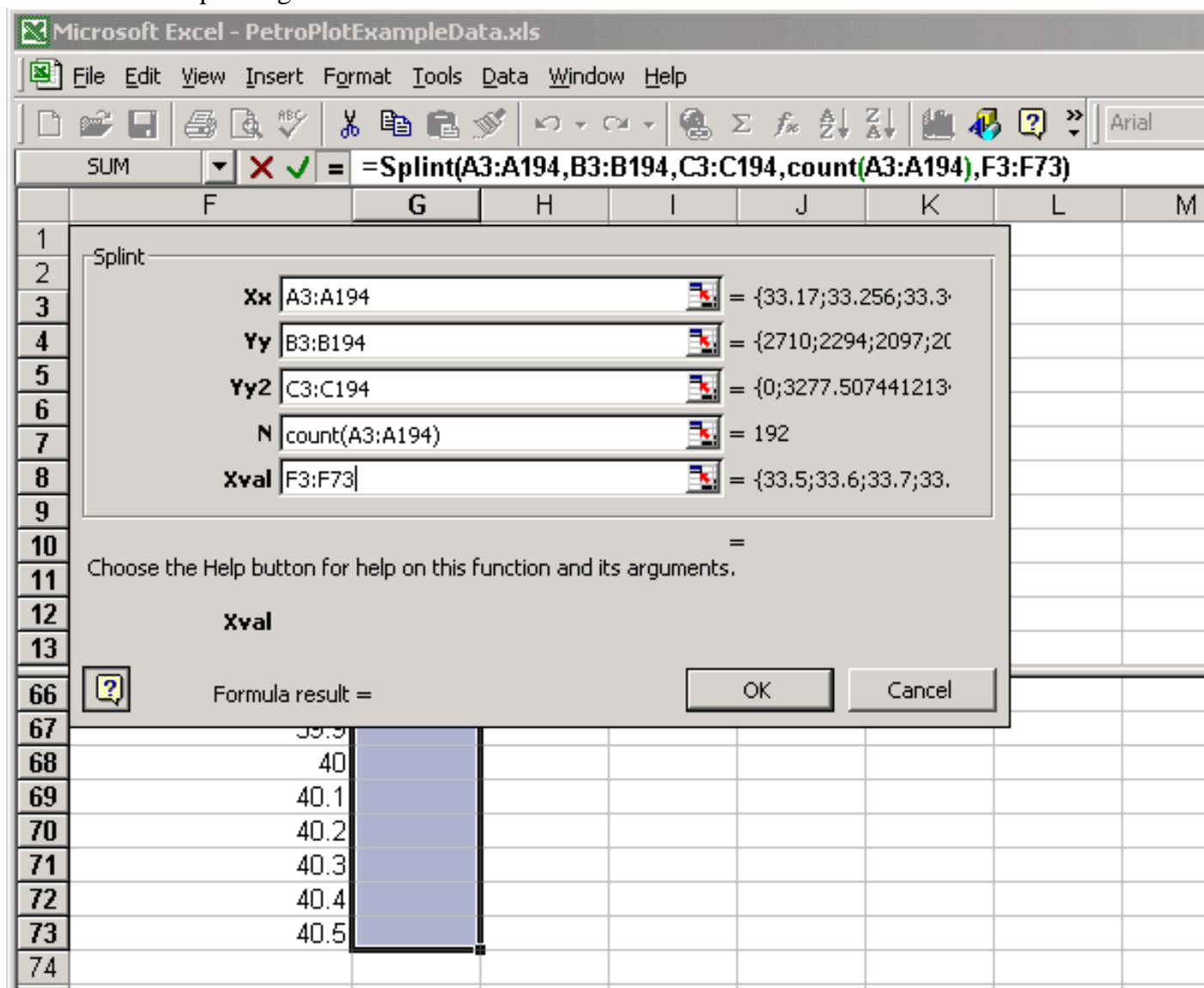
Select a range of cells equal in length to your x.

| | F | G | H |
|----|---|---|---|
| 1 | | | |
| 2 | x values to interpolate to Splint results | | |
| 3 | 33.5 | | |
| 4 | 33.6 | | |
| 5 | 33.7 | | |
| 6 | 33.8 | | |
| 7 | 33.9 | | |
| 8 | 34 | | |
| 9 | 34.1 | | |
| 10 | 34.2 | | |
| 11 | 34.3 | | |
| 12 | 34.4 | | |
| 13 | 34.5 | | |
| 66 | 39.8 | | |
| 67 | 39.9 | | |
| 68 | 40 | | |
| 69 | 40.1 | | |
| 70 | 40.2 | | |
| 71 | 40.3 | | |
| 72 | 40.4 | | |
| 73 | 40.5 | | |
| 74 | | | |
| 75 | | | |
| 76 | | | |
| 77 | | | |
| 78 | | | |
| 79 | | | |
| 80 | | | |

Choose Insert->Function->User defined->Splint.



Enter the ranges of x values, of y values, of output from Spline, the number of data pairs, and the x value at which to evaluate the interpolating function.



File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help

Geneva

G3 = =Splint(A\$3:A\$194,B\$3:B\$194,C\$3:C\$194,COUNT(A\$3:A\$194),F3)

| | F | G | H | I | J | K | L |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | x values to interpolate to | Splint results | | | | | |
| 3 | 33.5 | 2677.25666 | | | | | |
| 4 | 33.6 | 4138.99505 | | | | | |
| 5 | 33.7 | -502.146678 | | | | | |
| 6 | 33.8 | 3020.97265 | | | | | |
| 7 | 33.9 | 3106.1463 | | | | | |
| 8 | 34 | 3023.30186 | | | | | |
| 9 | 34.1 | 3402.70482 | | | | | |

The graph displays a set of data points (blue diamonds) and a corresponding interpolated curve (red line). The x-axis represents a range from 33 to 41, and the y-axis represents values from -1000 to 6000. The data points show significant fluctuations, with a notable peak around x=35.2 and a sharp dip around x=33.8. The interpolated curve follows the general trend of the data, smoothing out the local variations.

(1) The x-values must all be distinct, or the Spline routine will encounter a division by zero and fail.

- (2) The data points must be sorted so that the x-values are either monotonically ascending or descending; otherwise the Splint function will fail to find the right pair of points that bracket the desired x-value.
- (3) If the data are very noisy, the interpolating function can have wild swings to nonsensical values.

Last modified 05/30/2002, [Paul D. Asimow](#) and Yong Jun Su.

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Cubic Spline Interpolation functions**

PetroPlot Tutorial

Bovey Chart Labeler

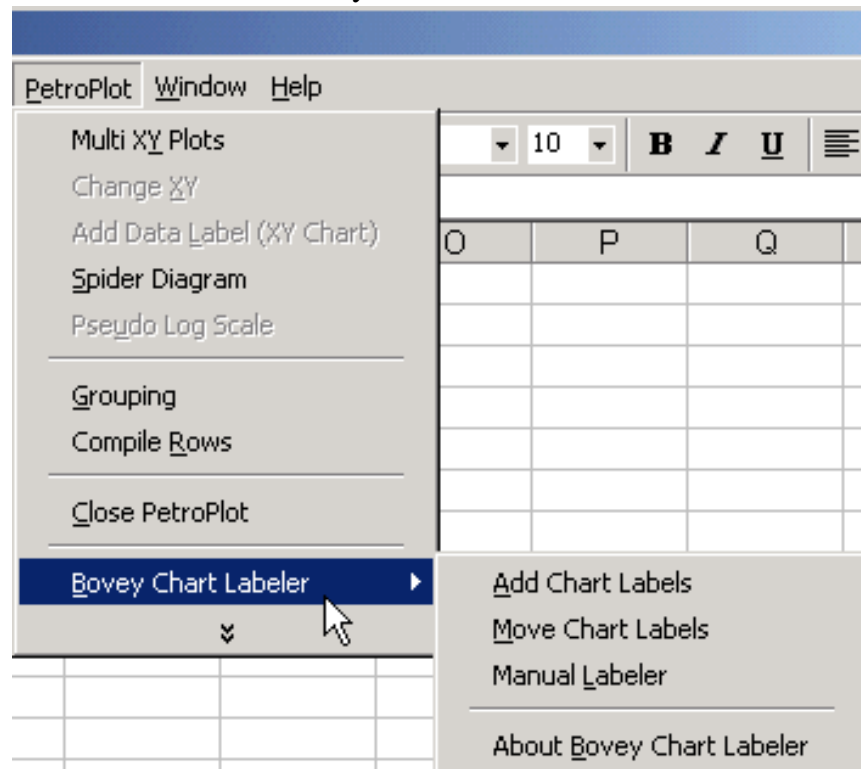
Code Source:

We imported a set of label tools written by **Rob Bovey** (www.appspro.com).

The version is the XY Chart Labeler 6.22.

The Bovey Chart Labeler menu

Click PetroPlot --> Bovey Chart Labeler



*** Start of imported text from www.appspro.com

The XY Chart Labeler provides the following features:

- **Add XY Chart Labels** - You can add labels to the points on your XY Chart data series from any selected range in the workbook. The label range can be oriented vertically or horizontally; named ranges are also supported. The labeler will pick up and apply the source range formatting characteristics to the data labels as well as live-link the data labels to the source range. Changes in the source range text will be immediately reflected in the corresponding data label.
- **Move XY Chart Labels** - You can move the entire set of data labels or single specific labels in 1 point increments in any direction. Movement is dynamic, accomplished by the use of an arrow dialog, so you can

see the results of your movements as you press the arrow keys.

- **Manual Labeler** - There are times when you don't want to label an entire data series, but rather use data labels to highlight specific data points. The manual labeler allows you to do this. As with the normal Add Labels function, you can specify a range to use for the label. The manual labeler also allows you to type in label text directly.

And the best part of all is that even though this utility is called the XY Chart Labeler, it is capable of labeling any type of Excel chart series that will accept data labels. The specific labeling options that are available will vary depending on the chart type of the series one is attempting to label.

[Download the XY Chart Labeler 6.22](#) (for Excel 97/2000/2002)

*** End of imported text from www.appspro.com

Comparison of PetroPlot ["Add Data Label \(XY Chart\)"](#) with Bovey Chart Labeler:

PetroPlot Labeler

- Adds label for a selected point. You don't need to know the point order ahead of adding the label.
- Adds label for all series in an XY Scatter chart at once.

Bovey Chart Labeler

- Is capable of labeling any type of Excel chart series that will accept data labels.
- Can move all labels for a series.

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Bovey Chart Labeler**

PetroPlot Known Problems

Install PetroPlot.xla on Macintosh

Problem:

On some old MAC OS, the installation of PetroPlot Add-In may cause Excel to take a long time to start.

Solution:

Do not install the Add-In. Manually open the PetroPlot.xla each time you need to use it.

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot known problems: Install PetroPlot.xla on Macintosh**

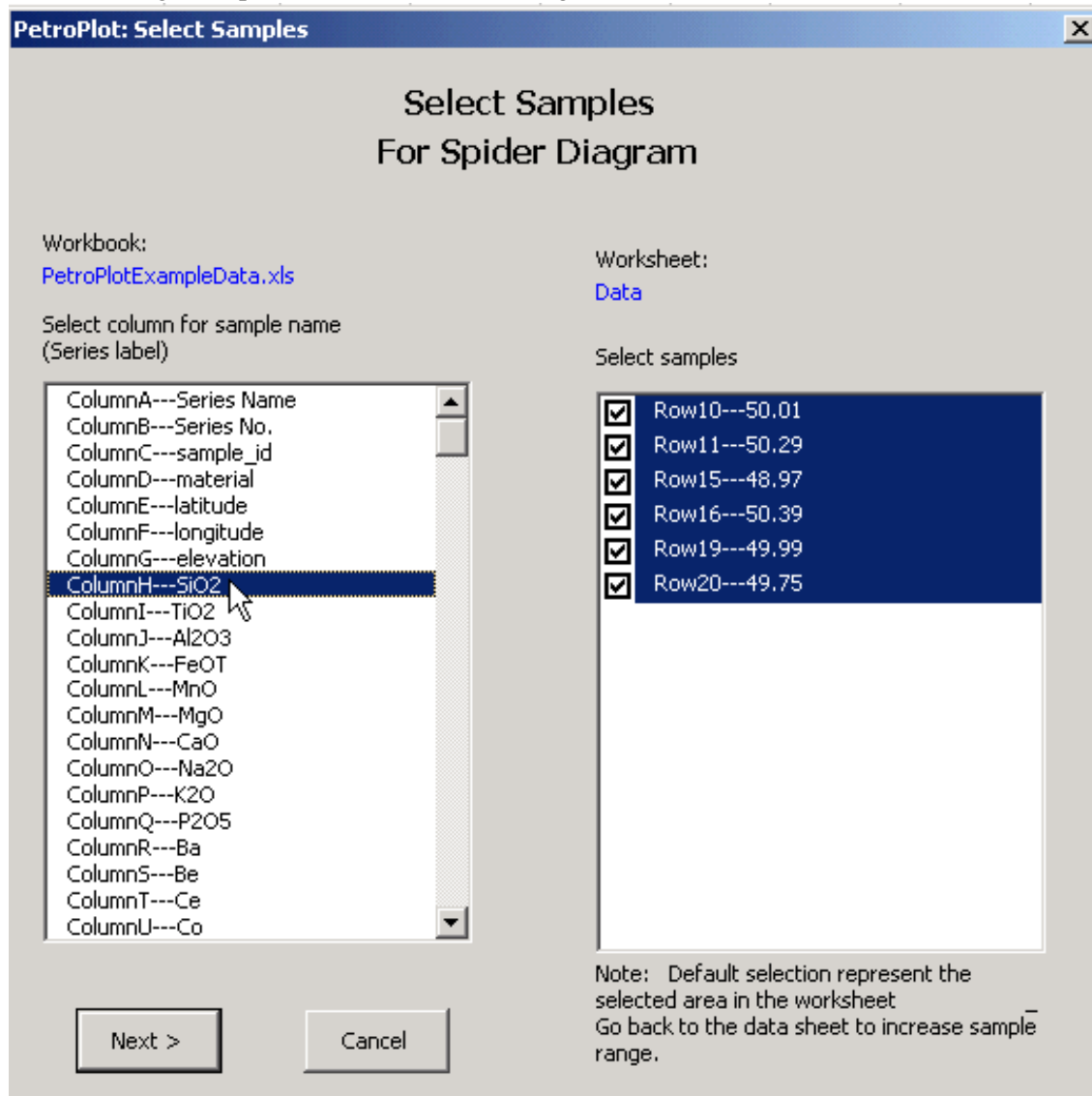
PetroPlot Known Problems

Use numbers as legend for spidergrams

Problem:

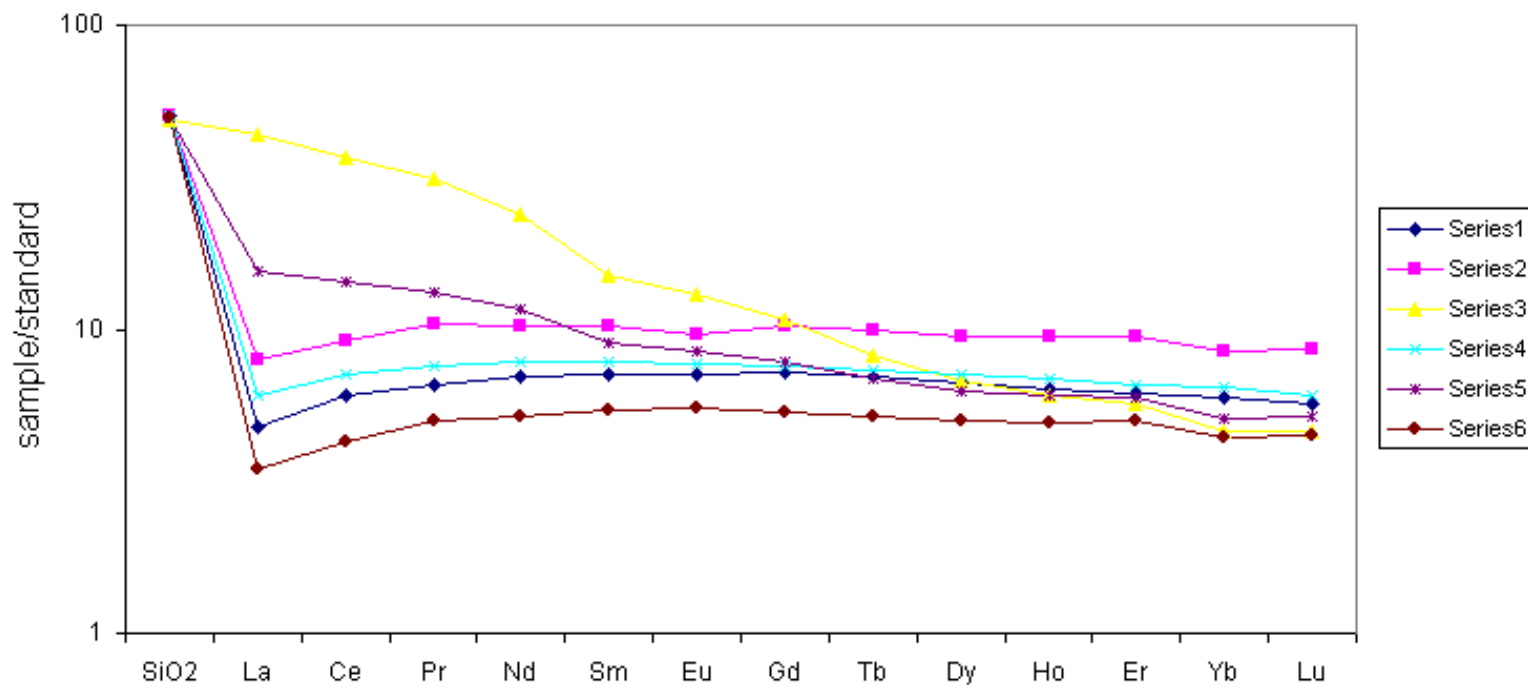
If you use numbers as legends for spider diagram, the plots will have errors.

The following example uses "SiO₂" values as legend.



The result looks like:

Normalized to: P mantle (Sun & McDonough 89)



Solution:

Avoid using numbers as legends for spider diagram.

Pay special attention to samples names which look like "23", "3/4", "3-4" etc.

Excel might treat "3/4" or "3-4" as "4-Mar", and count it as a number.

Last modified 05/30/2002, Yong Jun Su

This line marks the end of **PetroPlot known problems: Use numbers as legend for spidergrams**

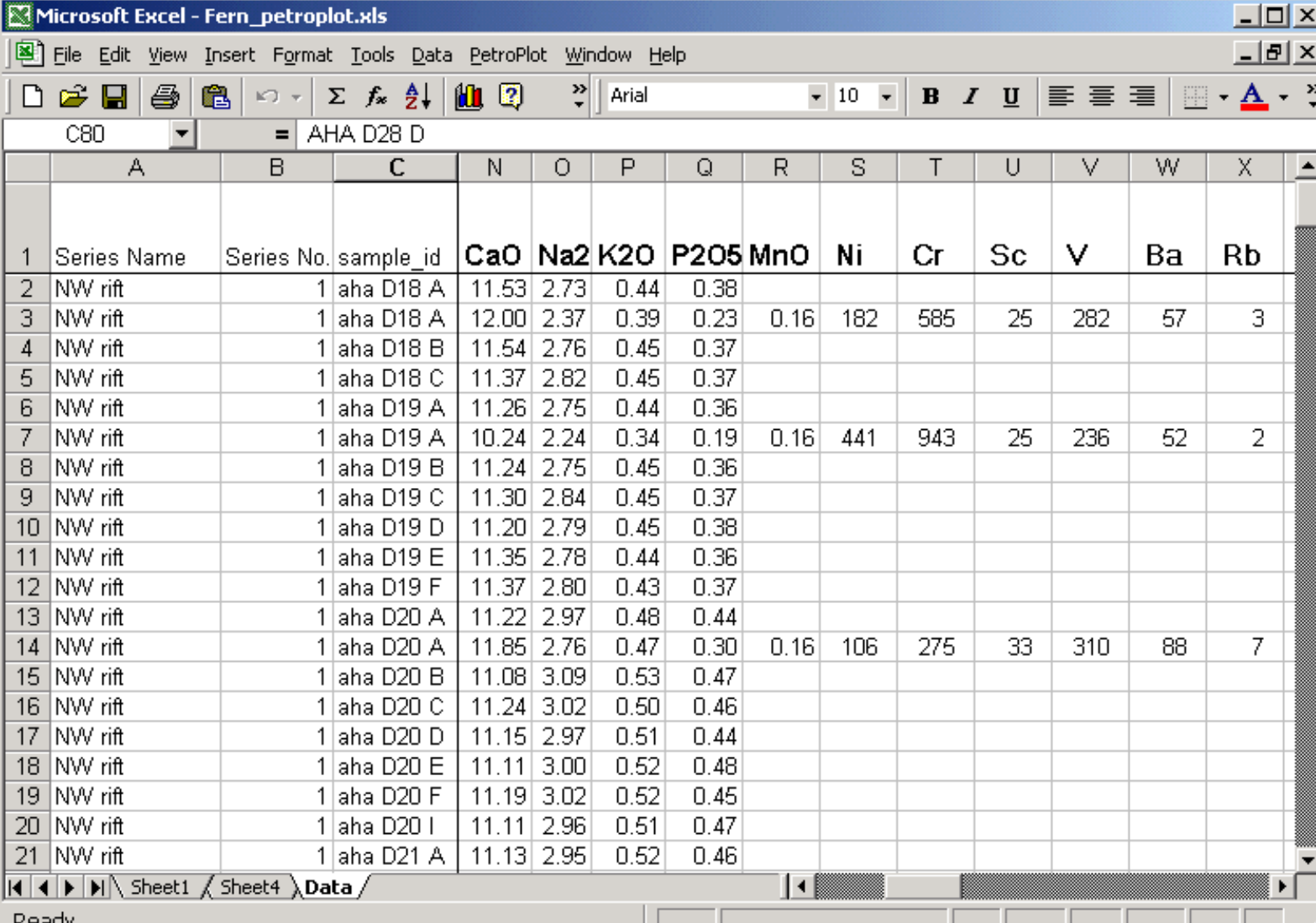
PetroPlot Known Problems

Empty cells when using "Multi-XY Plots"

Problem:

If there exist empty cells in the selected data range, the PetroPlot program might hang up.

In the following example, trace element data are not complete.



Microsoft Excel - Fern_petroplot.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help

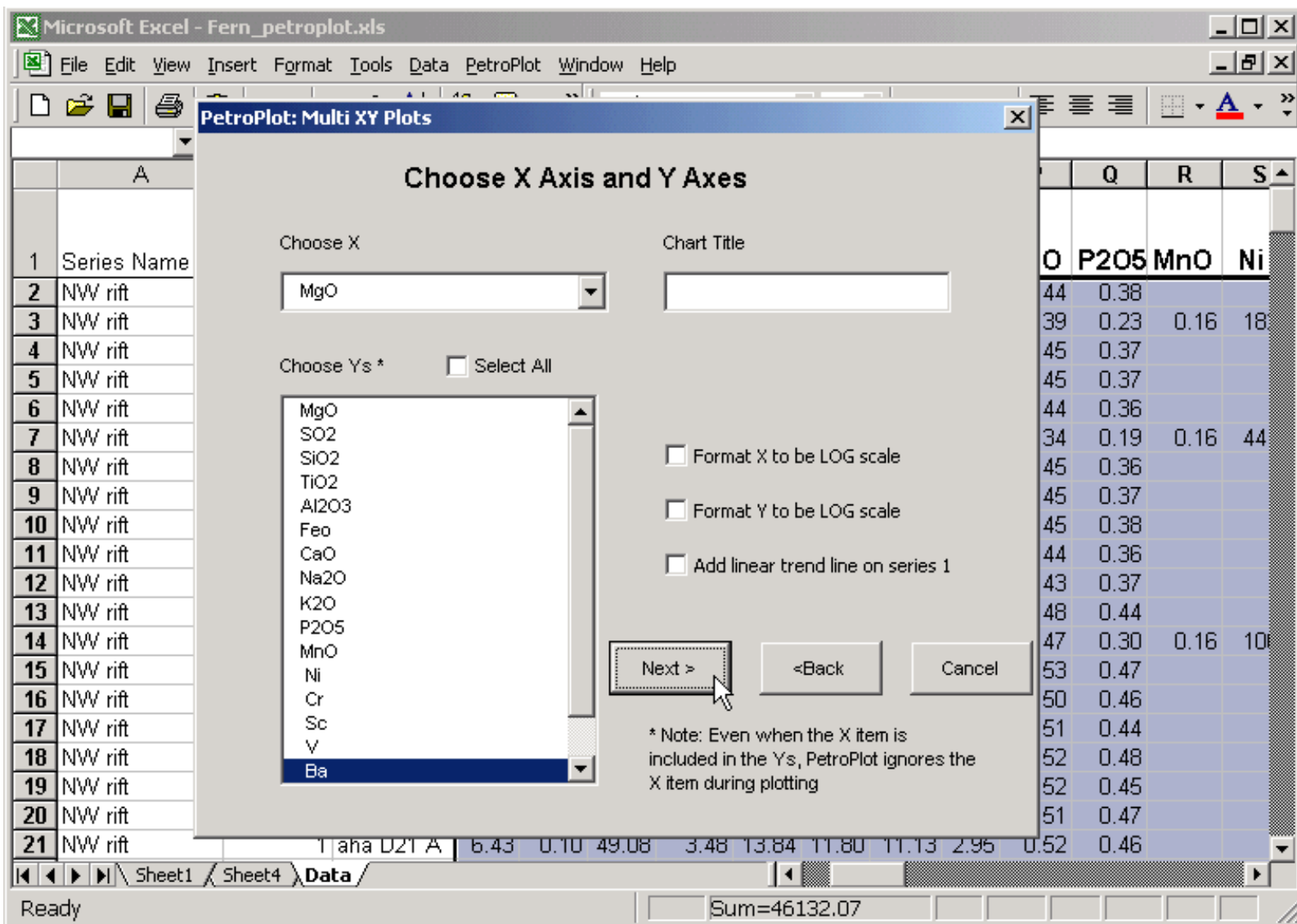
C80 = AHA D28 D

| | A | B | C | N | O | P | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X |
|----|-------------|------------|-----------|-------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|----|-----|----|----|
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | CaO | Na2 | K2O | P2O5 | MnO | Ni | Cr | Sc | V | Ba | Rb |
| 2 | NW rift | 1 | aha D18 A | 11.53 | 2.73 | 0.44 | 0.38 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | NW rift | 1 | aha D18 A | 12.00 | 2.37 | 0.39 | 0.23 | 0.16 | 182 | 585 | 25 | 282 | 57 | 3 |
| 4 | NW rift | 1 | aha D18 B | 11.54 | 2.76 | 0.45 | 0.37 | | | | | | | |
| 5 | NW rift | 1 | aha D18 C | 11.37 | 2.82 | 0.45 | 0.37 | | | | | | | |
| 6 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 A | 11.26 | 2.75 | 0.44 | 0.36 | | | | | | | |
| 7 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 A | 10.24 | 2.24 | 0.34 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 441 | 943 | 25 | 236 | 52 | 2 |
| 8 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 B | 11.24 | 2.75 | 0.45 | 0.36 | | | | | | | |
| 9 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 C | 11.30 | 2.84 | 0.45 | 0.37 | | | | | | | |
| 10 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 D | 11.20 | 2.79 | 0.45 | 0.38 | | | | | | | |
| 11 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 E | 11.35 | 2.78 | 0.44 | 0.36 | | | | | | | |
| 12 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 F | 11.37 | 2.80 | 0.43 | 0.37 | | | | | | | |
| 13 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 A | 11.22 | 2.97 | 0.48 | 0.44 | | | | | | | |
| 14 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 A | 11.85 | 2.76 | 0.47 | 0.30 | 0.16 | 106 | 275 | 33 | 310 | 88 | 7 |
| 15 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 B | 11.08 | 3.09 | 0.53 | 0.47 | | | | | | | |
| 16 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 C | 11.24 | 3.02 | 0.50 | 0.46 | | | | | | | |
| 17 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 D | 11.15 | 2.97 | 0.51 | 0.44 | | | | | | | |
| 18 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 E | 11.11 | 3.00 | 0.52 | 0.48 | | | | | | | |
| 19 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 F | 11.19 | 3.02 | 0.52 | 0.45 | | | | | | | |
| 20 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 I | 11.11 | 2.96 | 0.51 | 0.47 | | | | | | | |
| 21 | NW rift | 1 | aha D21 A | 11.13 | 2.95 | 0.52 | 0.46 | | | | | | | |

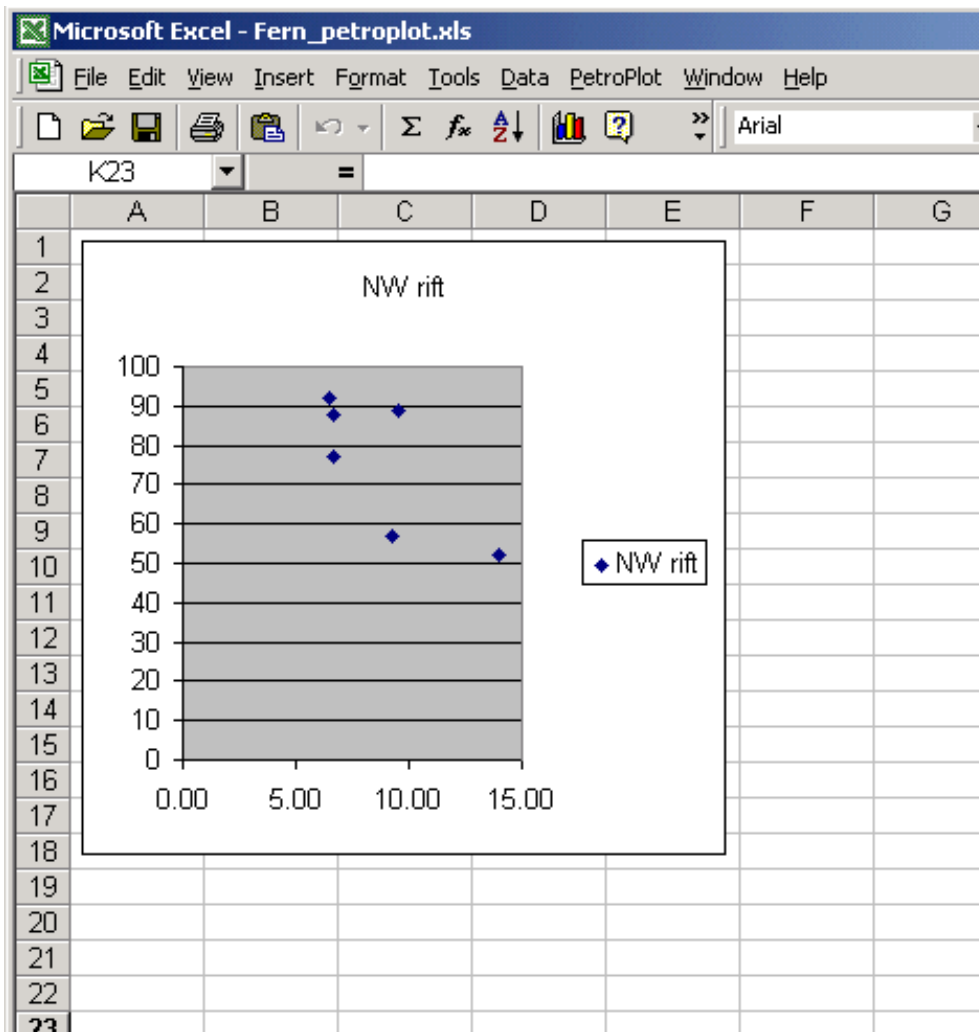
Sheet1 Sheet4 Data

Ready

Now we select a data range and run the PetroPlot "Multi-XY Plot" function



PetroPlot hangs up, gives only one series even we selected all data.



Solution:
Create two columns with sequential data.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------|-----------|----|----|----|----|-------|-------|----|----|----|----|
| Microsoft Excel - Fern_petroplot.xls | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data PetroPlot Window Help | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AG2 = 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | B | C | AC | AD | AE | AF | AG | AH | AI | AJ | AK | AL |
| 1 | Series Name | Series No. | sample_id | Ga | Cu | Zn | Pb | TempX | TempY | | | | |
| 2 | NW rift | 1 | aha D18 A | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| 3 | NW rift | 1 | aha D18 A | 20 | 72 | 83 | 0 | 2 | 2 | | | | |
| 4 | NW rift | 1 | aha D18 B | | | | | 3 | 3 | | | | |
| 5 | NW rift | 1 | aha D18 C | | | | | 4 | 4 | | | | |
| 6 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 A | | | | | 5 | 5 | | | | |
| 7 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 A | 19 | 68 | 84 | 0 | 6 | 6 | | | | |
| 8 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 B | | | | | 7 | 7 | | | | |
| 9 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 C | | | | | 8 | 8 | | | | |
| 10 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 D | | | | | 9 | 9 | | | | |
| 11 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 E | | | | | 10 | 10 | | | | |
| 12 | NW rift | 1 | aha D19 F | | | | | 11 | 11 | | | | |
| 13 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 A | | | | | 12 | 12 | | | | |
| 14 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 A | 24 | 67 | 91 | 0 | 13 | 13 | | | | |
| 15 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 B | | | | | 14 | 14 | | | | |
| 16 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 C | | | | | 15 | 15 | | | | |
| 17 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 D | | | | | 16 | 16 | | | | |
| 18 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 E | | | | | 17 | 17 | | | | |
| 19 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 F | | | | | 18 | 18 | | | | |
| 20 | NW rift | 1 | aha D20 I | | | | | 19 | 19 | | | | |
| 21 | NW rift | 1 | aha D21 A | | | | | 20 | 20 | | | | |
| Sheet1 / Sheet4 / Sheet2 / Data | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Run the PetroPlot "Multi-XY Plot" function

PetroPlot: Multi XY Plots

Choose X Axis and Y Axes

Choose X: TempX

Chart Title:

Choose Ys *: ☐ Select All

- TempX
- TempY

☐ Format X to be LOG scale

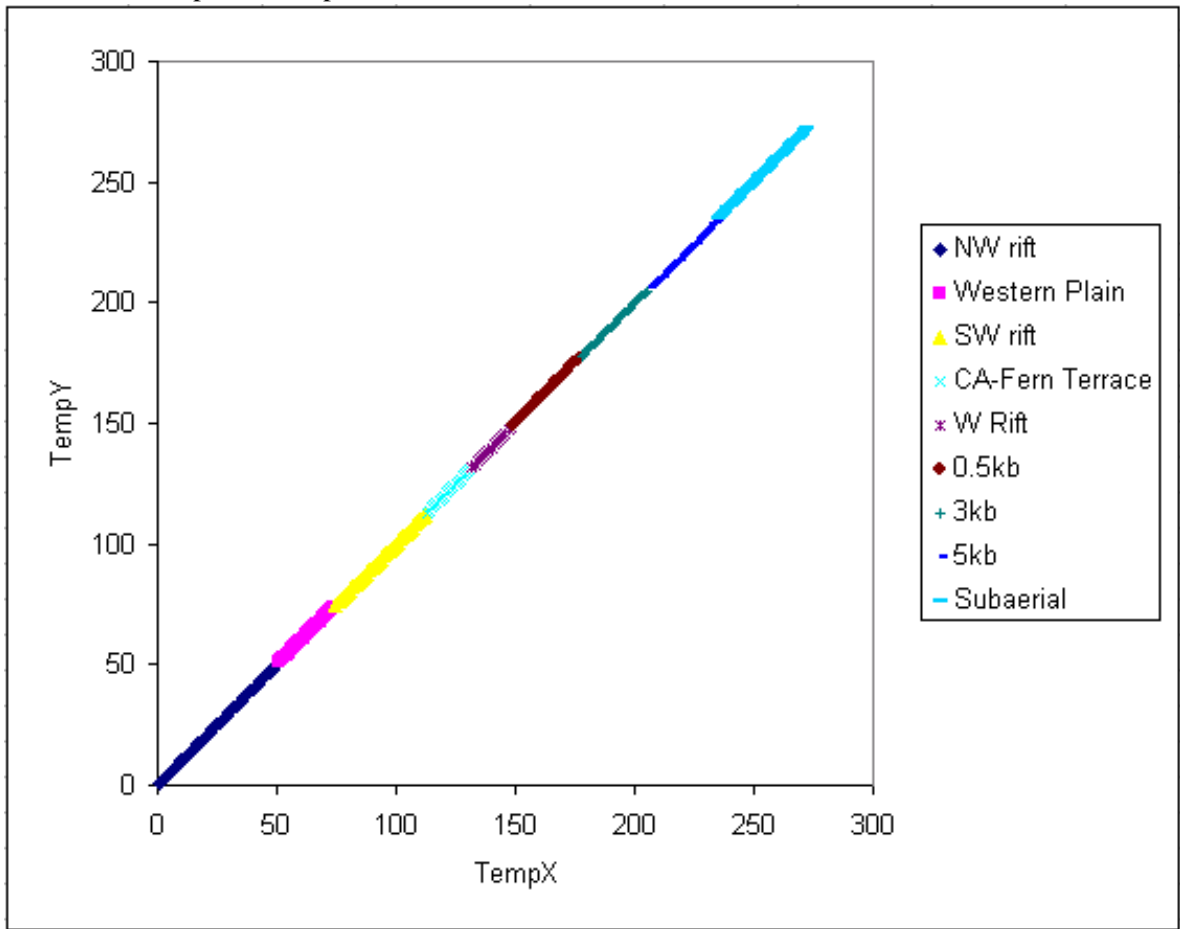
☐ Format Y to be LOG scale

☐ Add linear trend line on series 1

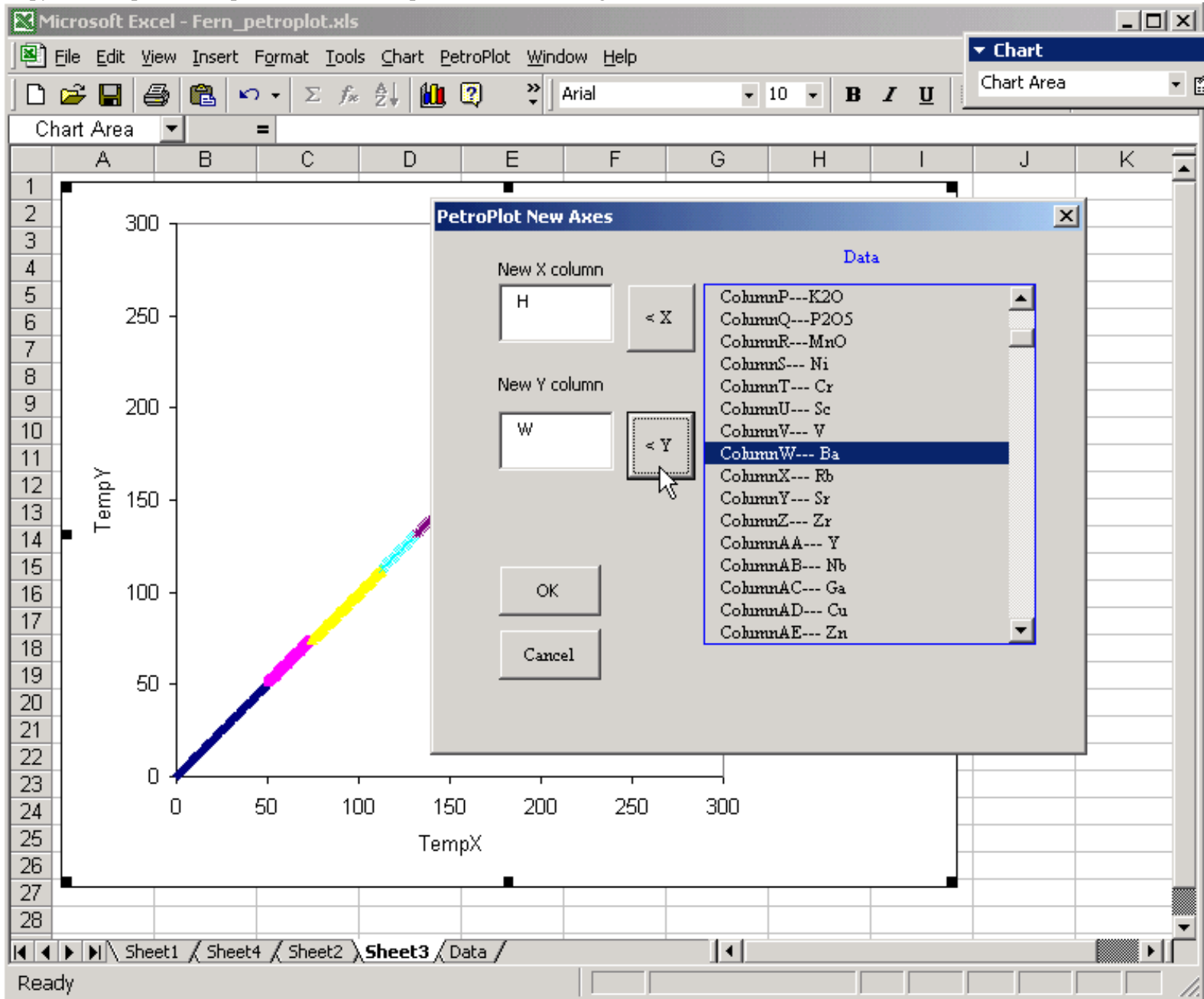
Next > <Back Cancel

* Note: Even when the X item is included in the Ys, PetroPlot ignores the X item during plotting

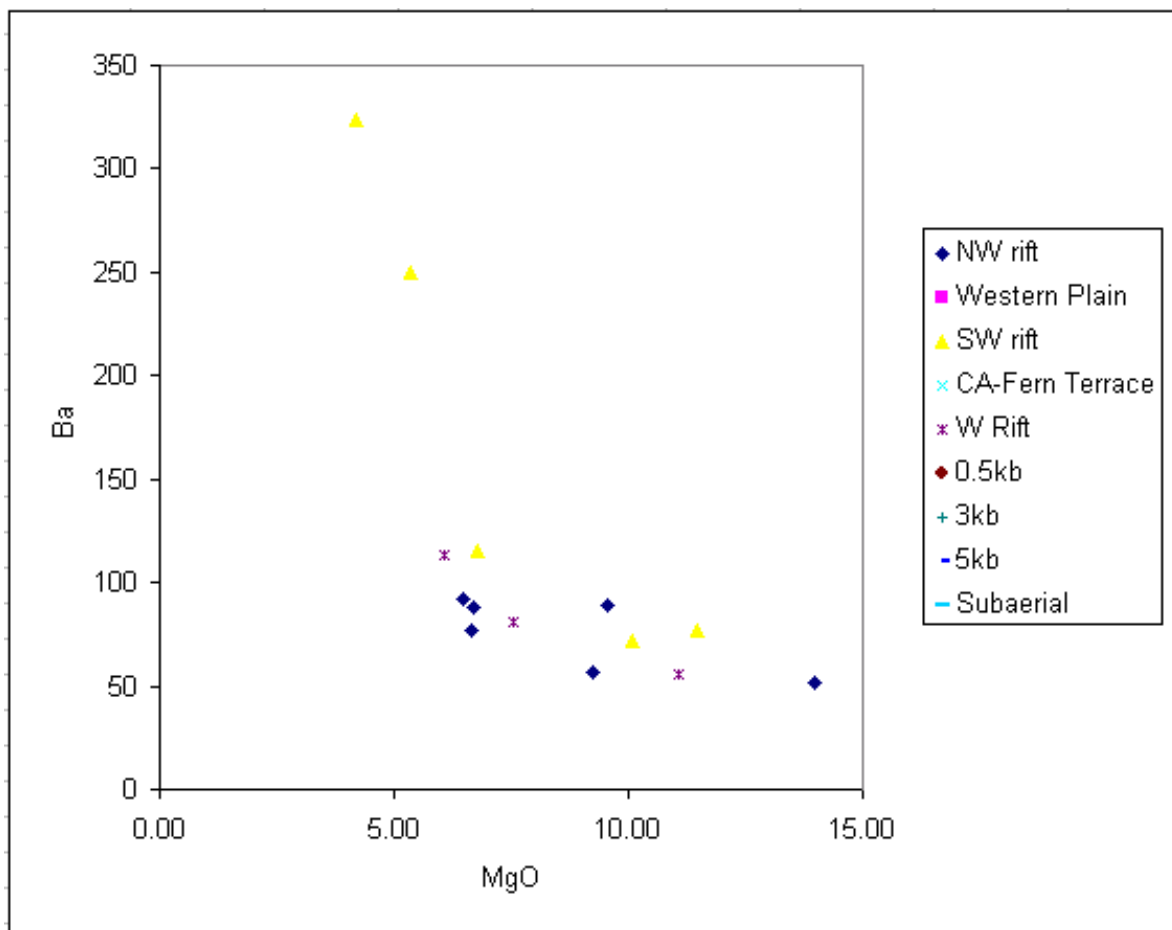
Format the TempX vs TempY chart



Copy the TempX vs TempY chart to another place, and run "Change XY" function



The result.



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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot** known problems: Empty cells when using "Multi-XY Plots"

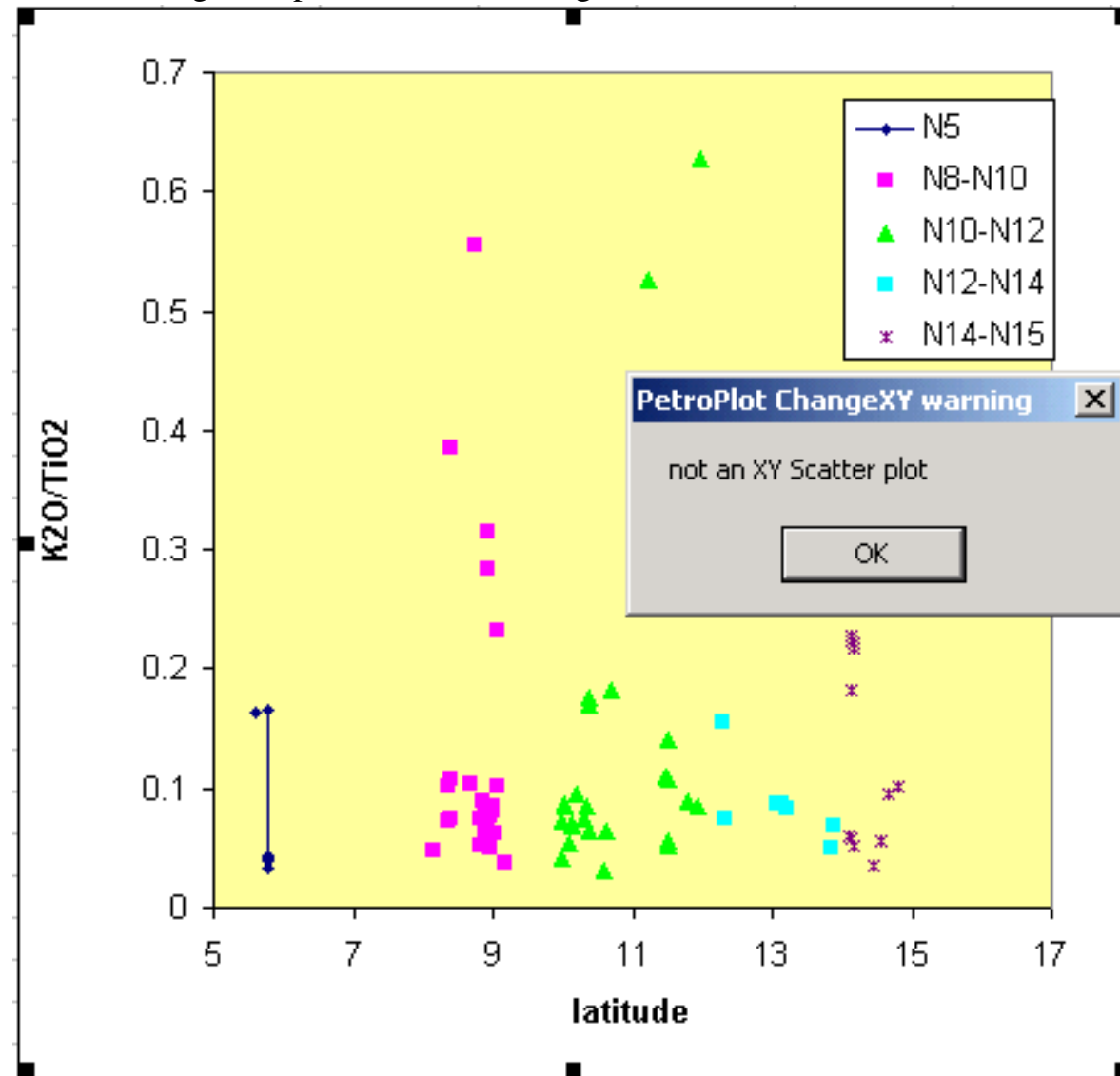
PetroPlot Known Problems

Chart type is not XY Scatter

Problem:

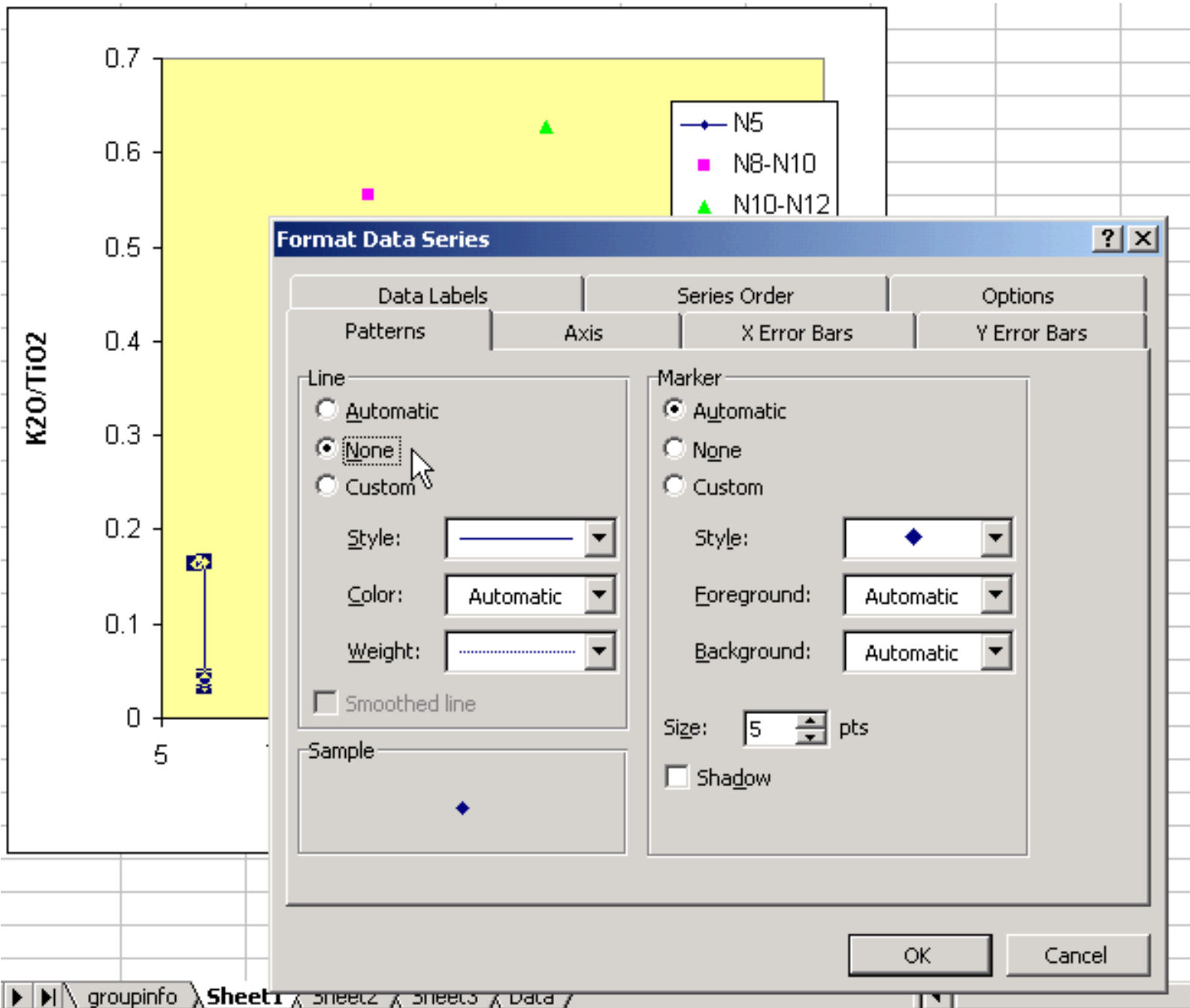
If you add lines to connect points on an XY chart, then the chart is not treated as XY Scatter any more.

The following example tries to run ChangeXY function.



Solution:

You need to re-format the series to get rid of the lines.



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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot known problems: Chart type is not XY Scatter**

PetroPlot Known Problems

A chart contains data from multiple files or sheets

Problem:

If an XY chart contains data from multiple files or sheets, PetroPlot ChangeXY or Add Data Label functions will not work for those series.

PetroPlot only changes series with data from the current workbook. All series need to come from the SAME SHEET.

Solution:

Keep all data for an XY Chart in a single worksheet.

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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot known problems: A chart contains data from multiple files or sheets**

PetroPlot Conventions

The following rules can help users to work more efficiently with PetroPlot functions.

1. A data sheet should be organized with rows corresponding to sample/analysis and columns representing categories (location, element, element ratio, etc). The first row should contain only header information (i.e. element names etc).
2. All sheet-mode functions except “Compile Rows” work on selected areas in the data sheet. In general, whole sheet, whole column or whole row selections should be avoided. The program works most efficiently if only the cells with data to be worked on are selected.
3. For “Multi XY Plots”, it is recommended that Series Names are stored in Column A, and Series Numbers are stored in Column B, as shown in the [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#) file.
4. To use PetroPlot “ChangeXY” function, data sources for all series in one chart must come from a single worksheet. Series with data from other files will NOT be updated to the new axes.
5. “Spider Diagram” function requires that "PetroPlotSpider.xls" is open.
6. Sample names should include a text string, and not be only numbers.
7. For the “Grouping” function, at least one group info sheet is needed (e.g. the groupinfo sheet in [PetroPlotExampleData.xls](#)) . There are no naming restrictions for group info sheets. A “-1” sign should be put in Column A after the last grouping record. No “-1” is needed in the header row.
8. To use the “Compile Rows” function, users should pre-sort the data sheet based on analytical quality. Make sure that better data appear first for a single sample.

If you think more or less rules should be listed here, please [contact me](#).

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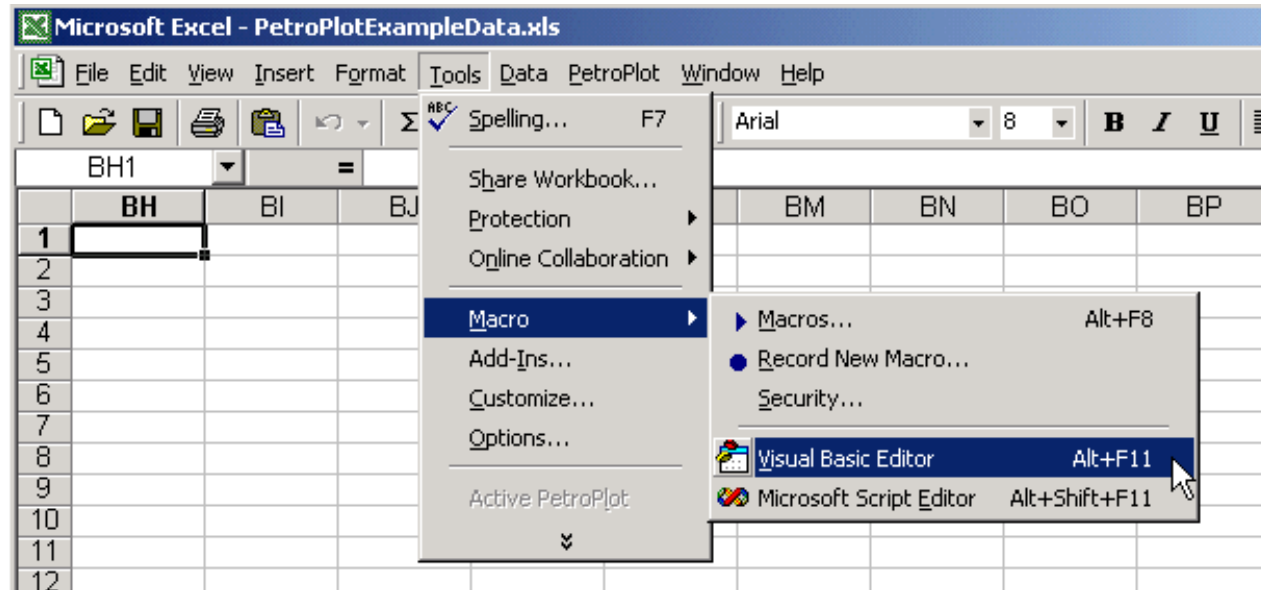
This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Conventions**

PetroPlot Tutorial

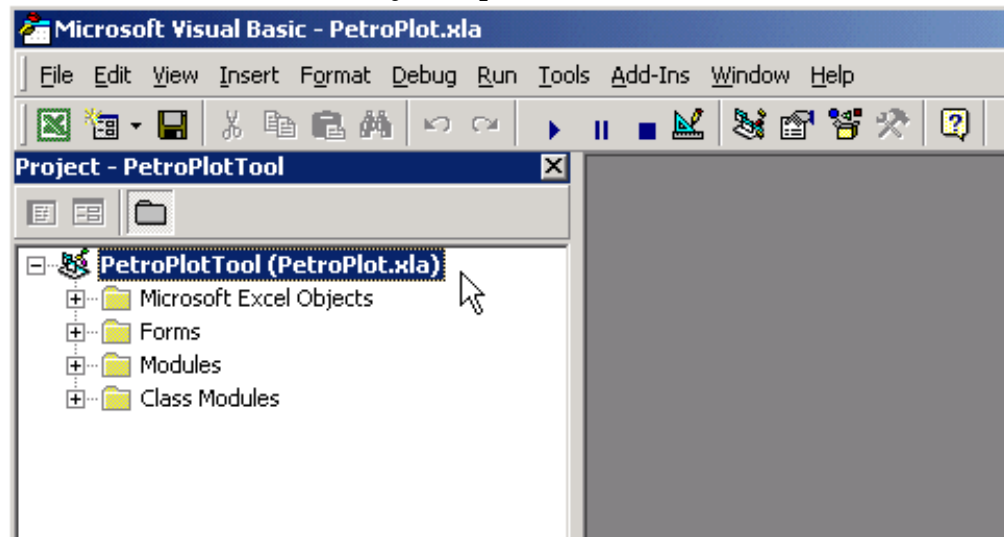
Using Visual Basic Editor

Activate Visual Basic Editor:

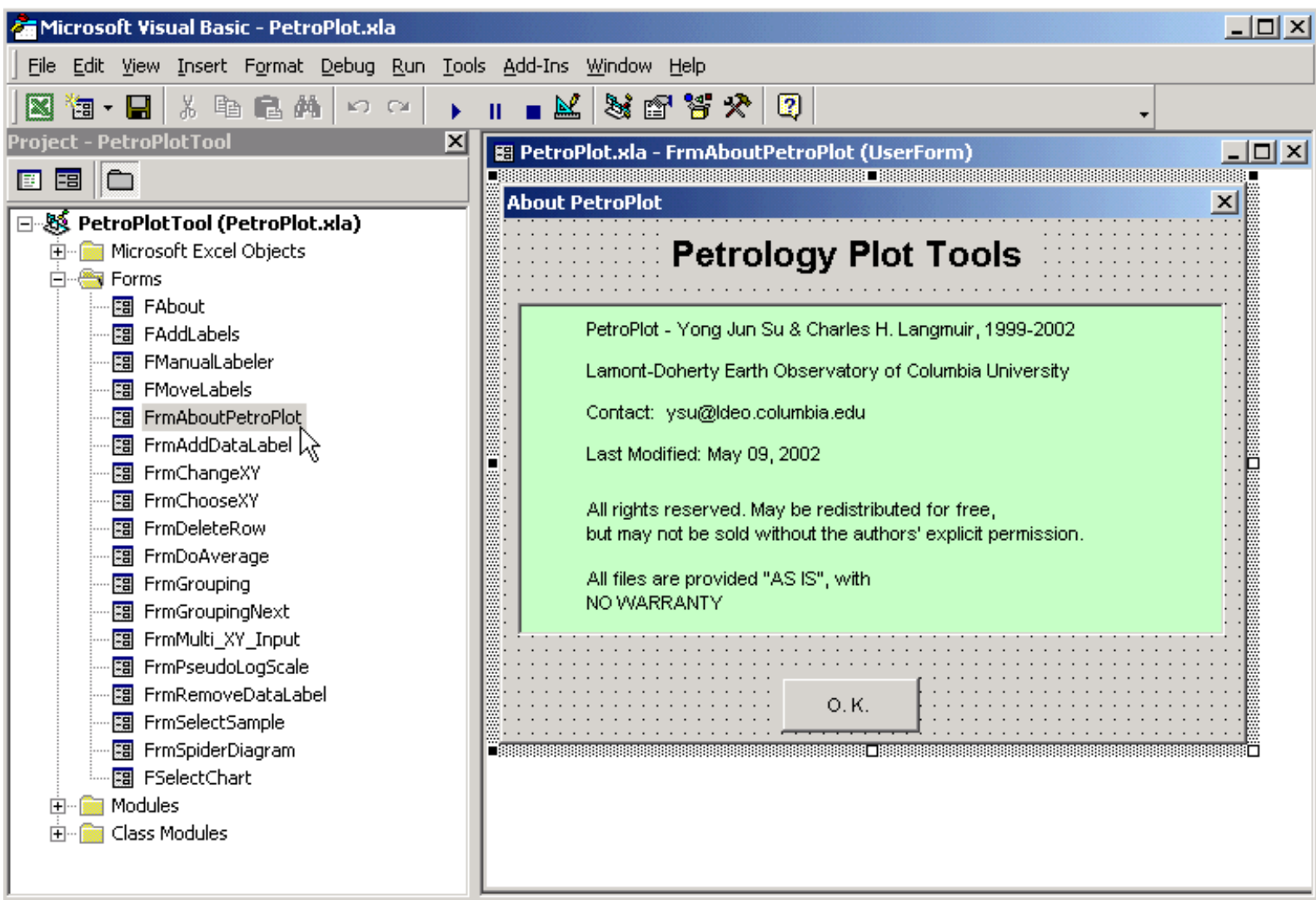
Click Tools --> Macro --> Visual Basic Editor



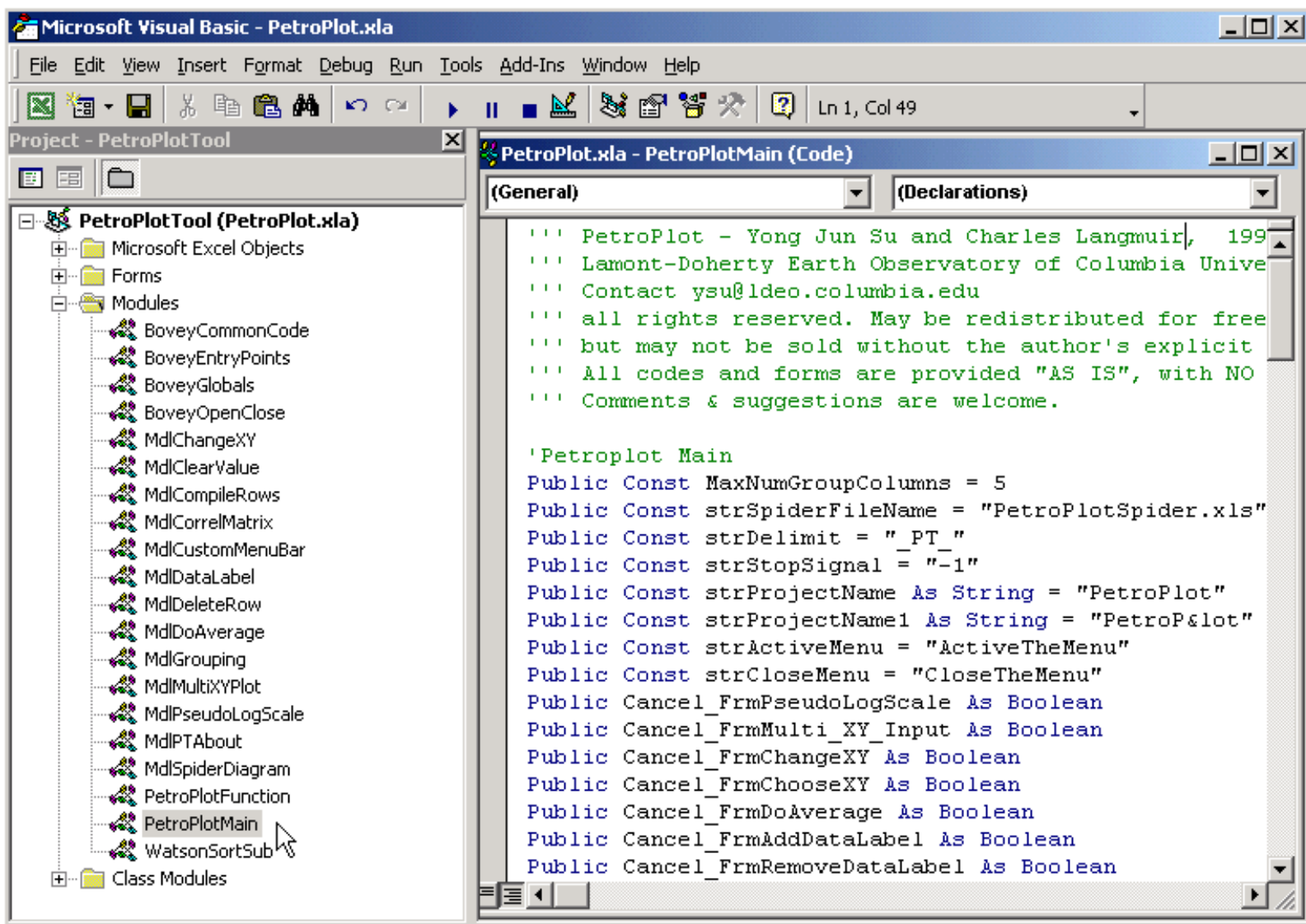
Locate the PetroPlot.xla in Project Explorer:



PetroPlot forms:



PetroPlot Modules:



You can [contact me](#) for more information.

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This line marks the end of **PetroPlot Tutorial: Using Visual Basic Editor**